



Alberta Provincial
Electoral Divisions

Calgary-Bow

Compiled from the 2016 Census of Canada

Introduction

The following report produced by the Office of Statistics and Information presents a statistical profile for the Provincial Electoral Division (PED) of Calgary-Bow. A PED is a territorial unit represented by an elected Member to serve in the Alberta Provincial Legislative Assembly. This profile is based on the electoral boundaries that will be in effect for the 2019 Provincial General Election.

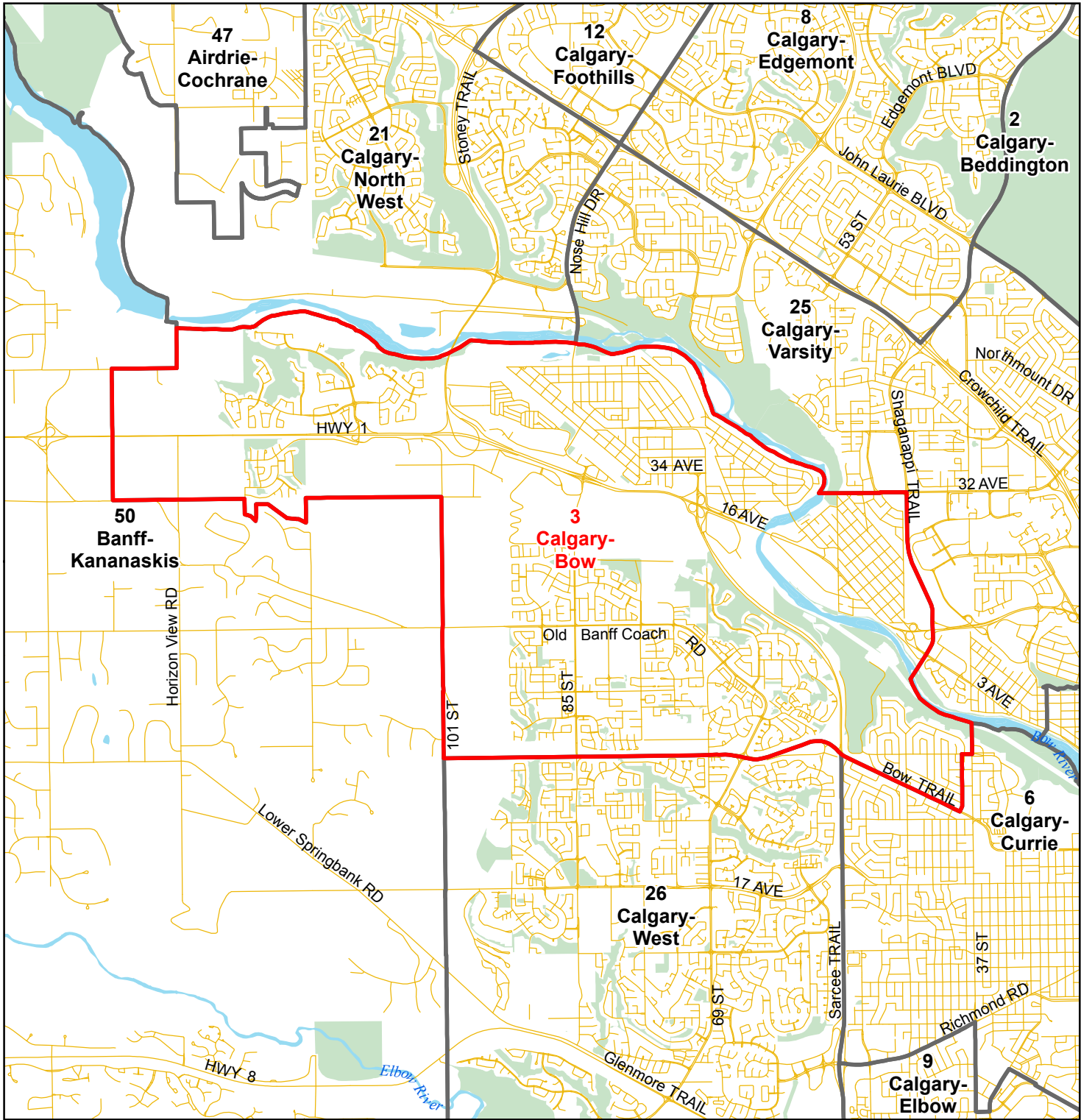
General characteristics of the PED of Calgary-Bow are described with statistics from the 2016 Census of Canada, including: age, sex, marital status, household types, language, Aboriginal identity, citizenship, ethnic origin, place of birth, visible minorities, mobility, dwellings, education, labour force and income.

Users are advised to refer to the endnotes of this profile for further information regarding data quality and definitions.

Should you have any questions or require additional information, please contact:



Ryan Mazan

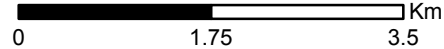
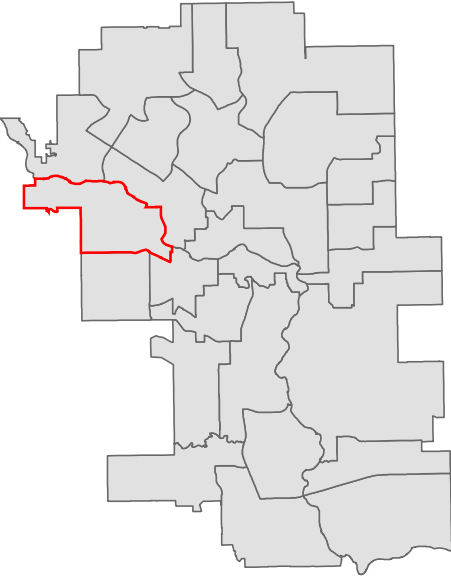
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Calgary-Bow

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Sources: Provincial Electoral Division, Elections Alberta (in Effect for the 2019 Provincial General Election); BaseMap, Esri's World Street Map

Provincial Electoral Division of Calgary-Bow*

Population**

Total population	51,150	
Males	25,155	49.2%
Females	26,000	50.8%

Age Groups**

0-4 years	3,330	6.5%
5-17 years	8,645	16.9%
18-24 years	3,775	7.4%
25-44 years	15,550	30.4%
45-64 years	14,065	27.5%
65 years and over	5,790	11.3%

Legal Marital Status**

Total population 15 years and over by Marital Status⁽¹⁾	40,805	
Single (never legally married)	10,640	26.1%
Legally Married (and not separated)	21,010	51.5%
Separated (but not divorced)	935	2.3%
Divorced	2,770	6.8%
Widowed	1,595	3.9%
Common-law	3,860	9.5%

Household Type**

Total Private households by household type	19,540	
One-census-family households	13,590	69.5%
Multiple-census-family households	285	1.5%
Non-census family households	5,665	29.0%
One-person households	4,600	23.5%
Two-or-more person non-census family households	1,065	5.5%

Population by Household Type**

Number of persons in private households	50,390	
Number of persons in census families	42,210	
Total number of non-family persons in private households	8,180	
Males not in census families	3,955	48.3%
Females not in census families	4,225	51.7%
Average household size	2.6	

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Family Structure**

Total number of census families in private households⁽²⁾	14,165	
Total couple families by family structure	12,180	86.0%
Married couples	10,250	72.4%
Common-law couples ⁽¹⁾	1,930	13.6%
Couples without children	5,200	36.7%
Couples with children	6,985	49.3%
1 child	2,550	18.0%
2 children	3,200	22.6%
3 or more children	1,225	8.6%
Total lone-parent families	1,985	14.0%
1 child	1,260	8.9%
2 children	565	4.0%
3 or more children	160	1.1%
Lone parent female headed	1,550	10.9%
Lone parent male headed	435	3.1%
Average family size	3.0	

Home Language^{(3)**}

Single responses	48,535	95.5%
English	43,045	88.7%
French	420	0.9%
Non-official languages	5,070	10.4%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	400	0.8%
Punjabi (Panjabi)	120	0.2%
Cantonese	310	0.6%
Mandarin	510	1.1%
German	75	0.2%
Spanish	790	1.6%
Multiple responses	2,275	4.5%

Knowledge of Official Languages^{(4)**}

English only	45,365	89.3%
French only	40	0.1%
English and French	4,945	9.7%
Neither English nor French	460	0.9%

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Aboriginal Identity Population^{(5)***}

Total Population	51,150	
Non-Aboriginal Population	48,200	94.2%
Total Aboriginal Population	1,785	3.5%
Single Aboriginal responses ⁽⁶⁾	1,760	98.6%
First Nations (North American Indian)	720	40.3%
Métis	1,035	58.0%
Inuit	10	0.6%
Multiple Aboriginal responses ⁽⁷⁾	10	0.6%
Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere ⁽⁸⁾	15	0.8%

Citizenship***

Total population in private households by citizenship	49,985	
Canadian citizens⁽⁹⁾	46,080	92.2%
Canadian citizens under age 18	11,075	24.0%
Canadian citizens aged 18 and over	35,005	76.0%
Not Canadian citizens	3,905	7.8%

Immigrant Population by Period of Immigration***

Total Population by Immigrant Status	49,985	
Non-immigrant population⁽¹⁰⁾	37,315	74.7%
Immigrant population⁽¹¹⁾	11,790	23.6%
Period of Immigration:		
Before 1981	2,700	22.9%
1981 to 1990	1,165	9.9%
1991 to 2000	1,930	16.4%
2001 to 2010	3,640	30.9%
2001 to 2005	1,575	13.4%
2006 to 2010	2,070	17.6%
2011 to 2016	2,355	20.0%
Non-permanent residents⁽¹²⁾	880	1.8%

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Place of Birth***

Total immigrant population by selected places of birth	11,790	
Americas	1,885	16.0%
Europe	3,390	28.8%
Africa	1,200	10.2%
Asia and the Middle East	5,185	44.0%
Oceania and other places of birth ⁽¹³⁾	135	1.1%

Visible Minorities⁽¹⁴⁾***

Total Population by Visible Minority	49,985	
Not a visible minority	38,070	76.2%
Visible minority population	11,920	23.8%
South Asian	2,260	19.0%
Chinese	2,410	20.2%
Black	1,415	11.9%
Filipino	1,610	13.5%
Latin American	1,005	8.4%
Arab	695	5.8%
Southeast Asian	470	3.9%
West Asian	610	5.1%
Korean	675	5.7%
Japanese	180	1.5%
Visible minority, n.i.e.	185	1.6%
Multiple visible minorities	400	3.4%

Ethnic Origin^{(15)(16)***}

Total Population in Private Households by Ethnic Origins	49,985	
North American Aboriginal origins	2,235	4.5%
Other North American origins (e.g., Canadian, American, Acadian)	11,470	22.9%
European origins	34,475	69.0%
British Isles origins	22,075	44.2%
French origins	5,400	10.8%
Western European origins (except French origins)	11,180	22.4%
German	8,405	16.8%
Northern European origins (except British Isles origins)	4,220	8.4%
Eastern European origins	8,600	17.2%
Ukrainian	3,785	7.6%
Southern European origins	3,965	7.9%
Other European origins	360	0.7%
Caribbean origins	375	0.8%
Latin, Central and South American origins	1,395	2.8%
African origins	1,670	3.3%
Central and West African origins	675	1.4%
North African origins	255	0.5%
Southern and East African origins	510	1.0%
Other African origins	335	0.7%
Asian origins	9,725	19.5%
West Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins	1,725	3.5%
Lebanese	320	0.6%
South Asian origins	2,300	4.6%
East Indian	1,695	3.4%
Pakistani	410	0.8%
East and Southeast Asian origins	5,755	11.5%
Chinese	2,815	5.6%
Filipino	1,695	3.4%
Vietnamese	345	0.7%
Other Asian origins	65	0.1%
Oceania origins	260	0.5%

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Mobility Status***

Total Population by Mobility status 1 year ago⁽¹⁷⁾	49,385	
Non-movers	42,950	87.0%
Movers	6,435	13.0%
Non-migrants	4,920	10.0%
Migrants	1,520	3.1%
Internal migrants	960	1.9%
Intraprovincial migrants	545	1.1%
Interprovincial migrants	420	0.9%
External migrants	550	1.1%
Total Population by Mobility status 5 years ago⁽¹⁸⁾	46,630	
Non-movers	26,010	55.8%
Movers	20,625	44.2%
Non-migrants	13,600	29.2%
Migrants	7,025	15.1%
Internal migrants	4,500	9.7%
Intraprovincial migrants	1,990	4.3%
Interprovincial migrants	2,510	5.4%
External migrants	2,525	5.4%

Dwelling Type**

Total occupied private dwellings	19,535	
Single-detached house	11,570	59.2%
Semi-detached house	1,740	8.9%
Row house	2,355	12.1%
Apartment or flat in a duplex	650	3.3%
Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys	295	1.5%
Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys	2,455	12.6%
Other single-attached house	5	0.0%
Movable dwelling ⁽¹⁹⁾	475	2.4%

Dwelling Tenure and Characteristics***

Owner	14,970	76.8%
Renter	4,520	23.2%
Band housing	0	0.0%
Median value of dwellings (\$)	\$550,317	
Average number of rooms per dwelling	6.7	

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Dwellings by Need of Repair***

Only regular maintenance or minor repairs needed	18,610	95.5%
Major repairs needed	880	4.5%

Dwellings by Period of Construction***

Total number of occupied private dwellings by period of construction	19,490	
1960 or before	2,935	15.1%
1961 to 1980	4,315	22.1%
1981 to 1990	1,855	9.5%
1991 to 2000	2,830	14.5%
2001 to 2005	3,920	20.1%
2006 to 2010	1,960	10.1%
2011 to 2016	1,670	8.6%

Dwelling Costs by Tenure***

Total non-farm, non-reserve occupied private dwellings	19,390
Number of tenant households in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings	4,515
Median monthly shelter costs for rented dwellings (\$) ⁽²⁰⁾	\$1,299
% of tenant households spending 30% or more of total income on shelter costs	36.1%
Number of owner households in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings	14,970
Median monthly shelter costs for owned dwellings (\$) ⁽²¹⁾	\$1,693
% of owner households spending 30% or more of total income on shelter costs	15.3%

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Highest Level of Schooling^{(22)***}

Total population 25 to 64 years	29,245	
No certificate, diploma or degree	1,730	5.9%
Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate⁽²³⁾	5,190	17.7%
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	22,325	76.3%
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	1,840	6.3%
Trades certificate or diploma other than Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification ⁽²⁴⁾	595	2.0%
Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification ⁽²⁵⁾	1,245	4.3%
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	5,590	19.1%
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	1,135	3.9%
University certificate, diploma or degree at bachelor level or above	13,760	47.1%
Bachelor's degree	9,205	31.5%
University certificate or diploma above bachelor level	715	2.4%
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry	410	1.4%
Master's degree	2,905	9.9%
Earned doctorate	530	1.8%

Postsecondary Qualifications, Field of Study^{(26)***}

Total population 25 to 64 years	29,250	
Education	1,305	3.3%
Visual and performing arts & communications technologies	660	1.7%
Humanities	885	2.2%
Social and behavioural sciences and law	2,790	7.0%
Business, management and public administration	5,660	14.2%
Physical and life sciences and technologies	1,235	3.1%
Mathematics, computer and information sciences	840	2.1%
Architecture, engineering, and related technologies	4,700	11.8%
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	350	0.9%
Health and related fields	3,180	8.0%
Personal, protective and transportation services	725	1.8%
Other fields of study	0	0.0%
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	6,920	17.4%

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Labour Force Status^{(27)***}

Total population 15 years and over	39,845		
In the labour force	28,960	Participation Rate	72.7%
Employed	26,225	Employment Rate	65.8%
Unemployed	2,730	Unemployment Rate	9.4%
Not in the labour force	10,880		
Males - 15 years and over	19,470		
In the labour force	15,090	Participation Rate	77.5%
Employed	13,515	Employment Rate	69.4%
Unemployed	1,570	Unemployment Rate	10.4%
Not in the labour force	4,380		
Females - 15 years and over	20,370		
In the labour force	13,870	Participation Rate	68.1%
Employed	12,710	Employment Rate	62.4%
Unemployed	1,160	Unemployment Rate	8.4%
Not in the labour force	6,500		

Labour Force by Sex and Class of Worker***

Males - All classes of workers	15,090	52.1%
Employee	12,300	42.5%
Self-employed ⁽²⁸⁾	2,525	8.7%
Class of worker - not applicable ⁽²⁹⁾	260	0.9%
Females - All classes of workers	13,870	47.9%
Employee	12,055	41.6%
Self-employed	1,510	5.2%
Class of worker - not applicable	305	1.1%

Labour Force by Major Occupation Groups (NOC 2016)^{(30)***}

Total experienced labour force 15 years and over	28,960	
Males - All occupations	15,090	52.1%
Management occupations	2,595	9.0%
Business, finance and administration occupations	1,600	5.5%
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	2,635	9.1%
Health occupations	420	1.5%
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services	1,150	4.0%
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	425	1.5%
Sales and service occupations	2,555	8.8%
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	2,855	9.9%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	310	1.1%
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	285	1.0%
Occupation - not applicable	255	0.9%
Females - All occupations	13,870	47.9%
Management occupations	1,350	4.7%
Business, finance and administration occupations	3,520	12.2%
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	825	2.8%
Health occupations	1,690	5.8%
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services	2,485	8.6%
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	535	1.8%
Sales and service occupations	2,830	9.8%
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	165	0.6%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	85	0.3%
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	75	0.3%
Occupation - not applicable	305	1.1%

Labour Force by Industry (NAICS 2012)^{(31)***}

Total experienced labour force 15 years and over	28,960	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	95	0.3%
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	2,420	8.4%
Utilities	425	1.5%
Construction	2,460	8.5%
Manufacturing	1,025	3.5%
Wholesale trade	845	2.9%
Retail trade	2,670	9.2%
Transportation and warehousing	960	3.3%
Information and cultural industries	550	1.9%
Finance and insurance	1,110	3.8%
Real estate and rental and leasing	580	2.0%
Professional, scientific and technical services	3,680	12.7%
Management of companies and enterprises	220	0.8%
Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services	1,090	3.8%
Educational services	2,425	8.4%
Health care and social assistance	3,350	11.6%
Arts, entertainment and recreation	665	2.3%
Accommodation and food services	1,535	5.3%
Other services (except public administration)	1,220	4.2%
Public administration	1,065	3.7%
Industry - not applicable	565	2.0%

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Labour Force by Sex and Place of Work***

Total employed labour force 15 years and over	26,225	
Males in employed labour force	13,515	51.5%
Worked at usual place	9,835	37.5%
Worked at home	1,265	4.8%
Worked outside Canada	130	0.5%
No fixed workplace address	2,280	8.7%
Females in employed labour force	12,710	48.5%
Worked at usual place	10,600	40.4%
Worked at home	1,250	4.8%
Worked outside Canada	25	0.1%
No fixed workplace address	825	3.1%

Employed Labour Force by Mode of Transportation^{(32)***}

Main mode of commuting for the employed labour force in private households	23,555	
Car, truck, van - as a driver	17,740	75.3%
Car, truck, van - as a passenger	1,420	6.0%
Public transit	2,905	12.3%
Walked	540	2.3%
Bicycle	565	2.4%
Other method	385	1.6%

Employment Income (2015) by Sex and Work Activity^{(33)***^}

Population aged 15 years and over who worked full year, full time and with employment income in 2015	14,430
Median employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$)	\$78,603
Males Employed - 15 years and over	8,055
Median male employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers(\$)	\$90,046
Females Employed - 15 years and over	6,375
Median female employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$)	\$67,196

Total Income (2015) by Sex^{(34)*^}**

Total population 15 years and over with income	38,065	
Males 15 years and over with total income	18,555	48.7%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	1,855	4.9%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	1,630	4.3%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	1,595	4.2%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1,480	3.9%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	1,305	3.4%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1,230	3.2%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	1,105	2.9%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	945	2.5%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	940	2.5%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	695	1.8%
\$100,000 and over	5,780	15.2%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	2,460	6.5%
\$150,000 and over	3,320	8.7%
Median total income (\$)	\$61,494	
Females 15 years and over with total income	19,510	51.3%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	3,155	8.3%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	2,415	6.3%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	2,445	6.4%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1,645	4.3%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	1,685	4.4%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1,385	3.6%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	1,205	3.2%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	920	2.4%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	885	2.3%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	715	1.9%
\$100,000 and over	3,065	8.1%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,845	4.8%
\$150,000 and over	1,220	3.2%
Median total income (\$)	\$40,657	

Household Income (2015)^{(35)***^}

Total private households	19,490	
Under \$5,000	300	1.5%
\$5,000 to \$9,999	155	0.8%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	205	1.1%
\$15,000 to \$19,999	355	1.8%
\$20,000 to \$24,999	640	3.3%
\$25,000 to \$29,999	435	2.2%
\$30,000 to \$34,999	395	2.0%
\$35,000 to \$39,999	520	2.7%
\$40,000 to \$44,999	520	2.6%
\$45,000 to \$49,999	505	2.6%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1,070	5.5%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	985	5.1%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	910	4.7%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	955	4.9%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	955	4.9%
\$100,000 and over	10,585	54.3%
\$100,000 to \$124,999	2,045	10.5%
\$125,000 to \$149,999	1,565	8.0%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	2,510	12.9%
\$200,000 and over	4,475	23.0%
Median household income (\$)	\$109,092	

Economic Family Income (2015)^{(36)*^}**

Total number of economic families	14,065
Median family income (\$)	\$137,130
Couple families	4,860
Median family income (\$)	\$119,004
Couple-with-children economic families	6,970
Median family income (\$)	\$174,652
Lone-parent economic families	1,845
Median family income (\$)	\$69,062

Incidence of Low Income in 2015 on after-tax low-income measure (LIM-AT) ^{(37)*^}**

Population in Low Income⁽³⁸⁾	3,880	7.8%
Aged 0 to 17 years	1,140	9.7%
Aged 0 to 5 years	395	9.8%
Aged 18 to 64 years	2,280	7.0%
Aged 65 years and over	455	8.7%
Males in Low Income	1,850	7.5%
Females in Low Income	2,025	8.0%

Endnotes:

The global non-response rate (GNR) for Calgary-Bow is 3.5%. The GNR combines both complete non-response (household) and partial non-response (question) into a single rate. The GNR is an indication of data quality, where a smaller GNR suggests greater accuracy and a lower risk of non-response bias. When the GNR is 50% or above, the data are suppressed. The GNR is identified for each region. A higher GNR indicates the need for user caution.

Data in this report have been specially tabulated from the Statistics Canada 2016 Census of Canada, by allocation of the Statistics Canada block face reference points to PEDs

^ Income statistics presented in this report are based on 25% sample data from 2016 Census. Statistics Canada has also released income data using a 100% sample, as such, Alberta income statistics in this report may not match data presented elsewhere. Income statistics from the 100% sample was not available at the PED level at the time of publication.

* Totals may not add to 100% due to random rounding.

** 100% Data

*** 25% Sample Data

- (1) All persons under the age of 15 years are considered 'never married' and not living common-law.
- (2) Census family is defined as a married couple and the children, if any, of either and/or both spouses; a couple living common law and the children, if any, of either and/or both partners; or a lone parent of any marital status with at least one child living in the same dwelling and that child or those children. All members of a particular census family live in the same dwelling. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. Children may be children by birth, marriage, common-law union or adoption regardless of their age or marital status as long as they live in the dwelling and do not have their own married spouse, common-law partner or child living in the dwelling. Grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present also constitute a census family.
- (3) Language spoken most often at home at the time of the Census. More than one language can be reported if the languages are spoken equally often. Caution is advised when using for historical comparability purposes.
- (4) Refers to whether a person can conduct a conversation in the language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages the child is learning.
- (5) Includes persons who reported being an Aboriginal person (First Nations/North American Indian, Métis or Inuk/Inuit) and/or having Registered or Treaty Indian status, and/or membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Estimates associated with this variable are most affected by the incomplete enumeration of Indian reserves or settlements. Permission for enumeration was not given for Saddle Lake 125, and data is not available for this region.
- (6) Includes persons who indicated only one Aboriginal group (i.e. First Nations, Metis or Inuit).
- (7) Includes persons who indicated any two or all three of First Nations, Metis or Inuit.
- (8) Includes persons who are not First Nations, Metis or Inuit, but who reported Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or membership in a First Nation or Indian band.
- (9) Includes Canadian citizens by birth and naturalization.
- (10) Persons who are Canadian citizens by birth.
- (11) Persons who are, or have ever been, landed immigrants or permanent residents. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. This category includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.
- (12) Includes persons from another country who have a work or study permit or who are refugee claimants, and their family members living in Canada with them.
- (13) Includes places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere (i.e. born at sea).
- (14) Refers to whether a person belongs to a visible minority group as defined by the *Employment Equity Act*, and, if so, the visible minority group to which the person belongs. Under the *Act*, visible minorities are "persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour."
- (15) Refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors (usually more distant than a grandparent).
- (16) The sum of the ethnic groups in this table is greater than the total population count because a person may report more than one ethnic origin.

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- (17) Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date one year earlier. Non-migrants are persons who moved but remained in the same city, town, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different jurisdiction (such as a city or town) but remained within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.
- (18) Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier.
- (19) Includes mobile homes and other dwellings such as houseboats, recreational vehicles and railroad cars.
- (20) All expenses paid by household renters including monthly rent, electricity, heat, water and other municipal services where applicable.
- (21) All expenses paid by household owners including mortgage, electricity, heat, water, taxes, condominium fees, and other municipal services where applicable.
- (22) Highest level of education a person has successfully completed and measures the broader concept of 'Educational Attainment'. A person who has completed one type of certification will not necessarily have completed the certification below it in the hierarchy. For example, a person with a trades certificate may not have completed a high school certification.
- (23) Includes only people who have this as their highest educational qualification. Excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree.
- (24) Includes trades certificates/diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates from brief trade programs completed at community colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres and the like.
- (25) Includes Journeyperson's designations.
- (26) The main discipline or subject of learning for the person's highest completed postsecondary qualification, classified according to the Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) Canada 2016.
- (27) Refers to whether a person aged 15 years and over was employed, unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of May 1-7, 2016.
- (28) Includes persons aged 15 years and over with or without an incorporated business with or without paid help, as well as unpaid family workers.
- (29) Includes unemployed persons aged 15 years and over who have never worked for pay or in self-employment, or who had last worked prior to January 1, 2015.
- (30) Refers to the kind of work performed by persons during the week of May 1-7, 2016, as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job, according to the National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2016.
- (31) Refers to the general nature of the business carried out where the person worked, classified according to the North American Industry Classification (NAICS) 2012.
- (32) Census assumes that commute to work begins at the usual place of residence, but this may not always be the case.
- (33) Includes all income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice in the calendar year of 2015. Full-time full-year workers are those who worked 30 hours or more per week for at least 49 weeks in the calendar year of 2015.
- (34) Total income refers to monetary receipts from certain sources (e.g., employment income, government transfer, Old Age Security, income from investment, spousal support etc.), before income taxes and deductions, during calendar year 2015.
- (35) Total income of all household members, before income taxes and deductions for the calendar year of 2015.
- (36) Total income of all economic family members, before income taxes and deductions for the calendar year of 2015. An economic family refers to a group of two or more people who live in the same dwelling and are related by blood, marriage, common-law union, adoption or foster relationship. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. By definition, all people who are members of a census family are also members of an economic family. However, members of an economic family need not be members of the same census family.
- (37) The low-income measure after tax (LIM-AT) is a fixed percentage (50%) of median-adjusted after-tax income of households. The household after-tax income is adjusted to take economies of scale into account. The adjustment for different household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase, but at a decreasing rate, as the number of members increases. LIM-AT is not related or comparable to the low-income cut-offs (LICO) in the 2006 Census. Direct comparisons with low-income estimates from other sources is discouraged; however, it is appropriate to compare this low-income data for the 87 PEDs presented here.
- (38) The income situation in relation to a specific low-income line, with those below the line considered to be in low income. Low income concepts are not applied in certain areas based on census subdivision types (i.e. Indian reserves). Substantial in-kind transfers (i.e. subsidized and/or band housing), barter economies and/or consumption from hunting, farming or fishing, could make the interpretation of low income statistics difficult in these cases.