DYING WITH DIGNITY CANADA
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Wembers of Dying With Dignity Canada

We have audited the statement of financial position of Dying With Dignity Canada as at December 31, 2015 and the statement of operations, statement of changes in net assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Dying With Dignity Canada as at December 31, 2015, and its financial performance, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

April 22, 2016 Toronto, Ontario

Connell Hall LLP

Licensed Public Accountants

DYING WITH DIGNITY CANADA (a not-for-profit organization) BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2015

<u>ASSETS</u>

	2015	2014
Current		and a second of a second
Cash (Note 4)	\$ 87,148	\$ 99,797
Short term deposits and investments (Note 5) Amounts receivable	425,602	ψ 99,797 421,619
HST receivable	8,891	-
Prepaid expenses and deposits	- 14,297	9,871
	535,938	13,979 545,266
Other investments (Note 6)		0.70,200
outer investments (note 6)	24,718	22,218
Loan receivable (Note 7)	10,000	
Capital assets (Note 8)	. 5,505	
odpital desers (Note 6)	4,054	10,059
	\$ 574,710	\$ 577,543
LIABI	LITIES	
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Ф 00 000	
Deferred revenue (Note 9)	\$ 36,003 15,927	\$ 30,344 37,904
	51,930	68,248
<u>NET A</u>	SSFTS	hand the state of
Unrestricted	522,780	509,295
	\$ 574,710	\$ 577.543
	Ψ 374,710	\$ 577,543
Commitments (Note 10)		
Approved on behalf of the Board		
The Tomber		
	Director	
X4		
	Director	
	A STATE OF THE STA	



DYING WITH DIGNITY CANADA (a not-for-profit organization) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	2015 <u>Unrestricted</u>	2014 <u>Unrestricted</u>	
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 509,295	\$ 344,035	
Excess of revenues over expenses	13,485	165,260	
Balance, end of year	\$ 522,780	\$ 509,295	



DYING WITH DIGNITY CANADA (a not-for-profit organization) STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Operating revenues		
Donations	\$ 847.330	45
Gifts in Kind		\$ 468,517
Bequests	108,359	196,669
Memberships	29,775	245,757
Investment income and gains(losses)	64,870	89,528
,	(3,041)	28,863
	1,047,293	1,029,334
Operating expenses		
Salaries and benefits	454,777	200 402
Communications	198,542	286,490
Supreme Court Intervention	190,542	181,665
Contracted services	160,363	102,742
Travel	49,835	82,657
Occupancy (Note 10)	55,700	61,683
General and administration	19,573	37,681
Computer and equipment expense	35,286	31,412 29,974
Legal and audit	19,161	29,974 17,189
Meetings	17,155	15,660
Bank charges	13,385	7,375
Volunteer and staff development	4,026	4,798
Amortization of capital assets	6,005	4,748
	1,033,808	864,074

Excess of revenue over expenses	<u>\$ 13,485</u>	\$ 165,260



DYING WITH DIGNITY CANADA (a not-for-profit organization) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Cash flows from operating activities Revenue received Payments to suppliers and employees Payment to loan receivable	\$ 923,518 (913,123) (10,000) 395	\$ 849,661 (651,527) - 198,134
Cash flows from investing activities (Purchase) disposition of investments Interest and investment income (losses) received (Purchase) of capital assets	(6,483) (6,561) 	(231,682) 20,908 (6,087) (216,861)
Net (decrease) in cash	(12,649)	(18,727)
Cash, beginning of year	99,797	118,524
Cash, end of year	\$ 87,148	\$ 99,797



1. Organization and operations

Dying With Dignity Canada was incorporated without share capital as a not-for-profit organization in 1980. Its mandate is to provide:

- (a) education about end of life options and the importance of advance care planning;
- (b) support for individuals at the end of their lives, including support at the bedside of those who wish to determine the nature and timing of their death, and
- (c) information about the choice of dying movement, and the reasons why appropriately regulated physician assisted dying should be legalized in Canada.

Under the Income Tax Act, as a not-for-profit organization, Dying With Dignity Canada is exempt from income taxes (see Note 11).

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

(a) Revenue recognition

Unrestricted donations and membership fees are recognized as revenues when received. Donations received for future periods or specific projects are deferred and recognized as revenue in the period when the related expenses are incurred.

(b) Financial instruments

The organization's financial instruments consist of cash, short term investments and deposits, amounts receivable and accounts payable. Cash, amounts receivable and accounts payable are initially measured at fair value, when the organization becomes a party to the contractual provisions, and subsequently measured at amortized cost which approximates fair value due to their short term nature.

The organization's investments, which consist of money market funds, common shares, TSX index funds and other investments are initially and subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in net income in the period incurred. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of these investments are recognized in net income in the period incurred.

(c) Capital assets

Capital assets, which consist of computer equipment, are amortized on a straight line basis over 5 years.



2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

(d) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(e) Donated goods and services

Donated goods and services are recorded when a fair value can be reasonably estimated and they would otherwise be purchased if not donated.

A substantial number of volunteers have made significant contributions of their time to the organization's programs and supporting services. The value of this contributed time is not reflected in these financial statements.

3. Financial instruments

It is the opinion of management that the organization is not exposed to significant interest rate, liquidity or credit risk. The organization is somewhat exposed to market risk, which is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The organization, when it holds investments of common shares, is exposed to market risk as such investments are subject to price changes in the open market. The organization does not use derivative financial instruments to after the effects of this risk.

4. Cash

	\$	87,148	\$	99,797
Operating account Interest earning savings accounts	\$	77,137 10,011	\$	36,502 63,295
	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	



5. Short term deposits and investments

Investments consist of common shares, TSX index funds and money market funds as follows:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	
Money market funds Common shares and TSX index funds	\$ 373,708 51,894	\$ 307,383 114,236	
	\$ 425,602	\$ 421,619	

Balances are stated at fair value as at December 31 as reported by RBC Dominion Securities, the investment managers.

6. Other investments

Other investments consist of the cash surrender value as at year end of a life insurance policy of which Dying With Dignity Canada is policy owner and beneficiary. Subsequent to the year end, the life insurance policy was transferred to The End of Life Planning Canada for the value of the policy at January 31, 2016. The terms for repayment are the same as the loan receivable (see Note 7).

7. Loan receivable

Dying With Dignity Canada has given The End of Life Planning Canada (ELPC) a loan of \$10,000. This is an interest-free loan and further amounts up to \$90,000 may be loaned in the future. ELPC will repay Dying With Dignity Canada over a 2 year period starting January 31, 2017. The same terms for repayment apply to the receivable resulting from the transfer of the life insurance policy to ELPC subsequent to the year end (see Note 6).

8. Capital assets

	Cost	Am	cumulated ortization	 15 Net <u>k Value</u>)14 Net ok Value
Computers	\$ 26,619	\$	22,565	\$ 4,054	\$ 10,059



9. Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue consists of donations received to pay for future travel costs and for the purchase of administrative software systems and amounts donated specificially for a future period.

	<u> 2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	
Balance, beginning of the year Received during the year Expended and recognized as revenue	\$ 37,904 5,000 (26,977)	\$ - 67,663 (29,759)	
Balance, end of the year.	\$ 15,927	\$ 37,904	

10. Lease commitments

The minimum annual rent under lease agreements for office premises that expire August 2016 is as follows:

2016

\$ 33,533

11. Charitable status

Dying With Dignity Canada was audited by Canada Revenue Agency ("CRA") during 2014. As a result of the audit, CRA concluded that Dying With Dignity Canada was registered as a charity in error in 1982 and re-registered in error in 2011. As a consequence, CRA was of the opinion that Dying With Dignity Canada's charitable status should be annulled. Dying With Dignity Canada's Board of Directors accepted the annulment which was confirmed by CRA effective March 9, 2015. When a charity's registration is annulled it is deemed to have never been registered. An organization that is annulled retains its assets but is no longer able to issue charitable receipts for tax purposes.

Dying With Dignity Canada continues to operate as a not-for-profit organization under the Income Tax Act.

