



CHARITY VS JUSTICE

REBECCA NHEP

Assumptions about poverty

01

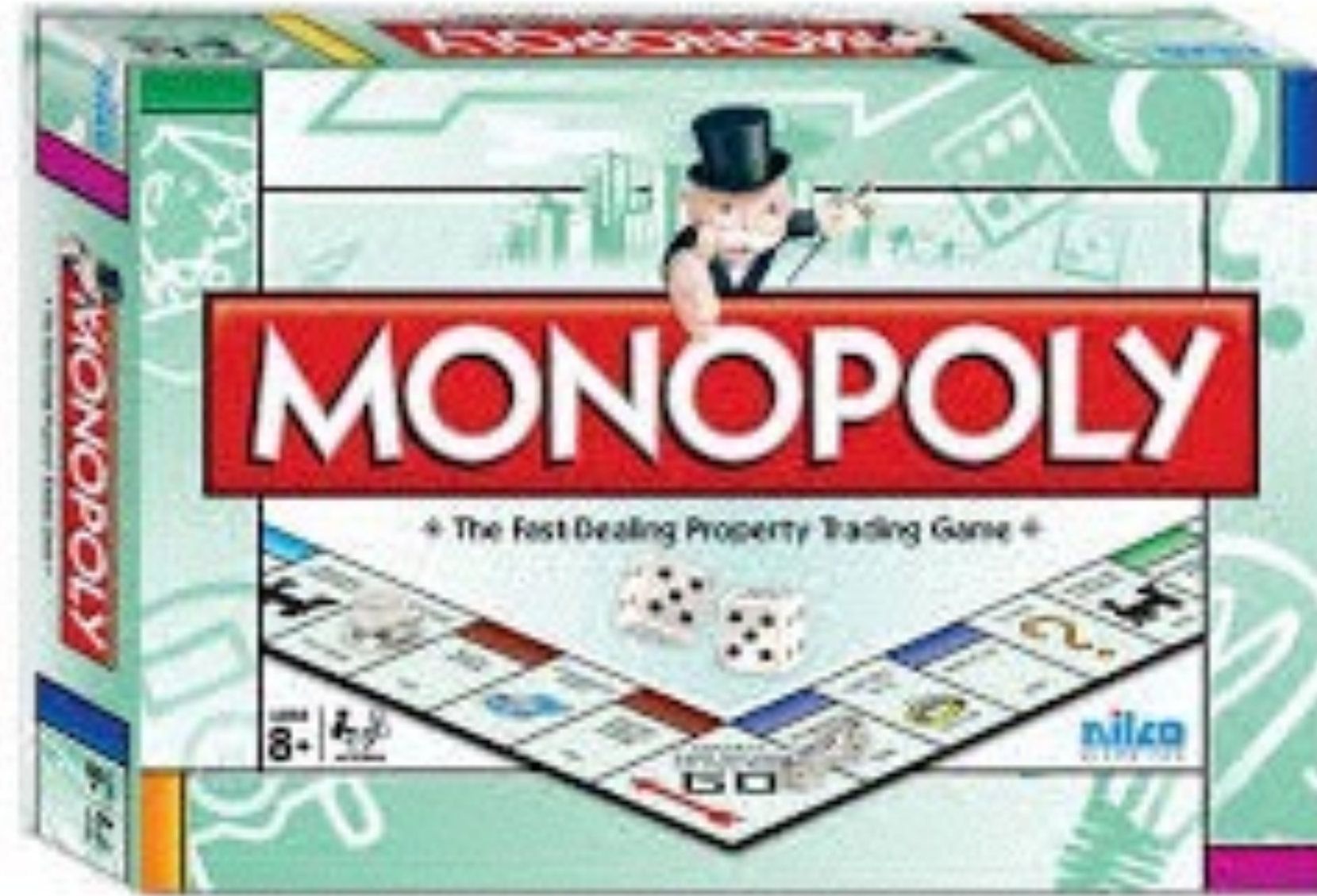
02

Poverty is primarily a
lack of resource

Poverty is a root
cause

*There is abundant food in the field of the poor,
but it is swept away by injustice*

Proverbs 13:23



It's Not Fair! Monopoly

10 players to a board. Each player takes a profile which details their situation, their assets, the amount of money they have and the rules that apply to them based on their social class throughout the game. The profiles are based on the 100 people in the world concept reduced to 10 people. Play will last for 30mins.



Activity



It's Not Fair Monopoly: Questions



01 **Whole group**
who was able to achieve upward social mobility?

02 **Whole Group**
What did the upper class have to do to win?

03 **Whole Group**
What would the poor have to do to win?

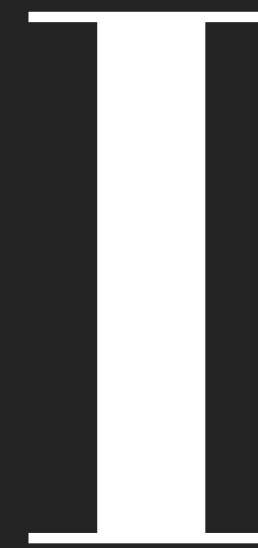
04 **Lower Class**
How did you feel playing this game?

05 **Lower Class**
Why didn't you become wealthy?

06 **Lower Class**
What kind of intervention would you want from someone outside your class?

Injustice starts with inequality

- Inequality is a false hierarchy of human worth based on social classifications
- Inequality in systems, structures and personal relationships result in poverty



Inequality





SOCIAL JUSTICE = STRUCTURAL JUSTICE
+ SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY



Structural Justice

What does it include?

- Fair, impartial, accessible structures and systems at all levels which uphold the rights and dignity of less powerful populations.
- Social protection mechanisms and social safety nets to protect vulnerable populations against the loss of dignity in times of crisis.

Deut 1:17 You shall not show partiality in judgement; you shall hear the small as well as the great.

Social Responsibility **What does it mean?**

- Meet the needs of others wherever, and in whomever we find them
- Tempering our self-interests to avoid harming others

Proverbs 16:8 *Better to have a little with righteousness than to have an abundant income without justice*

what is poverty video

Charity and Justice Comparison

Charity = social services	Justice = social change
Charity compensates	Justice overcomes
Charity addresses the symptoms	Justice attacks the roots
Charity is private individual acts	Justice is public and collective acts
Charity redistributes within hierarchy	Justice reinstates equality
Charity relieves the hardship	Justice frees the person
Charity constructs people as 'recipients in need'	Justice recognises people as 'holders of rights'
Charity is given discretionally to some	Justice is for all

Cross Cutting Issues

Gender disparity



Climate/
Environment



Disability Inclusion



Marginalisation



SJ

Social Justice

< 13 >

Social Justice Framework

- Fair structures and systems
- Adequate social safety nets and social protection
- Reciprocity and sharing of resource
- Ethical decisions and actions of the non-poor

