1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Rodolfo F. Ruiz (SBN 163877) E-mail: rruiz@vrlawyers.com David M. Gruen (SBN 260209) E-mail: dgruen@vrlawyers.com Aymara Ledezma (SBN 306017) E-mail: aledezma@vrlawyers.com VANDERFORD & RUIZ, LLP 221 E. Walnut Street, Suite 106 Pasadena, CA 91101-1554 Tel: (626) 405-8800 Fax: (626) 405-8868 Attorneys for Defendants/Cross-Defendants	[Exempt from filing fees per Gov. Code § 6103]	
8	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT, JOSE HUERTA and Defendant JOSE LOPEZ		
9	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
10	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES		
11			
12	CLAUDIA HERRERA, and CESAR	Case No. BC554552 (Lead Case)	
13	ORTIZ,	[Consolidated Case No. BC565439]	
14	Plaintiffs,	Assigned For All Purposes To: Judge: Hon. Teresa Beaudet	
15	V	Dept.: 50	
16	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT; JOSE HUERTA, JOSE	DEFENDANT/CROSS-DEFENDANT LOS	
17	LOPEZ and Does 1 to 20,	ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT'S NOTICE OF MOTION AND	
18	Defendants.	MOTION FOR CHANGE OF VENUE TO A COUNTY OTHER THAN THE COUNTY	
19		OF LOS ANGELES	
20 21		DATE: June 29, 2016 TIME: 8:30 am DEPT.: 50	
22		Reservation ID: 160331117289	
23		Action Filed: August 15, 2014	
24	AND CONSOLIDATED ACTION.	August 15, 2014	
25	111		
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28	111		
		- 1 -	

DEFENDANT/CROSS-DEFENDANT LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT'S MOTION FOR CHANGE OF VENUE TO A COUNTY OTHER THAN THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD HEREIN:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on June 29, 2016 at 8:30 a.m., or soon thereafter as the matter may be heard, in Department 50 of the above-captioned court, located at 111 N. Hill Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012, Defendant/Cross-Defendant Los Angeles Unified School District ("LAUSD") will and hereby does move for an order pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure Section 394 to transfer the venue of this action to a county other than the County of Los Angeles.

Code of Civil Procedure Section 394 states when a county, city, or local agency sues a city or local agency within the same county, the case must be transferred to a neutral county in which the city or local agency is not situated. *See City of Alameda v. Superior Court*, 42 Cal. App. 3d 312, 316 (1974). Here, the County of Los Angeles has filed a Cross-Complaint against LAUSD, a local agency. Therefore, LAUSD has the right to transfer venue to a neutral county outside of the County of Los Angeles.

This motion is based upon this notice; the memorandum of points and authorities served and filed herewith; on the papers and records on file herein; on such evidence or argument as may be presented at the hearing on the motion; and any other materials the Court deems fit to consider.

Dated: April 20, 2016

VANDERFORD & RUIZ, LLP

By:

Rodolfo F. Ruiz David M. Gruen Aymara Ledezma

Attorneys for Defendants/Cross-Defendants LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT, JOSE HUERTA and Defendant JOSE LOPEZ

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

On October 16, 2015, the County of Los Angeles (the "County") motioned for leave to file a Cross-Complaint in the instant action against Los Angeles Unified School District ("LAUSD"). The parties stipulated to the County's filing of the Cross-Complaint on March 9, 2016. Leave was granted on March 21, 2016. The County filed both its Cross-Complaint and First Amended Cross-Complaint on March 28, 2016. The County alleges six causes of action in its First Amended Cross-Complaint against LAUSD: 1) Declaratory Relief; 2) Reformation; 3) Express Indemnity; 4) Breach of Contract; 5) Promissory Estoppel in the Alternative; and 6) Intentional Misrepresentation.

LAUSD is entitled to a transfer of venue to a neutral county in which neither LAUSD nor the County are situated pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure Section 394. Accordingly, and respectfully, the Court must grant LAUSD's motion for change of venue.

II. <u>LEGAL STANDARD</u>

California Code of Civil Procedure, Section 394, subdivision (a) states, in part:

An action or proceeding against a county, or city and county, a city, or local agency, may be tried in the county, or city and county, or the county in which the city or local agency is situated, unless the action or proceeding is brought by a county or city and county, a city, or local agency, in which case it may be tried in any county, or city and county, not a party thereto and in which the city or local agency is not situated.

(emphasis added).

The California Court of Appeal has interpreted this language to mean when a city, county, or local agency sues another city or local agency within the same county, the case <u>cannot</u> be tried over one party's objection in that county. City of Alameda v. Superior Court, 42 Cal. App. 3d 312, 316 (1974) (holding that the combination of the permissive "may" in the first clause with the use of "unless" in the qualifying clause makes clear that when two local governmental bodies within the same county are adversaries, the case cannot be tried over objection in that county) (emphasis added).

School districts are local agencies within the meaning of Section 394. Marin Community College District v. Superior Court, 72 Cal. App.3d 719, 722 (1977) (holding that Section 394 is to be interpreted to avoid "absurd consequences," and therefore the Marin County Community College District is a "local agency within a certain county"). A neutral county is one other than where the plaintiff resides and other than where the defendant is situated. Cal. Civ. Proc. Code, § 394. The neutral county for transfer is selected by the trial court. Central Contra Costa Sanitary Dist. v. Superior Court, 84 Cal. App.3d 702, 706 (1978).

This action is subject to Section 394(a) because it involves an action (Cross-Complaint) by a County, the County of Los Angeles, against a local agency, Los Angeles Unified School District.

III. THE COURT MUST TRANSFER VENUE TO ANOTHER COUNTY

Transfer of venue is mandatory under Section 394(a). See Brennan v. Superior Court, 30 Cal. App. 4th 454 (1994); City of Alameda v. Superior Court, 42 Cal. App.3d 312, 316 (1974). As the Brennan court held, granting plaintiffs a peremptory writ after the trial court denied their motion for change of venue under Section 394(a):

"Section 394 requires a change of venue in actions where certain governmental entities are adversaries and either one objects to venue in the county where the defendant governmental entity resides, unless a jury is not of right or a jury is waived, in which case the court may, in lieu of transfer, request assignment of a disinterested judge from a neutral county. City of Alameda v. Superior Court, 42 Cal. App.3d 312, 316."

30 Cal. App. 4th at 457 (emphasis added). The rationale underlying 394(a) is to "obviate the appearance of prejudice as well as actual prejudice or bias." *Id.* at 317. The transfer option . . . allows a public entity to avoid "local bias" that "result [s] from citizens in the county perceiving the trial outcome as tied to their economic interests." Transamerica Homefirst, Inc. v. Superior Court, 69 Cal. App. 4th 577, 581 (1999).

In City of Alameda v. Superior Court, for example, the court held that a case consisting of the City of Alameda against the City of Oakland (both within Alameda County) must be transferred out of Alameda County to a neutral forum. 42 Cal. App.3d at 316. The court reasoned

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that "a transfer of the case out of the county, or bringing in a neutral judge would avoid the appearance of prejudice to either city." *Id*.

Likewise, the adversaries in this case, LAUSD and the County, are both public entities associated with the County of Los Angeles. LAUSD's opponent in this case is not just any local agency within the County of Los Angeles, but the County itself. LAUSD would suffer bias if the case were tried in the County of Los Angeles as jury members could reason an unfavorable outcome for the County as being against their own economic interests. Additionally, LAUSD would suffer prejudice as even the appearance of bias, whether in favor of or against LAUSD, will call into question the fairness and validity of any verdict. As it did in *Alameda*, transferring the instant action from the County of Los Angeles to a neutral county would avoid the appearance of prejudice to either party. Further, the instant action is one in which both parties have a right to a jury trial making the only option here a transfer to a neutral forum.

IV. THIS ACTION MEETS THE PREREQUISITES FOR MANDATORY TRANSFER OF VENUE UNDER SECTION 394(a)

This action falls under Section 394(a) because it is an action by a county (the County of Los Angeles) against a local agency (LAUSD). LAUSD, as a school district, is considered a local agency for the purposes of Section 394. See Marin Community College District, 72 Cal. App.3d at 722. In order to invoke a change of venue under the statute, it is necessary that the action first be brought in the county where venue originally lies. County of San Bernardino v. Superior Court, 30 Cal. App. 4th 378, 388-389 (1994). This action was commenced in the County of Los Angeles, where venue was initially proper. See Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 395(a).

Additionally, although the words cross-complainant and cross-defendant are not used in the statute, Section 394(a) necessarily applies to cross-defendants. *Ohio Casualty Ins. Group v. Superior Court*, 30 Cal. App. 4th 444, 449 (1994). If one defendant has established a right to transfer under Section 394(a), the transfer applies to the entire case in order to avoid multiplicity of lawsuits. *Westinghouse Electric Corp. v. Superior Court*, 17 Cal.3d 259, 275 (1976). LAUSD is a cross-defendant in the instant action and has established that transfer of venue is required

1	under Section 394(a). Therefore, pursuant to Section 394(a), this Court, respectfully, mu	
2	transfer this action to a neutral county.	
3	V. <u>CONCLUSION</u>	
4	For the reasons set forth above, the Court, respectfully, must grant defendant/	cross-
5	defendant LAUSD's motion for change of venue to a neutral county under Code of	Civil
6	Procedure Section 394.	
7		
8	Dated: April 20, 2016 VANDERFORD & RUIZ, LLP	
9		
10	By: Rodolfo F. Ruiz	
11	David M. Gruen	
12	recome y s for Defendants, cross Defendants	
13	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRIC JOSE HUERTA and Defendant JOSE LOPEZ	CT,
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PROOF OF SERVICE

Claudia Herrera and Cesar Ortiz v. LAUSD; Case No.: BC554552

I am a citizen of the United States and employed in Los Angeles County, California. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within-entitled action. My business address is 221 E. Walnut Street, Suite 106, Pasadena, CA 91101. On April 20, 2016, I served a copy of the within document(s) entitled:

DEFENDANT LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT'S NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION FOR CHANGE OF VENUE TO A COUNTY OTHER THAN THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail at Pasadena, California addressed as set forth below.

Luis A. Carrillo, Esq. Michael S. Carrillo, Esq. The Law Offices of Luis Carrillo 1499 Huntington Drive, Suite 402 South Pasadena, CA 91030 T: (626) 799-9375 F: (626) 799-9380 Paul B. Beach
Lawrence Beach Allen & Choi PC
100 W. Broadway, Suite 1200
Glendale, CA 91210-1219
T: (818) 545-1925
F: (818) 545-1937
Email: pbeach@lbaclaw.com

I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct. Executed on April 20, 2016, at Pasadena, California.

Diane Yee

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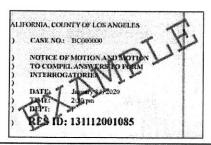
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CRS RECEIPT

INSTRUCTIONS

Please print this receipt and attach it to the corresponding motion/document as the last page. Indicate the Reservation ID on the motion/document face page (see example). The document will not be accepted without this receipt page and the Reservation ID.



RESERVATION INFORMATION

Reservation ID:

160331117289

Transaction Date:

March 31, 2016 2:09 PM

Case Number:

BC554552

Case Title:

CLAUDIA HERRERA ET AL VS LA UNIFIED SCHOOL DIST ET AL

LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT (Defendant/Respondent)

Courthouse: Department:

Stanley Mosk Courthouse

50

Reservation Type:

Motion for Change of Venue

Date: Time:

Party:

6/29/2016 08:30 am

FEE INFORMATION (Fees are non-refundable)

First Paper Fee:

Party asserts first paper was previously paid.

Description	Fee
Motion for Change of Venue	\$60.00
Total Fees:	\$60.00

PAYMENT INFORMATION

Special Condition:

NO FEE REQUIRED - Gov. Code, § 6103

The reserving party asserts they are filing on behalf of government agency Los Angeles Unified School District. (Validity must be confirmed at the time of filing the motion/document. Document must include required Government Agency language on face page.)

Waived fees are recoverable (plus a one-time administrative fee upon judgment if the party becomes a judgment creditor).

A COPY OF THIS RECEIPT MUST BE ATTACHED TO THE CORRESPONDING MOTION/DOCUMENT AS THE LAST PAGE AND THE RESERVATION ID INDICATED ON THE MOTION/DOCUMENT FACE PAGE.