

Two Approaches to Economic Development

Drivers	Community Wealth Building	Traditional Approach
 <p>Place</p>	<p>Develops under-utilized local assets of many kinds, for benefit of local residents.</p>	<p>Aims to attract firms using incentives, which increases the tax burden on local residents.</p>
 <p>Ownership</p>	<p>Promotes local, broad-based ownership as the foundation of a thriving local economy.</p>	<p>Supports absentee and elite ownership, often harming locally owned family firms.</p>
 <p>Multipliers</p>	<p>Encourages institutional buy-local strategies to keep money circulating locally.</p>	<p>Pays less attention to whether money is leaking out of community.</p>
 <p>Collaboration</p>	<p>Brings many players to the table: nonprofits, philanthropy, anchors, and cities.</p>	<p>Decision-making led primarily by government and private sector, excluding local residents.</p>
 <p>Inclusion</p>	<p>Aims to create inclusive, living wage jobs that help all families enjoy economic security.</p>	<p>Key metric is number of jobs created, with little regard for wages or who is hired.</p>
 <p>Workforce</p>	<p>Links training to employment and focuses on jobs for those with barriers to employment.</p>	<p>Relies on generalized training programs without focus on linkages to actual jobs.</p>
 <p>System</p>	<p>Develops institutions and supportive ecosystems to create a new normal of economic activity.</p>	<p>Accepts status quo of wealth inequality, hoping benefits trickle down.</p>