

The 2016 Presidential Election and Electoral Reform:

How Better Polling Tells Us What Republican Voters Really Think

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Edition 2

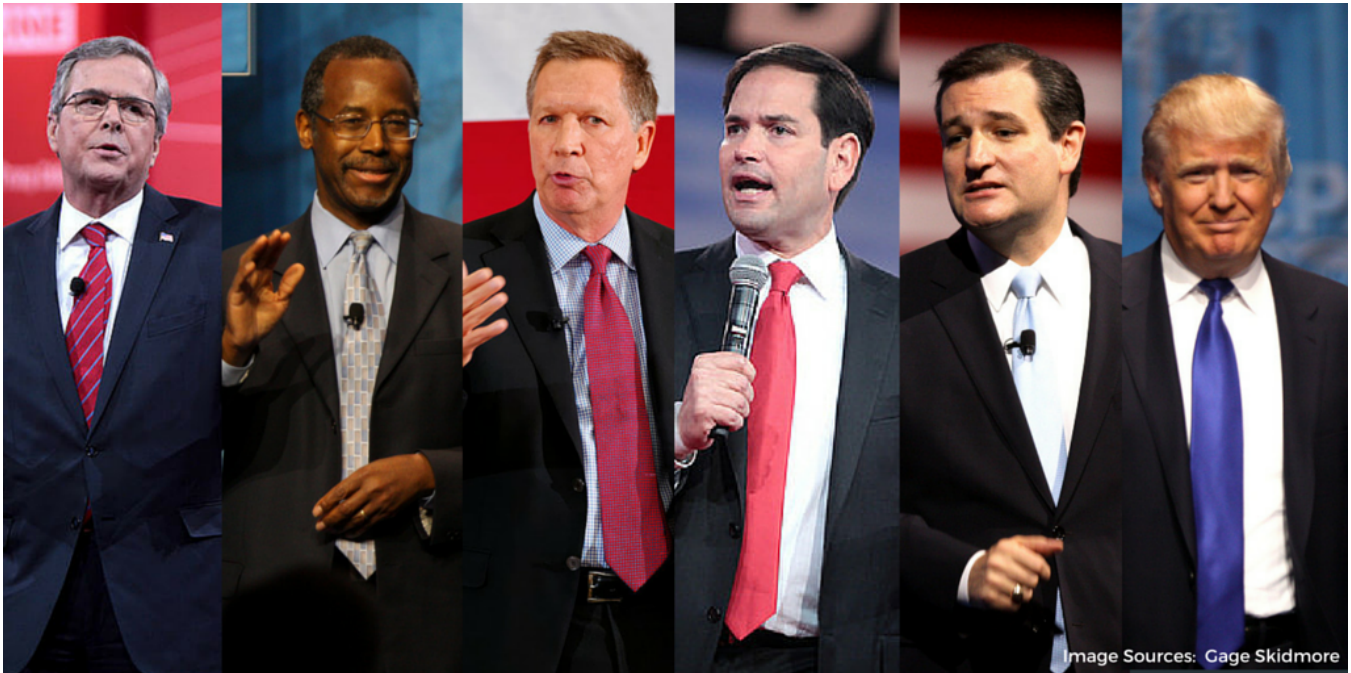


Image Sources: Gage Skidmore

YouGov Survey of 1000 likely Republican and Independent voters, Jan 21 – Jan 25 and Feb 4 – Feb 8, 2016.

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Updated 2/19/16

FairVote

The College of William and Mary and FairVote conducted a national survey among a representative sample of 1,000 Republican and independent voters. The polling results offer new insights into voter preferences and views on electoral reform. Partnering with YouGov, the online survey was divided to collect voter opinions before the Iowa Caucuses (from January 21-25, 2016) and then prior to the New Hampshire primary (from February 4-8, 2016). Our innovative approach to questions incorporated presidential candidate rankings, issue analyses, and opinions on electoral reforms. The new survey provides journalists, pollsters, and campaigns valuable insights into voter preferences that have been largely overlooked in national polling. (See page 3 for more detailed discussion of methodology.)

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FairVote is a nonprofit, nonpartisan organization that seeks to make elections fair, functional, and fully representative.

The College of William and Mary is the second-oldest college in the nation, known for cutting-edge research.

What is Ranked Choice Voting?

Our survey includes voter opinion questions about ranked choice voting (RCV) and provides a simulation of a ranked choice voting contest. RCV, also known as instant runoff voting, allows voters to rank as many candidates as they want in order of choice. When used to elect a single candidate among several viable candidates in a race (like a presidential nominee), RCV helps to elect a candidate that reflects of a majority of voters in a single election. . If no candidate receives a majority of first choices, the candidate in last place is eliminated, and those voters have their vote instantly count for their next choice still in the race. Candidates do best when they garner a strong core of first-choice support while also attracting second and even third choice support.

Our Interactive Data Tool

FairVote has teamed up with Civinomics to create a ranked choice voting app, which allows users to interact with the data from the YouGov poll. The ranking data is presented at <http://www.GOP2016poll.com> with an interactive data tool that allows users to see how candidates fare against each one-on-one, who is the second choice of backers of different candidates and which candidate would win under a ranked choice voting, “instant runoff” election system.

Go to <http://www.GOP2016poll.com> to see full simulation.

The app’s results page displays the final two candidates and indicates the candidate who wins a majority of votes through a ranked choice voting count. Users, however, can click the green “Show me how it happened” button in the right hand corner to see how many first choices each candidate received. The app also allows users to go through each round of the ranked choice contest to see where voters second and third choices went as candidates were eliminated. Users can also eliminate candidates by clicking the red elimination icon to the left of each name, to see what the race would look like if that candidate were no longer in the race.

Table of Contents

Introduction.....	1
Methodology	2
How Better Polling Allows Clearer Understanding of the Republican Nomination Contest.....	3
For the Media, It Shouldn't Be Only about First Choice Support.....	4
Simulating a Ranked Choice Voting Election.....	6
Charting Measures of Candidate Support.....	6
Ranked Choice Voting Simulation (Round by Round).....	8
Significant Support for Changing Election Rules	10
Trump, Bush and Paul Supporters Most Open to Changing How Elections are Run	11
Changes in congressional elections and the composition of Congress by 2030	12
The Tea Party in Comparative Perspective: Analysis of the Tea Party in the 2016 and the Republican Nominations	15
The Tea Party within the Republican Party	15
The Tea Party and the 2016 Republican Presidential Nomination	16
Immigration.....	17
Third Party Voting	18
Implications for Bloomberg.....	20
Appendix 1: Toplines	21
Appendix 2: A closer look at the bases of support for reform	36

Introduction

The College of William and Mary and FairVote are pleased to release this report on a national survey offering new insights into voter preferences and views on electoral reform. In partnership with YouGov and scholars Alan Abramowitz (Emory University) and Walter Stone (UC-Davis), they conducted an online national survey of a representative sample of 1,000 Republican and independent voters, with half of the sample from January 21-25, 2016 (before the Iowa caucuses) and half on February 4-8, 2016 (before the New Hampshire primary).

The new survey's innovative methodology incorporated presidential candidate rankings (with more than nine in ten respondents ranking all 11 candidates who were surveyed), issue analyses, and opinions on electoral reforms. It provides journalists, pollsters, and campaigns with valuable insights into voter preferences that have been largely overlooked in national polling. FairVote has created a website page at bit.ly/YouGovGOPPoll for the report, data, analysis and links to an interactive feature with a data tool that allows users to see how candidates fare one-on-one, who is the second choice of backers of different candidates, and which candidate would win under a ranked choice voting, "instant runoff" election system.

Key findings in our report include:

Presidential Race - Trump's high floor comes with relatively low ceiling: Our survey echoes most other national polls indicating that Donald Trump is far ahead in voter intentions, with 38.5%, compared to Ted Cruz (17.8%) and Marco Rubio (12.3%). However, when a ranked choice voting tally is run that results in a one-on-one runoff between Trump and Cruz, Trump trails 51% to 49% and loses ground to other candidates in every single round of the tally. Although Trump does defeat all other candidates one-on-one including a 54% to 46% win over Marco Rubio and 66% to 34% win over Jeb Bush, he is the last choice of more than one in five respondents.

Republican and independent voters are ready for electoral rule changes: Voters are generally ready to embrace changes in the nature of congressional elections and the composition of Congress, albeit some hesitation and uncertainty exists. As consistent with past surveys of right-of-center voter, more than four in five respondents on an absolute scale supporting voter identification requirements (86.5%) and term limits for Congress (82.6%). Notably, support was also high for a voter registration system that registered all eligible voters while blocking ineligible voters (78.6%), easier ballot access for third parties and independents (73.2%), limits of political donations (72.7%) impartial redistricting (66%) and a national popular vote for president (66.4%). Ranked choice voting was backed most strongly for primary elections (51.8%) and local elections (49.3%), and had more support than opposition for its use at every level of election. When it comes to imagining changes by 2030, large majorities of those with an opinion support a Congress with more third parties, women, people of color and major party representative from the opposition party's strongholds – with no more than 18.9% opposing any of these changes.

Voters ready for presidential nomination rules changes: Although respondents are not passionate about any single change to the nomination process, they have little support for the rules as they are. Strong majorities are ready to support ranked choice ballots in the nomination process ((57.1%), a national primary among the top candidates (57%), changing the schedule so Iowa and New Hampshire don't always come first (55.8%), and delegates in all states being awarded proportionally rather than by winner take all (51.7%).

Millennials most ready for electoral changes: Young millennial voters (under 30) had the highest intensity of support for electoral changes when compared to other age groups. For example, 23% of millennials strongly favor having more third party and independents in Congress, as opposed to 13% of respondents over 60. Substantial, if slightly smaller gaps exist

between those age groups for electing more women and people of color. Ranked choice voting had the backing of 61% of all respondents with an opinion about it, but a whopping 79% of millennials.

The Tea Party remains influential: A majority of Republicans identify as Tea Party supporters (53%) to some extent, and in 2014, Tea Party supporters accounted for more than two-thirds of active Republicans (those Republicans who campaigned, donated to, advocated for, or voted for a Republican candidate). An overwhelming majority of Ted Cruz supporters are Tea Party supporters (84%), however, Donald Trump receives high support from both Tea Party and non-Tea Party supporters.

Methodology

YouGov interviewed 552 respondents between January 21st and January 25th and 551 respondents between February 4th and February 8th, who were then matched down to a sample of 1000 to produce the final dataset. The respondents had opted into YouGov's panel and have been pre-profiled on a number of characteristics such as age, race, gender, education and party identification. Respondents were matched to a sampling frame on gender, age, race, education, ideology, and political interest. The frame was constructed by stratified sampling from the full 2010 American Community Survey (ACS) sample with selection within strata by weighted sampling with replacements (using the person weights on the public use file). Data on voter registration status and turnout were matched to this frame using the November 2010 Current Population Survey. Data on interest in politics and party identification were then matched to this frame from the 2007 Pew Religious Life Survey, and the resulting sampling frame was subset on registered voters identifying with the Republican Party or as independent voters. The matched cases were weighted to the sampling frame using propensity scores. The matched cases and the frame were combined and a logistic regression was estimated for inclusion in the frame. The propensity score function included age, gender, race/ethnicity, years of education, ideology and political interest. The propensity scores were grouped into deciles of the estimated propensity score in the frame and post-stratified according to these deciles.

The model estimated margin of error is 3.1 percent. In a non-probability panel, such as this one, the margin of error should be interpreted with caution. Appendix 1 presents weighted frequency tables for the questions in the survey. Appendix 2 presents weighted crosstabs of support for reforms by broad demographic and political categories (gender, age, race, party identification, ideology and voting intention). The unweighted number of respondents in each demographic and political category are reported. Where there are few respondents, such as when measuring views about reform by candidate choice, the estimates should be treated cautiously.

The survey was developed and approved by Ronald Rapoport (College of William and Mary), Alan Abramowitz (Emory University), Walter Stone (UC-Davis) and FairVote's Rob Richie and Sarah John. YouGov provided advice before the survey was presented to participants.

There were few significant differences in the responses of respondents completing the survey in January (before the Iowa caucuses) and those completing the survey in February (before the New Hampshire primary).

How Better Polling Allows Clearer Understanding of the Republican Nomination Contest

Analysis by Rob Richie, FairVote

The FairVote/College of William and Mary poll provided survey respondents with more opportunities to explain their relative support of candidates than typically provided in campaign polls released to the public. Most importantly, we invited respondents to rank the 11 candidates who were surveyed in order of preference. More than nine in ten respondents (93.8%) who participated in that question chose to rank all candidates. After extensive news coverage and numerous debates voters clearly have formed opinions about most of the candidates. When offered the chance to express those opinions, they chose to do so.

Voter rankings provide invaluable insights about the state of the race – not just who leads in first choices, but which candidates have the greatest opportunities to expand support and which candidates face the greatest challenges going forward. Highlights of our analysis include:

- **Donald Trump's large lead is misleading:** Closely reflecting most national polls, Donald Trump comfortably leads in our survey. When asked who people would vote for today, he leads with 38.5% support, compared to 17.8% for Ted Cruz, and 12.3% for Marco Rubio, with all other candidates earning less than 8%. When asked to rank candidates in order of preference, Trump remains in first, earning 37.0%, well ahead of Ted Cruz with 17.3% and Marco Rubio with 12.2%. Yet of respondents who ranked any candidates, fully 22.3% put him last out of 11 candidates, and when matched with Ted Cruz based on voter rankings, loses with 49.3% to Cruz's 50.7%. Trump has work to do to build a majority coalition necessary to win once the field is reduced to two candidates, although presumably will adjust this campaign tactics if in that position later in the campaign.
- **Ted Cruz has deep support:** Not only does Cruz edge Trump when matched against him one-on-one after removing all the other candidates, but he leads the field in being ranked first through fourth (60.6% to Trump's 57.8%) and is the least likely candidate to be ranked in the bottom four (18.3%). Only Marco Rubio approaches Cruz in a combination of top four support (54.4%) and bottom four opposition (19.5%) –and also is the candidate least likely candidate to be ranked last (1.7%), compared to the next lowest in that measure of 3.1% for Ben Carson, 4.4% for Cruz, and 4.9% for Mike Huckabee.
- **Jeb Bush and John Kasich face great challenges:** Early frontrunner Jeb Bush may have spent the most money of all the candidates from his campaign and associated SuperPac, but the ranking data underscores the challenges he faces in winning the nomination. His combined support among all respondents' top four rankings is just 32.6%. That not only trails Trump's first choices alone, but is well below the top four support of his most active competitors like Ted Cruz (60.6%), Marco Rubio (54.4%), and Ben Carson (48.5%). Bush at least leads fellow current or former governors John Kasich (16.7%) and Chris Christie (32.2%), but is more likely to be ranked 10th or 11th (25.8%) than all candidates except Trump (26.2%). Meanwhile, John Kasich – who may have seen his fortunes rise since this poll was completed after his second place finish in New Hampshire -- doesn't earn the support of more than half of respondents until

going down to the 8th ranking –a level of opposition only matched by withdrawn Rick Santorum.

For the Media, It Shouldn't Be Only about First Choice Support

Contrast these points with what might be the typical way such polls are covered – that Trump is the overwhelming plurality leader (38.5% to 17.8% for Cruz) in which candidates respondents would vote for today. Indeed, the seemingly anomalous Feb. 14-16 poll from NBC/Wall Street Journal showing Cruz with a 2% lead is the only poll among the 32 national polls reported at Real Clear Politics in this period to show Trump in second place. Trump's reported level of support in these 32 polls ranges from a high of 41% to a lower of 24%, as opposed to Ted Cruz only polling over 22% in the new NBC poll (where he has 28%) and Marco Rubio never polling over 21%. Similarly, the 13 polls from South Carolina since the New Hampshire primary reported at Real Clear Politics show Trump consistently far ahead, with a low of 33% and a high of 42%, as opposed to Cruz never topping 23% and Rubio never topping 19%.

But to understand the potential trajectory of this nomination contest, pollsters and the media should report more. In its Feb. 14-15 South Carolina poll, for example, Public Policy Polling (PPP) asked voters their views between just Trump and Rubio. It was a virtual tie, with Trump at 46% and Rubio 45% and the rest undecided. PPP's underlying data helps show why, as Trump's more aggressive campaigning against his fellow candidates seems to starting to alienate their backers. Because PPP supplies the helpful information about which candidates are backed as a second choice as broken down by each first choice candidates., we can learn that Cruz voters give 32% of their second choices to Rubio, and only 11% to Trump. In contrast, a November 2015 PPP poll in South Carolina indicated that Trump and Rubio were essentially tied as the second choice of Cruz voters, with Trump securing 19% and Rubio 22%.

Public Policy Polling is unusual in regularly asking and reporting on such one-on-one comparisons between candidates. Indeed, the results have regularly been instructive, including:

- **Feb. 2-3, national poll (immediately after Iowa caucuses):** Trump leads in first choices (25% to 21% for Rubio and Cruz), but loses one-on-one to Rubio (52% to 40%) and Cruz (47% to 41%)
- **Jan. 26-27, Iowa:** Trump leads in first choices (31% to 23% for Cruz), but trails Cruz one-on-one by 47% to 40%.
- **Jan 4-6, New Hampshire:** Trump leads in first choices (29% to 15% for Rubio), but trails Rubio one-on-one by 52% to 40%
- **Dec. 16-17, national poll:** Trump leads in first choices (34% to 18% for Cruz), but is virtually tied with Cruz one-on-one (45% for Trump to 44% for Cruz)

Not only does giving voters more chances to provide this sort of information (that they are ready to provide) allow us to better understand the trajectory of the race, it also has less of a distorting impact on the race itself. Highlighting only first choices in a fractured field can reward tactics that create a high floor of support at the expense of a low ceiling. Playing by today's rules of the game, Donald Trump seems to have pursued such a strategy, with his plurality lead in polls creating a kind of "bandwagon" effect that gives voters a sense of inevitability that almost certainly affects how people vote. In our survey, nearly 40% of

respondents admitted that they might change their mind – with 58% indicating that belief that the candidate cannot win the nomination being a factor.

Given the wave of media coverage of plurality poll outcomes, it is no surprise that our survey shows 60.9% of respondents think that it is likely that Trump will win the nomination, as opposed to only 38.1% for Cruz, 30.1% for Rubio and less than 8.2% for everyone else. Respondents are also most likely to rate Trump as the most viable Republican nominee in November, with 63.1% saying it is at least somewhat likely that he would win, as opposed, far ahead of all his competitors for the Republican nomination – even though other polling suggests that Trump does less well than some fellow Republicans when matched one-on-one against prospective Democratic nominees.

This is not to say that Donald Trump should not be the Republican nominee or cannot win in November. Rather, our analysis suggests that more comprehensive coverage of voter opinion would give voters a more informed understanding of the race for the nomination.

Simulating a Ranked Choice Voting Election

This survey gave 1,000 Republican and independent voters a chance to rank all 11 candidates who were surveyed - and more than 93% of our sample who voted on that question chose to rank everyone. It provides a rich dataset and an opportunity to simulate a ranked choice voting election. We show the ranked choice voting tally in an interactive feature at <http://www.GOPPoll2016.com>.

Ranked choice voting (RCV, also called instant runoff voting and preferential voting) is used in many government and non-governmental elections - including for electing leaders of nearly every political party in Canada, New Zealand and the United Kingdom. Voters rank candidates in order of choice, and the ballot count simulates a series of runoff elections, with the last-place candidate eliminated after every round until two finalists remain in the "instant runoff."

The next page shows a simulation of RCV in this survey. (It is drawn from GOPPoll2016.com, which uses an unweighted version of our 1,000 voter sample). It provides a graphic representation of how plurality voting and RCV can provide different results, with RCV rewarding candidates who can reach out to backers of opponents and assemble majority support when matched against their top opponent.

When looking at first-choices alone, Trump wins easily, with 34.8% support in the sharply divided field and Cruz trailing with 21.5%. However, supporters of other candidates overwhelmingly do not rank Trump second. The poll found that while Trump leads in first-choice support, he also is most likely to be ranked last. In fact, as each candidate is eliminated, more of their support always goes to another candidate than to Trump. For example, when Rick Santorum is eliminated, most of his support goes to Ben Carson; when Mike Huckabee is eliminated, most of his support goes to Marco Rubio.

Although Ted Cruz begins the count more than 13 points behind Trump, he ultimately is able to win enough back-up support from other candidates to beat Trump head-to-head. In the final round, when Marco Rubio is eliminated, fully 75% of his back-up support goes to Cruz over Trump.

Charting Measures of Candidate Support

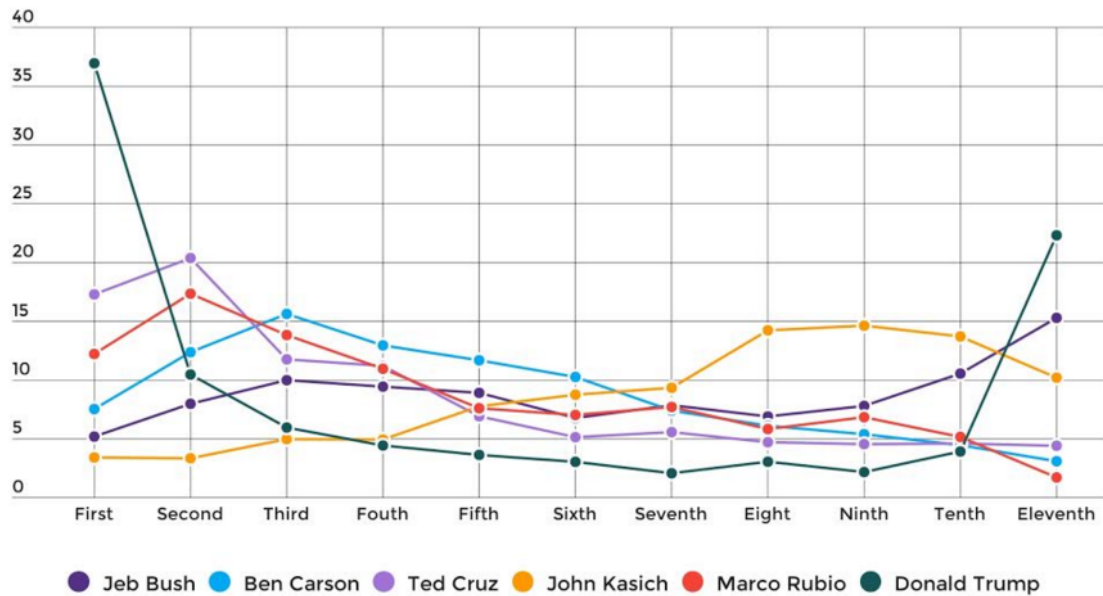
FairVote and the academic team with the College of William and Mary will be going far deeper into what our data on how voters rank and rate candidates can tell us about both this year's horse race and how voters see relationships among candidates. To provide examples of what we can learn, here are charts and tables that show how much more we can learn from voters when giving them the opportunity to show it. They include:

- Chart percentages with each active candidates' ranking from 1 to 11.
- Table showing how backers of each candidate ranked other candidates second.
- Chart showing which candidates respondents could not support.
- Ratings on a favorability range of 5 of the 6 active candidates (John Kasich was not part of this question).
- Chart showing the depth of rankings necessary for them to gain the support of at least half the electorate
- Chart comparing voting intention vs. first choice support: Notably, there were small differences in voting intention and first choice support, with the general pattern being that the leading candidates earn higher support in voting intention. Most candidates

had slightly lower percentages in voting intention, with Donald Trump the main beneficiary, with 1.56% more support in voting intention than first choices.

- Chart showing a ranked choice voting tally.

Spread of Active GOP Candidate Rankings



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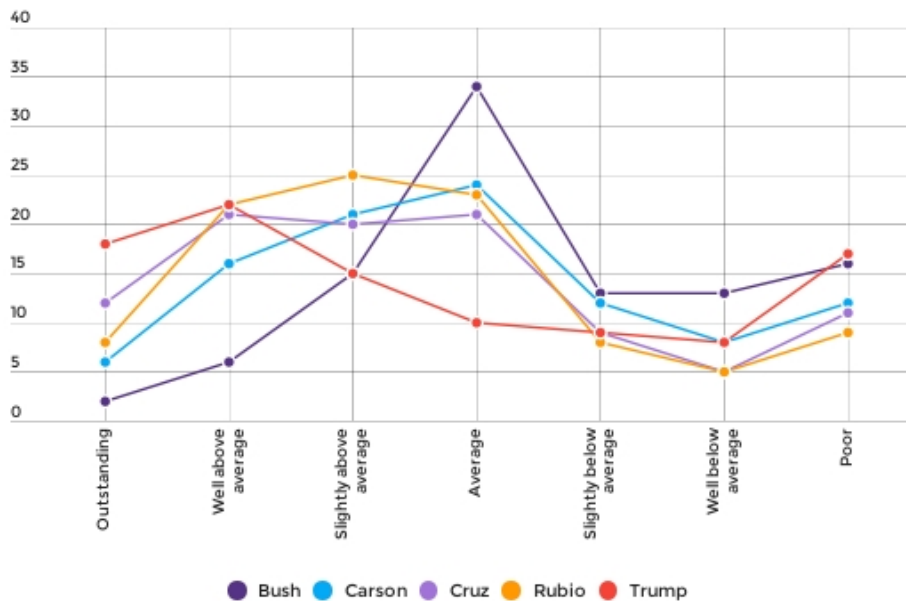
Second Choices by First-Choice Candidate Preference

		Second Choice												Total
		Bush	Carson	Christie	Cruz	Fiorina	Huckabee	Kasich	Paul	Rubio	Santorum	Trump	None	
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	
First Choice	Bush		8.3	11.9	10.3	0.0	6.1	18.0	2.8	22.2	2.4	14.0	4.1	5.2
	Carson	7.4		4.3	26.0	9.4	7.1	0.0	1.4	23.6	1.5	16.9	2.4	7.6
	Christie	25.4	9.5		9.8	2.3	2.3	2.8	5.1	23.4	6.5	11.9	1.2	3.4
	Cruz	1.5	17.5	1.2		6.9	3.5	0.6	6.5	27.2	4.3	30.7	0.2	17.3
	Fiorina	25.2	21.5	2.3	12.9		13.0	0.0	0.7	15.7	4.1	4.6	0.0	3.2
	Huckabee	4.5	32.0	4.5	4.5	5.2		0.0	20.7	8.3	2.9	17.5	0.0	2.4
	Kasich	11.9	6.3	31.0	1.7	1.2	0.0		13.9	26.5	1.8	5.8	0.0	3.4
	Paul	5.8	8.5	6.5	27.7	6.2	3.4	3.5		17.2	5.3	14.4	1.5	7.7
	Rubio	9.1	6.0	14.9	34.7	11.7	1.6	7.0	5.0		2.1	7.9	0.0	12.2
	Santorum	0.0	34.5	12.0	11.2	9.5	12.4	8.0	12.3	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.8
	Trump	9.2	14.1	9.6	28.4	3.6	5.7	2.8	6.7	16.2	1.2		2.6	36.9
Total	8.0	12.3	8.3	20.4	5.4	4.6	3.3	5.7	17.3	2.6	10.5	1.5	100.0	

Ranked Choice Voting Simulation (Round by Round)

Candidate	Initial	Round 1	Round 2	Round 3	Round 4	Round 5	Round 6	Round 7	Round 8	Round 9
Jeb Bush	47 (4.88%)	47 (4.88%)	48 (4.98%)	53 (5.5%)	62 (6.44%)	72 (7.5%)	83 (8.66%)	0	0	0
Ben Carson	71 (7.37%)	73 (7.58%)	80 (8.31%)	87 (9.03%)	89 (9.25%)	91 (9.48%)	102 (10.65%)	119 (12.46%)	0	0
Ted Cruz	207 (21.5%)	208 (21.6%)	211 (21.91%)	215 (22.33%)	217 (22.56%)	220 (22.92%)	237 (24.74%)	252 (26.39%)	301 (31.65%)	481 (50.68%)
Chris Christie	30 (3.12%)	31 (3.22%)	33 (3.43%)	34 (3.53%)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mike Huckabee	21 (2.18%)	23 (2.39%)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carly Fiorina	29 (3.01%)	30 (3.12%)	31 (3.22%)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
John Kasich	33 (3.43%)	34 (3.53%)	34 (3.53%)	35 (3.63%)	39 (4.05%)	0	0	0	0	0
Rick Santorum	9 (0.93%)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rand Paul	56 (5.82%)	57 (5.92%)	62 (6.44%)	64 (6.65%)	67 (6.96%)	72 (7.5%)	0	0	0	0
Marco Rubio	125 (12.98%)	125 (12.98%)	127 (13.19%)	135 (14.02%)	143 (14.86%)	155 (16.15%)	173 (18.06%)	206 (21.57%)	242 (25.45%)	0
Donald Trump	335 (34.79%)	335 (34.79%)	337 (34.99%)	340 (35.31%)	345 (35.86%)	350 (36.46%)	363 (37.89%)	378 (39.58%)	408 (42.9%)	468 (49.32%)
Exhausted Ballots	---	0 (+0)	0 (+0)	0 (+0)	1 (+1)	3 (+2)	5 (+2)	8 (+3)	12 (+4)	14 (+2)
Continuing Ballots	963	963	963	963	962	960	958	955	951	949

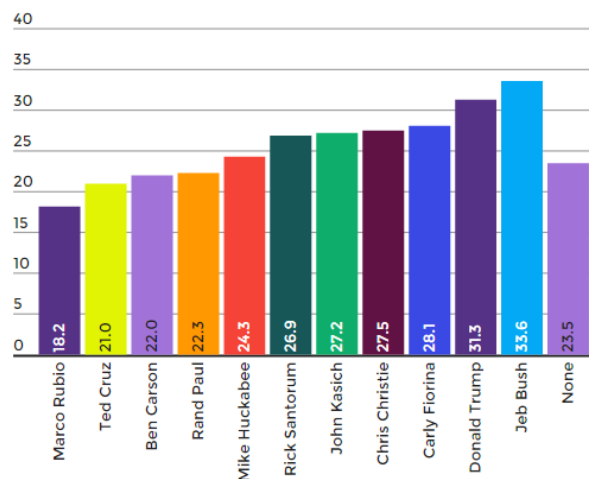
In comparison with other political leaders, how would you rate _____?



*This question was not asked about John Kasich.

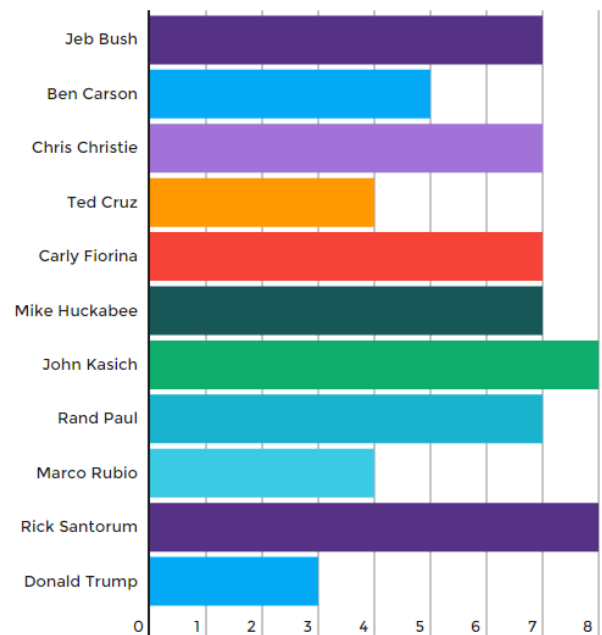
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Which candidates would you not support?



College of William and Mary/FairVote YouGov survey of 1000 Republican and Independent likely voters, Jan 21-25 and Feb 4-8 2016

Number of rankings before 50% support



College of William and Mary/FairVote YouGov survey of 1000 Republican and Independent likely voters, Jan 21-25 and Feb 4-8 2016

Significant Support for Changing Election Rules

Respondents were overwhelmingly receptive to changing the way elections work. More than 17 in 20 respondents (86.5%) supported voter ID requirements, with almost as many (82.6%) supporting term limits for Congress. But any sense that right-of-center voters want to restrict participation is not supported by our data as long as their concerns about election security are addressed.

Most strikingly, over three quarters (78.6%) supported universal registration of all citizens who are eligible voters, with the caveat that no ineligible voters be registered. The level of strong support for this change (49.7%) topped all others, except for voter ID requirements (62.7%) and term limits for Congress (53.0%). Almost three-quarters of respondents also supported easier ballot access for third parties and independents (73.2%) and limits of political donations (72.7%). Where reform can be understood as increasing the veracity of election results, Republicans and Independents overwhelmingly support reform. This concern with electoral purity might go some way to explaining why less than half (47.9%) indicated they support allowing unaffiliated voters to participate in open primaries.

Support for Electoral Reforms

	Total Favor Percent (%)	Total favor, of those with an opinion Percent (%)
Require every voter to have photo identification	86.5	91.8
Establish term limits for Congress	82.6	90.2
Register all eligible citizens to vote and ensure no ineligible people are registered	78.6	86.3
Make it easier for third parties and independents to get onto the ballot	73.2	84.3
Limit how much money donors can give to political campaigns	72.7	79.6
Elect president by a national popular vote	66.4	75.1
Require all congressional districts to be drawn by impartial commissions	66.0	83.9
Allow unaffiliated voters to participate in "open primaries"	47.9	60.4

Respondents were also open to reform of the Republican presidential nomination process. Majorities of Republican and Independent likely voters supported reform of the way voting is done in primaries and caucuses (with 57.1% supporting ranked choice voting and 57.0% supporting a national primary). Majorities also supported changing the nomination calendar and allocating convention delegates proportionally.

Support for Nomination Reform

	Total Favor Percent (%)	Total favor, of those with an opinion Percent (%)
Let voters rank candidates so that your ballot can count for your 2nd choice if your 1st choice has too few votes to win delegates	57.1	71.9
Hold a national primary between top candidates	57.0	73.8
Change calendar so that Iowa and New Hampshire don't always vote first	55.8	78.4
Have all states allocate delegates by proportional rules	51.7	68.9
Have all states allocate delegates by winner-take-all rules	37.0	47.0

Trump, Bush and Paul Supporters Most Open to Changing How Elections are Run

Supporters of different presidential nomination candidates supported reform to differing degrees.

	Number of Reforms Supported		
	Electoral Reform (n=8) ¹	Nomination reforms (n=5) ²	RCV reforms (n=5) ³
Jeb Bush	5.7	2.8	2.6
Ben Carson	5.7	2.5	2.4
Ted Cruz	5.2	2.2	2.3
Rand Paul	5.7	2.6	2.7
Marco Rubio	5.6	2.6	2.6
Donald Trump	6.0	2.8	2.3

Donald Trump supporters were the most supportive of electoral reform, with the average Donald Trump supporter indicating they supported, at least slightly, six of the eight different electoral reforms.⁴ Four electoral changes (voter ID, term limits, universal registration, campaign finance, and ballot access) received support from over 80% of Trump supporters.

Electoral Reforms with the Most Support, Donald Trump supporters

	Support Percent (%)	Support among those with an opinion Percent (%)
Require every voter to have photo identification	91.7%	95.4%
Establish term limits for Congress	85.6%	92.5%
Register all eligible citizens to vote and ensure no ineligible people are registered	83.7%	90.9%
Limit how much money donors can give to political campaigns	81.5%	87.2%
Make it easier for third parties and independents to get onto the ballot	79.4%	89.0%

¹ Respondents were asked about eight electoral reforms: Require all congressional districts to be drawn by impartial commissions; Register all eligible citizens to vote and ensure no ineligible people are registered; Establish term limits for Congress; Make it easier for third parties and independents to get onto the ballot; Limit how much money donors can give to political campaigns; Allow unaffiliated voters to participate in "open primaries"; Require every voter to have photo identification; Elect president by a national popular vote

² Change calendar so that Iowa and New Hampshire don't always vote first; Have all states allocate delegates by winner-take-all rules; Have all states allocate delegates by proportional rules; Hold a national primary between top candidates; Let voters rank candidates so that your ballot can count for your 2nd choice if your 1st choice has too few votes to win delegates

³ RCV in primaries and caucuses; local elections; state elections; congressional elections; presidential elections

⁴ Require all congressional districts to be drawn by impartial commissions; Register all eligible citizens to vote and ensure no ineligible people are registered; Establish term limits for Congress; Make it easier for third parties and independents to get onto the ballot; Limit how much money donors can give to political campaigns; Allow unaffiliated voters to participate in "open primaries"; Require every voter to have photo identification; Elect president by a national popular vote.

Jeb Bush supporters were the most supportive of nomination reforms, perhaps reflecting some dissatisfaction with the way this nomination season has played out. At least 50% of Bush supporters were in favor of four of the five primary reforms proposed (RCV for primaries, changing the primary calendar, making delegate apportionment proportional, and having a national primary).

Support for Nomination Reform, Jeb Bush Supporters

	Support Percent (%)	Support among those with an opinion Percent (%)
Change calendar so that Iowa and New Hampshire don't always vote first	62.0%	85.0%
Have all states allocate delegates by winner-take-all rules	43.3%	52.3%
Have all states allocate delegates by proportional rules	59.9%	77.2%
Hold a national primary between top candidates	57.2%	74.8%
Let voters rank candidates so that your ballot can count for your 2nd choice if your 1st choice has too few votes to win delegates	53.8%	68.6%

Interestingly, Rand Paul supporters were the most supportive of ranked choice voting reforms, with a majority supporting RCV in all five different types of elections (primaries, local, state, congressional and presidential).

Support for Ranked Choice Voting, Rand Paul Supporters

Ranked Choice Voting for:	Support Percent (%)	Support among those with an opinion Percent (%)
Primaries and caucuses	55.2%	73.0%
Local elections	53.6%	71.4%
State elections	55.0%	72.2%
Congressional elections	51.2%	67.3%
Presidential elections	52.7%	68.8%

Changes in congressional elections and the composition of Congress by 2030

The FairVote/College of William and Mary poll surveyed Republican and independent voters' perceptions about potential changes in the nature of congressional elections and the composition of Congress. The questions focused on potential directions of change rather than on specific mechanisms that might achieve outcomes. The overall findings are clear: these voters are generally ready to embrace changes, although with hesitations that almost certainly are tied to just how these changes might be accomplished. Large majorities of those with an opinion favor a Congress with more competitive elections, more third parties, independents, women, people of color and major party representatives elected from other major party's strongholds. However, consistently high percentages say they are "not sure" and those favoring changes are more likely to favor them slightly rather than strongly.

	Strongly favor Percent (%)	Favor Percent (%)	Slightly favor Percent (%)	Total Favor Percent (%)	Total Favor (of those with an opinion) Percent (%)
More competitive congressional elections even if my party might sometimes lose more seats	12.7	23.9	21.0	57.6	84
More Republicans winning in "blue states" and more Democrats winning in "red states"	6.1	16.0	17.1	39.2	67.4
More third parties and independents in Congress	17.9	23.8	22.9	64.6	82.1
More women in Congress	13.2	21.8	23.2	58.2	80.9
More people of color in Congress	9.8	19.4	23.6	52.8	76.9

	Slightly oppose Percent (%)	Oppose Percent (%)	Strongly oppose Percent (%)	Not sure Percent (%)
More competitive congressional elections even if my party might sometimes lose more seats	5.9	3.8	1.3	31.4
More Republicans winning in "blue states" and more Democrats winning in "red states"	8.9	5.4	4.6	41.8
More third parties and independents in Congress	6.0	4.2	4.0	21.3
More women in Congress	5.6	3.8	4.2	28.1
More people of color in Congress	5.4	4.1	6.5	31.3

The most notable finding is how few oppose these changes—no more than 18.9% oppose any of these changes, with strong opposition never topping above 6.5%. For those seeking more competitive congressional elections and a Congress with more third parties, independents, women and people of color the lesson is clear: engaging in more education and outreach that connects existing voter preferences for how democracy should work now (or in the near future) to the outcomes achieved by electoral reforms is absolutely essential to advance reform.

Analysis of the crosstabs, as reported in the appendix, provide the following additional insights.

- Intensity of support for reform was greatest among young voters (under 30). In particular, 62.4% of young voters favor more third party and independents in Congress, with more than one-third of those strongly in favor. Over half of young voters (51.3%) favor more people of color in office—a quarter of these strongly favor this change.
- Across all regions in the U.S., voters are very supportive of more competitive elections. Respondents supported the idea of more Republicans winning in blue states and Democrats winning in red states, especially in more “blue” regions, reflecting a subtle recognition of how parties in power control representation in a state. Voters in the northeast in particular were the only group to have an absolute majority of support (52.3%) in favor of more Republicans winning in “blues states.”
- There is very strong support (more than 6 in 10) for more third parties and independents. This was across all demographics and regions. The high intensity of support was found among independents (27.1% strongly in favor), moderates (25.4%), young people (22.9%), and men (22.1%).

- The Democratic Party is far more likely to elect women and people of color to Congress, but large majorities of survey respondents are cautiously ready to embrace more women and people of color in Congress. Women (62.6%) are 16% more likely to support increases in women's representation than men (54.0%), but opposition is low across all categories.
- The single reform most likely to achieve all of the objectives surveyed in this question would be to replace winner-take-all elections for Congress with fair representation voting methods—that is, having at least some members elected in multi-winner districts where a third of the voters can elect one out of three seats. Such a proposal might trigger more curiosity than support among many of these voters, but their views on Congress suggest they may well be open to change over time.

The Tea Party in Comparative Perspective: Analysis of the Tea Party in the 2016 and the Republican Nominations

Ron Rapoport, College of William and Mary

Although the Tea Party is discussed less in 2016 than in either 2010 or 2012, the results from the February 2016 College of William and Mary FairVote YouGov Poll show just how active and important the movement remains.

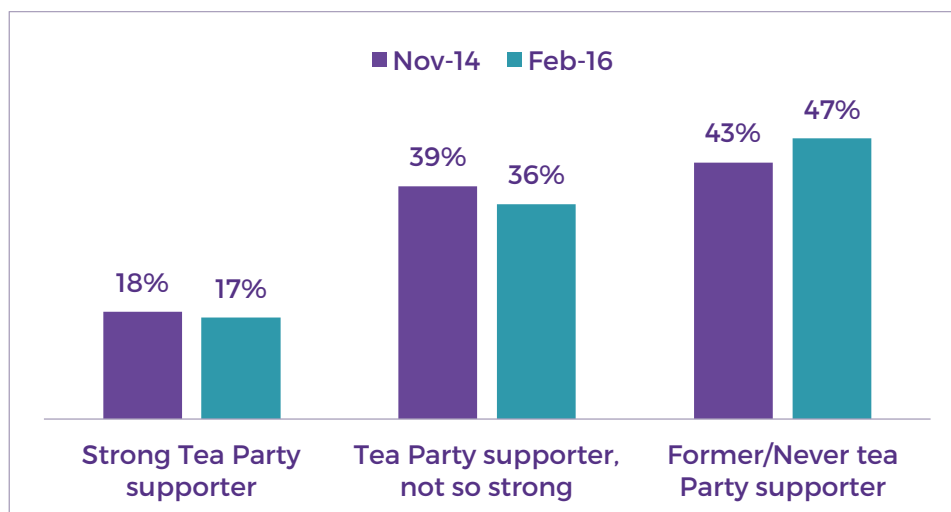
Summary of Findings:

- A majority of Republicans identify as Tea Party Supporters (53%) to some extent
- In 2014, Tea Party supporters accounted for more than 2/3 of active Republicans (those Republicans who campaigned, donated to, advocated for, or voted for a Republican candidate)
- An overwhelming majority of Ted Cruz supporters are Tea Party supporters (84%)
- Donald Trump received high support from both Tea Party supports and non-Tea Party supporters
- Only about one-in-four Republicans are willing to support the Republican ticket with Donald Trump as the nominee and to support it with Marco Rubio as the nominee against Hillary Clinton and an independent candidate.
- Immigration is not a higher priority issue for Tea Party supporters than non-Tea Party supporters

The Tea Party within the Republican Party

The 2016 College of William and Mary/FairVote poll reveals that the Tea Party has remained a very important faction in the Republican Party. A majority of Republicans identified as supporters of the Tea Party movement to some extent, with 17% of respondents identifying as strong Tea Party supporters and 36% identify as supporters, but not so strong supporters. Furthermore, as Figure 1 below shows, levels of Tea Party support has not changed much between 2014 and 2016.

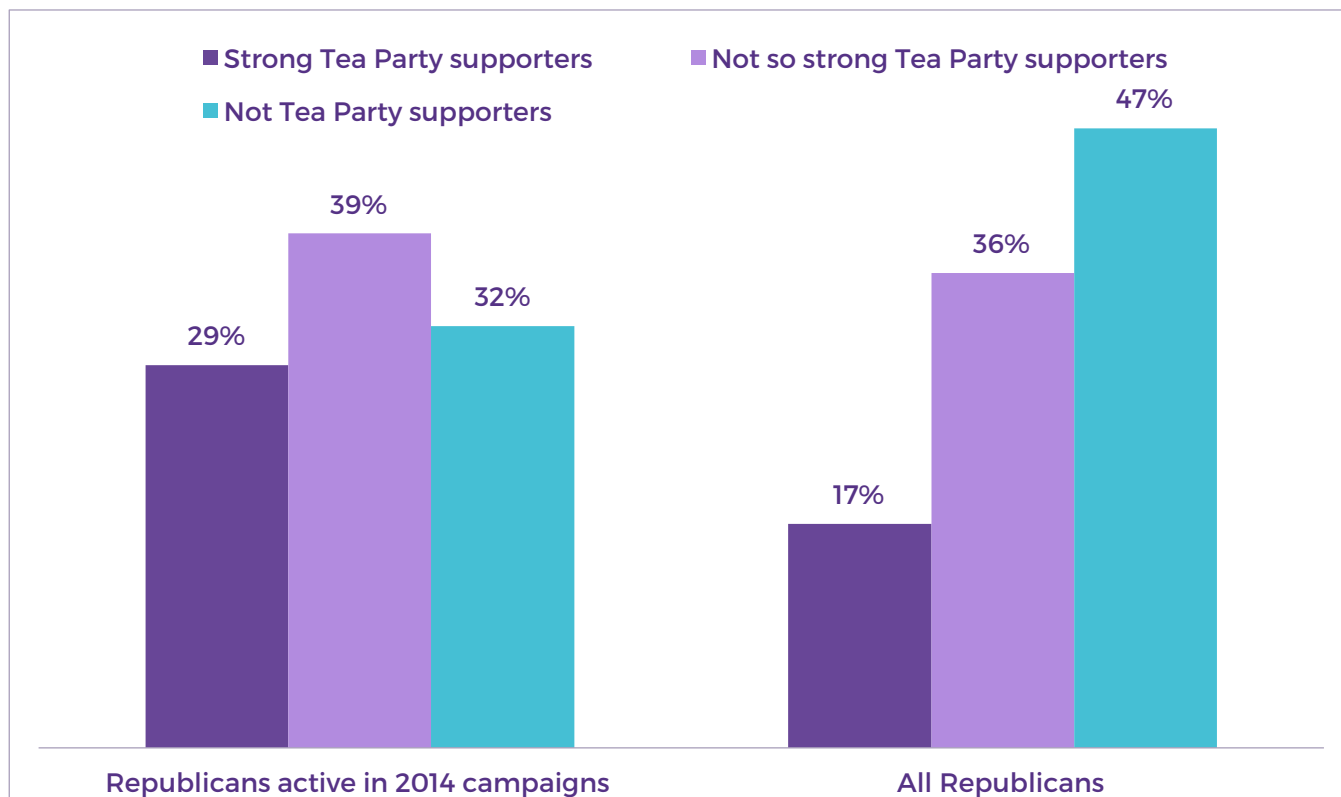
Figure 1: Tea Party support between November, 2014-February 2016



In addition to remaining a large portion of the party, Tea Party supporters were also the most politically active section of the Republican Party. The YouGov poll found that Tea Party

supporters accounted for nearly 70% of all Republicans who did something to support a Republican candidate in 2014, despite making up only 17% of the Republican Party. This includes, but is not limited to contributing money, convincing friends to support a Republican candidate, writing blogs and letters to the editor penning support, phone banking and door-to-door canvassing, attending a public meeting or rally, and voting for a Republican candidate.

Figure 2: Percentage of Active Republicans and All Republicans who are Tea Party Supporters



As Figure 2 (above) shows, strong Tea Party supporters were particularly active candidate during 2014, with 29% reporting political activity in the 2014 campaign. Strong Tea Party supporters supplied almost as many activists and activity as non-Tea Party supporters, who were three times their size in the Republican Party.

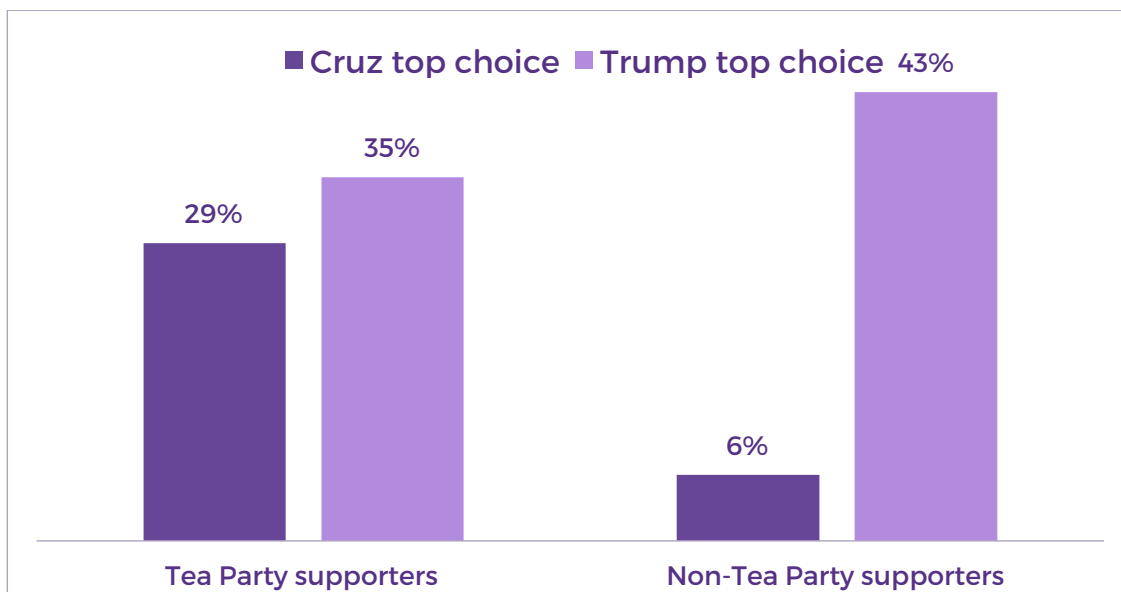
The Tea Party and the 2016 Republican Presidential Nomination

The YouGov poll also finds that Tea Party supporters will likely play a distinct role in the 2016 Republican presidential nomination contest. They are much more likely to support Sen. Ted Cruz. While making up only half of the Republican Party, those who identify with the Tea Party make up 84% of Cruz's supporters. Strong Tea Party supporters (which comprise only 17% of the Republican Party) account for nearly 40 percent of Cruz's total supporters. The poll also finds that Cruz is the only candidate who does significantly better among Tea Party supporters than non-Tea Party supporters, with 6% of non-Tea Party members ranking Cruz

as their top choice candidate compared to 29% of Tea Party supporters indicating Cruz as their top choice candidate.

Despite strong Tea Party support for Cruz, and speculation that Donald Trump runs better amongst non-Tea Party supporters, the YouGov survey indicates that Donald Trump is quite popular amongst the Tea Party as well. The YouGov poll finds that 35% of Tea Party supporters like Trump as their first choice candidate, compared to the 43% of non-Tea party candidates who list Trump as their top choice. Furthermore, as Figure 3 (below) demonstrates, more Tea Party supporters like Trump as their top choice candidate over Cruz.

Figure 3: Cruz vs Trump as Top Choice Candidate, by Tea Party Status



Among strong Tea Party supporters, Cruz receives 42% of first rankings, compared to Trump's 29%.

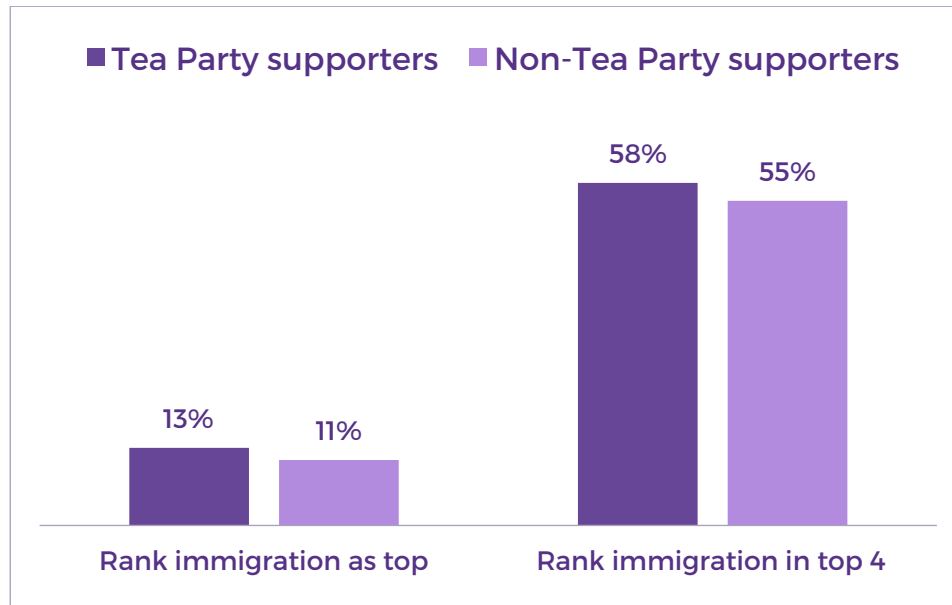
The poll also shows that those who rank Cruz as their most preferred candidate are split on their preference for Trump. In all, 32% of Cruz supporters rank Trump as their second choice candidate and 27% rank Trump last of all candidates.

Immigration

Respondents were asked about issue areas they felt were most important. They rank up to four policy areas as important, from a list of ten issue areas, including abortion, reducing the budget deficit, level of U.S. military involvement abroad, immigration, taxes, terrorism, gun control, size of government, repeal of Obamacare, and jobs.

Immigration policy, which is a key topic of debate in the 2016 campaign, and a topic often associated with the Tea Party movement, was not a higher priority issue for Tea Party Supporters than non-Tea Party supporters. As Figure 5 (below) shows, 13% of Tea Party supporters ranked immigration as their top policy issue versus 11 percent of non-Tea Party supporters. Almost 60% of Tea Party members ranked immigration within their top four policy issues compared to 55% of non-Tea party supporters.

Figure 5: Importance of Immigrant Policy by Tea-Party Status



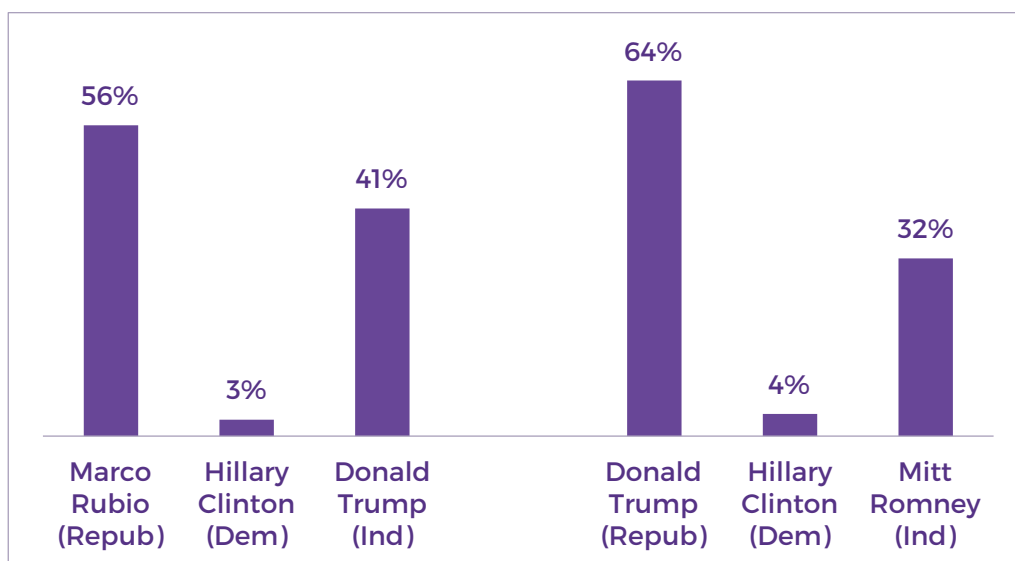
Among those respondents who ranked immigration as a top four policy issue, 32% of Tea Party supporters ranked Cruz first, compared to 40% who ranked Trump first. By contrast, 51% of non-Tea Party supporters who listed immigration as a top four policy issues ranked Trump first, compared 6 percent for Cruz.

Third Party Voting

The fractious nature of the 2016 presidential race was revealed in respondent willingness to support 3rd party candidates. The most divisive factor in the race appears to be Donald Trump, surpassing the Tea Party/non-Tea Party divide that has been prevalent within the Republican Party the last few years. As shown in Figure 6, Trump garnered significant support as both a Republican candidate and as a third party candidate.

The poll examined two different scenarios in which a strong independent candidate enters the Presidential contests: with the first with Marco Rubio running as the Republican nominee, Clinton as the Democratic nominee, and Trump as an independent nominee, and the second with Donald Trump running as the Republican Nominee, Hillary Clinton running as the Democratic Nominee and Mitt Romney running as an independent.

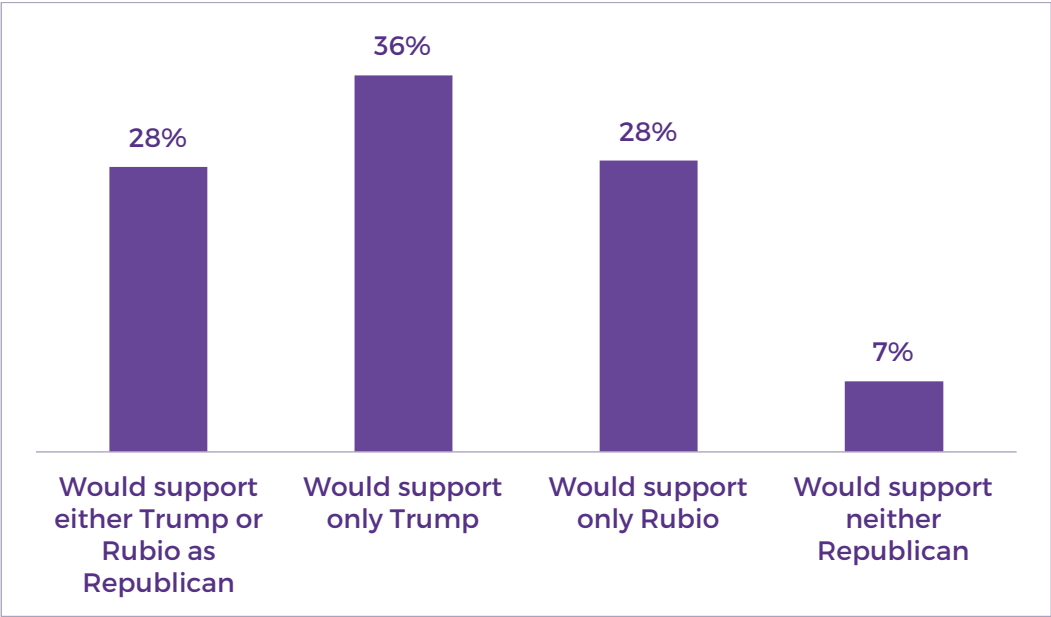
Figure 6: Third Party Matchups. **Candidate Support in Rubio-Clinton-Trump Contest (left) and in Trump-Clinton-Romney Contest (right)**



While Figure 6 indicates that both Rubio and Trump are popular when they are the Republican candidates, the survey found that only 1 in 4 respondents would support both Trump as the Republican candidate in a race against Hillary Clinton, with Mitt Romney as an independent candidate **and** also support Marco Rubio as the Republican candidate in a contest against Hillary Clinton, with Donald Trump running as an independent.

As Figure 7 demonstrates, fewer than half of those supporting Rubio as a Republican nominee say they would support Trump. Likewise, fewer than half of those supporting Trump as the Republican nominee would be willing to support Rubio. However, Tea Party supporters tend to be more flexible, with 38% of Tea-Party supporters indicating that they would support both Trump and Rubio if either were to become the Republican nominee, while only 16% of non-Tea Party supporters would be willing to support both.

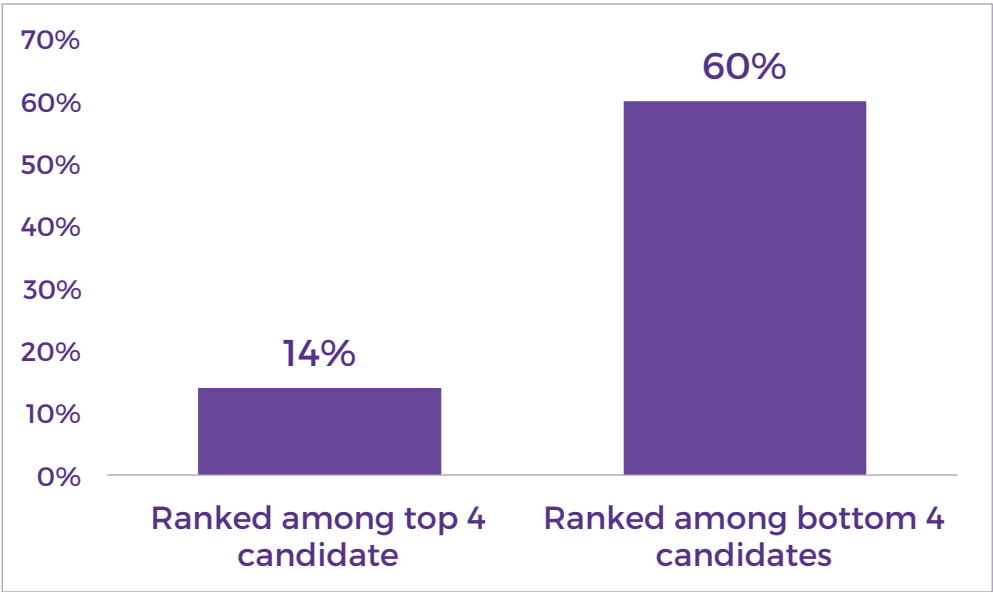
Figure 7: Consistency of Support for Republican Nominee in General Election



Implications for Bloomberg

In general the results of the survey are not overly promising for a potential Michael Bloomberg candidacy. The current candidate with the most Bloomberg-like positions, John Kasich, ranked amongst last in the candidate poll. As Figure 8 shows, roughly 60% of respondents ranked Kasich in the bottom (in either 8th, 9th, 10th, or 11th place) and only 14% of respondents ranking him within the top four candidates. Kasich was unpopular with both Tea Party and non-Tea Party candidates.

Figure 8: Popularity of John Kasich (Percentage ranking Kasich among top 4 and among bottom 4 candidates)



Appendix 1: Toplines

Survey of likely Republican and Independent voters, Jan 21 – Jan 25 and Feb 4 – Feb 8, 2016.
See fuller discussion of methodology on page 3 of this report

N= 1000 registered Republican and Independents

Question 1: How closely have you been following the 2016 presidential nomination contest?

Following presidential nomination contest:	Percent (%)
Very closely	41.5
Closely	31.7
Not too closely	22.2
Not closely at all	4.6
Total	100.0

Question 2: How likely are you to vote in your state's Republican presidential nomination primary/caucus this year?

Likely to vote in Republican presidential nomination:	Percent (%)
I am certain to vote	62.5
I am almost certain to vote	10.4
I will probably vote	10.7
I will probably not vote	7.4
I will almost certainly not vote	8.9
Total	100.0

Question 3a: Tea Party, treatment group 1: Do you consider yourself to be:

	Percent (%)
A strong Tea Party supporter	13.4
A Tea Party supporter, but not so strong	31.0
Formerly a Tea Party supporter, but not one now	3.2
Never a Tea Party supporter	52.3
Total	100.0

Question 3b: Tea Party, treatment group 2: Do you consider yourself to be:

	Percent (%)
A strong supporter of the Tea Party movement	14.4
A supporter of the Tea Party movement, but not so strong	31.0
Formerly a supporter of the Tea Party movement, but not one now	3.1
Never a supporter of the Tea Party movement	51.5
Total	100.0

Question 4: How would you describe your political philosophy overall?

	Percent (%)
Very liberal	1.5
Liberal	1.4
Somewhat liberal	3.8
Middle-of-the-road	22.5
Somewhat conservative	18.0
Conservative	33.7
Very conservative	14.7
Not sure	4.5
Total	100.0

Question 5: How would you describe the political philosophy overall of each of the following groups/individuals?

	Jeb Bush Percent (%)	Ben Carson Percent (%)	Chris Christie Percent (%)	Ted Cruz Percent (%)	John Kasich Percent (%)
Very liberal	2.6	1.0	2.7	0.7	1.7
Liberal	5.2	0.8	5.5	1.3	3.0
Somewhat liberal	8.7	4.2	11.4	2.1	7.6
Middle-of-the-road	19.0	8.6	19.1	7.4	16.5
Somewhat conservative	17.0	19.5	20.7	13.7	13.3
Conservative	23.2	30.2	17.0	24.4	15.0
Very conservative	8.0	18.2	5.7	34.0	5.1
Not sure	16.2	17.4	18.0	16.4	37.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

	Marco Rubio Percent (%)	Donald Trump Percent (%)	Democratic Party Percent (%)	Republican Party Percent (%)	Tea Party Percent (%)
Very liberal	1.1	5.4	55.1	1.3	1.0
Liberal	3.0	5.5	17.2	4.1	1.0
Somewhat liberal	4.5	7.7	5.0	6.3	1.7
Middle-of-the-road	13.7	15.5	6.3	14.2	9.2
Somewhat conservative	20.7	17.7	2.0	20.2	7.8
Conservative	29.8	18.6	2.1	32.4	22.2
Very conservative	9.5	15.2	1.5	11.0	38.4
Not sure	17.7	14.4	10.9	10.5	18.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Question 6: In the 2014 elections, which of the following activities (if any) did you perform for each of the following campaigns: *(check any and all that apply)*

Percent who reported engaging in the activity in campaign for:	Republican House candidate Percent (%)	Republican candidate for another office Percent (%)
Contributed money	11.8	9.2
Tried to convince friends to support	15.1	15.3
Wrote blogs, letters to editor, etc. in support	3.7	3.7
Telephone, door-to-door canvassing	1.8	0.9
Attended public meeting or rally	6.5	5.1
Voted for candidate	58.2	57.1

Question 7: During the 2012 presidential primary/caucus period, did you vote in the Republican presidential primary/caucus in your state?

	Percent (%)
Yes	57.4
No	30.5
Can't remember	12.1
Total	100.0

Question 8: On issues that matter to you in politics today would you say that your side has been:

	Percent (%)
Winning almost all the time	2.1
Winning most of the time	10.0
Winning about half the time	43.4
Losing most of the time	32.7
Losing almost all the time	11.7
Total	100.0

Question 9: Some people think the government should promote traditional values on social issues in our society. Others think the government should not favor any particular set of values. Which comes closer to your own view?

	Percent (%)
Government should promote traditional values on social issues	53.7
Government should not favor any particular set of values	46.3
Total	100.0

Question 10: How often can you trust the government in Washington to do what's right?

	Percent (%)
Almost always	1.1
Most of the time	4.5
Only some of the time	52.5
None of the time	41.8
Total	100.0

Question 11: How would you characterize the policies of the:

	Republican Party Percent (%)	Democratic Party Percent (%)	Tea Party Percent (%)
Almost always acceptable	9.7	0.8	10.9
Usually acceptable	52.0	11.7	39.3
Misguided but not threatening	22.8	20.6	29.2
So misguided that they threaten the nation's well-being	15.5	66.9	20.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Question 12: Please indicate which of the following issue areas (regardless of what side of the issue you are on) are top priorities for you personally (*select up to four*).

	Percent ranking issue				Total ranking
	First	Second	Third	Fourth	
Abortion	7.2	3.1	4.7	3.2	18.1
Reducing the budget deficit	9.3	10.7	14.4	13.0	47.5
Level of US military involvement abroad	2.5	4.2	4.5	7.0	18.2
Taxes	8.0	9.0	9.7	11.7	38.3
Immigration	12.0	16.9	11.6	12.4	52.8
Terrorism/ISIS	23.6	17.2	12.9	11.7	65.4
Gun control/gun rights	5.7	8.1	9.2	9.0	31.9
Size of government	7.8	8.8	10.5	10.1	37.3
Repeal Obamacare	12.3	10.5	11.4	11.7	45.9
Jobs	10.8	10.4	9.9	8.0	39.1

Question 13: Please indicate your position on each of the following issues:

	Increasing governmental regulation to deal with climate change Percent (%)	Reducing the deficit even if it means serious cuts to Social Security and Medicare benefits Percent (%)	Raising taxes on those with incomes over \$250,000/year Percent (%)	Flat income tax so everyone pays the same rate Percent (%)
Strongly favor	7.1	10.1	19.1	27.4
Favor	9.8	8.1	13.1	20.3
Slightly favor	15.5	11.6	18.4	15.2
Slightly oppose	6.6	12.8	11.5	8.9
Oppose	12.1	16.9	13.4	8.8
Strongly oppose	38.2	33.8	15.3	9.4
Not sure	10.7	6.7	9.2	9.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

	Returning the US to the gold standard Percent (%)	Abolishing the Department of Education Percent (%)	Sending US troops to fight ISIS Percent (%)	Raising national minimum wage to \$12/hour over the next 3 years Percent (%)	A constitutional amendment allowing states to bar gay marriage Percent (%)
Strongly favor	26.6	23.1	17.1	14.3	28.2
Favor	19.5	13.4	24.8	11.5	11.3
Slightly favor	15	13.1	21.7	13.1	11.4
Slightly oppose	4.6	9	8.8	11.8	6.4
Oppose	5.8	10.4	6.8	19.1	11
Strongly oppose	5.1	13.4	10.5	22.9	19.9
Not sure	23.4	17.6	10.3	7.4	11.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Question 14: Some people feel that in fighting terrorism important civil liberties are being ignored, while others feel that fighting terrorism is so important that some important civil liberties may need to be compromised. Which comes closest to your views?

Which comes closest to your views:	Percent (%)
Civil liberties are being compromised too much in the war against terrorism	41.8
The war against terror is so important that some civil liberties may need to be compromised	58.2
Total	100.0

Question 15: Please indicate how much you agree or disagree with each of the following statements:

	Strongly agree	Agree	Slightly agree	Slightly disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree	Not sure	Total
Over the past few years, blacks have gotten less than they deserve	4.3	5.8	5.8	12.3	20.8	43.6	7.3	100.0
It's really a matter of some people not trying hard enough; if blacks would only try harder they could be just as well off as whites	24.0	25.5	21.5	9.0	8.2	5.4	6.4	100.0
Generations of slavery and discrimination have created conditions that make it difficult for blacks to work their way out of the lower class	4.3	6.9	8.6	8.6	21.9	45.7	3.9	100.0
A national leader should follow the wishes of the community, even if that leader thinks the citizens are mistaken	10.6	27.5	22.7	12.9	10.7	3.1	12.5	100.0
What this country really needs today is a strong leader who will do whatever it takes to change things in Washington	48.2	24.7	16.8	2.2	1.2	1.7	5.1	100.0
The world would be a better place if we let unsuccessful people fail and suffer the consequences	19.4	22.4	19.6	10.5	8.4	7.0	12.6	100.0
There is no "one right way" to live life; everybody has to create their own way	27.4	33.4	15.7	5.7	6.3	6.2	5.1	100.0
When we feel strongly about political issues, we should not be willing to compromise with our political opponents	12.8	22.8	19.3	16.7	14.2	4.5	9.7	100.0

Question 16: Please rate the following people in comparison with other political leaders

	Jeb Bush Percent (%)	Ben Carson Percent (%)	Chris Christie Percent (%)	Ted Cruz Percent (%)	Carly Fiorina Percent (%)
Outstanding	2.0	5.5	1.5	11.1	5.1
Well above average	5.6	14.0	7.9	19.0	12.7
Slightly above average	13.3	19.0	18.6	17.8	14.5
Average	31.3	21.5	25.1	19.2	20.5
Slightly below average	12.1	10.8	14.0	8.0	10.3
Well below average	12.0	7.3	9.3	4.6	8.1
Poor	14.7	11.1	12.6	9.9	12.6
Not sure	9.1	10.8	11.1	10.5	16.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

	Mitch McConnell Percent (%)	Rand Paul Percent (%)	Marco Rubio Percent (%)	Paul Ryan Percent (%)	Donald Trump Percent (%)
Outstanding	0.5	4.3	7.2	7.4	16.6
Well above average	1.8	11.3	19.3	12.1	21.0
Slightly above average	4.9	15.7	22.5	14.1	13.7
Average	19.5	24.0	20.7	24.3	9.5
Slightly below average	13.5	12.5	6.8	11.0	8.6
Well below average	12.9	7.3	4.7	5.6	7.9
Poor	19.8	9.5	8.4	9.9	16.2
Not sure	27.1	15.5	10.4	15.6	6.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

	Hillary Clinton Percent (%)	Barack Obama Percent (%)	Bernie Sanders Percent (%)
Outstanding	2.2	2.8	2.4
Well above average	3.8	3.0	6.4
Slightly above average	4.2	5.3	9.8
Average	8.7	10.1	14.8
Slightly below average	7.6	6.3	8.3
Well below average	11.5	7.5	9.5
Poor	57.3	60.7	38.1
Not sure	4.8	4.4	10.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Question 17: Please rate the following in comparison with other political groups and institutions:

	Republican Party Percent (%)	Democratic Party Percent (%)	Tea Party movement Percent (%)
Outstanding	4.4	0.3	4.7
Well above average	16.1	1.0	12.1
Slightly above average	22.0	3.1	14.9
Average	26.9	17.5	20.3
Slightly below average	10.8	14.2	11.2
Well below average	6.0	19.1	9.7
Poor	9.0	40.1	14.8
Not sure	4.8	4.8	12.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Black Lives Matter movement Percent (%)	Christian Conservatives Percent (%)	Libertarians Percent (%)
Outstanding	0.2	7.5	4.1
Well above average	1.5	13.4	9.1
Slightly above average	2.3	12.5	12.8
Average	9.2	23.3	27.7
Slightly below average	9.2	10.3	11.9
Well below average	12.0	7.4	8.1
Poor	55.1	14.8	10.0
Not sure	10.4	10.7	16.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Muslims Percent (%)	Illegal immigrants Percent (%)	Network news Percent (%)
Outstanding	0.8	1.0	0.9
Well above average	1.2	0.6	2.1
Slightly above average	2.4	2.1	3.7
Average	20.9	11.2	18.9
Slightly below average	10.7	13.5	15.1
Well below average	14.1	15.3	18.1
Poor	36.3	46.0	33.6
Not sure	13.8	10.2	7.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Fox News Percent (%)	National Rifle Association (NRA) Percent (%)	Planned Parenthood Percent (%)
Outstanding	7.0	17.1	2.3
Well above average	13.5	18.7	4.0
Slightly above average	12.7	17.0	8.2
Average	22.0	22.0	16.0
Slightly below average	12.2	6.1	11.6
Well below average	10.7	4.2	9.8
Poor	14.0	7.5	42.7
Not sure	7.9	7.5	5.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
	United Nations Percent (%)	Labor unions Percent (%)	US Chamber of Commerce Percent (%)
Outstanding	1.6	1.3	0.8
Well above average	4.4	2.8	3.0
Slightly above average	7.4	6.7	8.7
Average	18.7	21.5	29.7
Slightly below average	11.2	15.3	14.1
Well below average	10.3	16.8	8.1
Poor	36.7	26.9	17.5
Not sure	9.8	8.7	18.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Question 18: If you were able to vote today in a primary for the Republican Presidential nomination and all the following were on the ballot, who would you vote for?

	Percent (%)
Jeb Bush	4.7
Ben Carson	7.3
Chris Christie	3.0
Ted Cruz	17.8
Carly Fiorina	2.7
Mike Huckabee	2.3
John Kasich	3.6
Rand Paul	7.2
Marco Rubio	12.3
Rick Santorum	0.7
Donald Trump	38.5
Total	100.0

Question 19: How likely is it that you might change your mind?

	Percent (%)
Very likely	8.3
Somewhat likely	31.0
Somewhat unlikely	28.1
Very unlikely	32.6
Total	100.0

Question 20: Thinking about what might cause you to change your mind about which candidate to vote for, indicate how important each of the factors would be:

	Very important Percent (%)	Somewhat important Percent (%)	Somewhat unimportant Percent (%)	Very unimportant Percent (%)	Total Percent (%)
Belief that candidate cannot win nomination	23.9	34.1	23.9	18.1	100.0
Belief that candidate cannot win any delegates in my state	15.6	34.7	27.8	21.8	100.0
Belief that candidate cannot defeat Democratic nominee	32.6	30.7	18.6	18.1	100.0
New information about the candidates	35.8	43.4	12.3	8.5	100.0

Question 21: Please rank the Republican candidates in order of your preference for the Republican nomination:

	Ranked 1 Percent	Ranked 2 Percent	Ranked 3 Percent	Ranked 4 Percent	Ranked 5 Percent	Ranked 6 Percent
Jeb Bush	5.0	7.6	9.6	9.0	8.5	6.5
Ben Carson	7.2	11.8	15.0	12.4	11.2	9.8
Chris Christie	3.3	8.0	10.2	9.3	7.0	9.3
Ted Cruz	16.5	19.5	11.3	10.7	6.6	4.9
Carly Fiorina	3.1	5.2	6.8	10.8	11.2	10.5
Mike Huckabee	2.3	4.4	7.3	7.9	11.1	11.7
John Kasich	3.3	3.2	4.8	4.7	7.4	8.4
Rand Paul	7.3	5.5	6.6	6.7	7.9	8.1
Marco Rubio	11.7	16.6	13.2	10.5	7.3	6.7
Rick Santorum	0.7	2.5	3.0	6.0	10.1	12.8
Donald Trump	35.4	10.0	5.7	4.2	3.5	2.9
	Ranked 7 Percent	Ranked 8 Percent	Ranked 9 Percent	Ranked 10 Percent	Ranked 11 Percent	Not ranked / Skipped Percent
Jeb Bush	7.5	6.6	7.5	10.1	14.6	7.5
Ben Carson	7.1	5.8	5.2	4.3	3.0	7.3
Chris Christie	8.1	8.6	8.0	11.0	9.2	7.9
Ted Cruz	5.3	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.2	7.6
Carly Fiorina	10.4	9.1	8.6	9.9	6.2	8.3
Mike Huckabee	11.4	13.7	9.2	7.1	4.7	9.2
John Kasich	8.9	13.6	14.0	13.1	9.8	8.8
Rand Paul	10.5	10.3	11.3	10.0	7.3	8.3
Marco Rubio	7.4	5.6	6.5	4.9	1.6	7.9
Rick Santorum	12.3	10.0	13.8	11.7	8.2	9.0
Donald Trump	2.0	2.9	2.1	3.8	21.4	6.2

Question 21a: Number of rankings

Percent ranking	Percent
No candidates (skipped question)	4.2
1	1.5
1 (out of those who ranked at least 1)	1.6
2	0.9
3	1.2
4	0.4
5	0.2
6	0.5
7	0.4
8	0.1
9	0.4
10	0.4
11	89.9
11 (out of those who ranked at least 1)	93.8
Total	100.0

Question 22: Of the following candidates, are there any you would **not support** for the 2016 Republican presidential nomination (**check all that apply**):

Could not support	Percent (%)
Jeb Bush	33.6
Ben Carson	22.0
Chris Christie	27.5
Ted Cruz	21.0
Carly Fiorina	28.2
Mike Huckabee	24.3
John Kasich	27.2
Rand Paul	22.3
Marco Rubio	18.2
Rick Santorum	26.9
Donald Trump	31.3
I could support all of them	23.5

Question 23: Below is a list of all the Republican presidential candidates, including some who have dropped out. Please indicate which of the following was **at one point** your top choice for the 2016 Republican nomination (check all that apply):

Was at some point top choice	Percent (%)
Jeb Bush	12.6
Ben Carson	24.3
Chris Christie	10.2
Ted Cruz	21.6
Carly Fiorina	11.3
Mike Huckabee	9.2
John Kasich	5.9
Rand Paul	9.7
Mitt Romney	12.1
Marco Rubio	21.0
Donald Trump	39.5
Scott Walker	13.7
None of these	10.3

Question 24: How likely do you think it is that each of the following will be the Republican nominee for President in 2016:

	Extremely likely	Likely	Somewhat likely	Tossup	Somewhat unlikely	Unlikely	Extremely unlikely	Total
Nominee for President	Percent (%)	Percent (%)	Percent (%)	Percent (%)	Percent (%)	Percent (%)	Percent (%)	Percent (%)
Jeb Bush	2.5	4.2	9.7	14.7	16.2	27.4	25.3	100.0
Ben Carson	2.0	6.1	11.8	15.3	21.5	25.1	18.2	100.0
Chris Christie	0.5	2.9	11.1	16.9	23.2	26.7	18.6	100.0
Ted Cruz	13.8	24.3	21.0	20.2	9.2	6.9	4.6	100.0
John Kasich	0.2	2.8	7.1	19.1	22.6	27.4	20.7	100.0
Marco Rubio	8.3	21.2	23.6	23.1	9.3	9.0	5.5	100.0
Donald Trump	32.1	28.8	15.1	11.8	2.7	3.9	5.6	100.0

Question 25: How likely is each of the following to win the 2016 presidential election, if he is the Republican Party nominee:

	Extremely likely	Likely	Somewhat likely	Tossup	Somewhat unlikely	Unlikely	Extremely unlikely	Not sure	Total
Likely to win election	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Jeb Bush	5.7	5.8	10.1	17.3	13.3	17.6	25.7	4.5	100.0
Ben Carson	4.9	9.4	14.3	19.6	12.8	14.9	20.1	4.0	100.0
Chris Christie	4.0	7.4	12.2	19.7	14.8	15.6	21.5	4.8	100.0
Ted Cruz	13.6	22.9	16.9	18.7	6.5	6.1	11.3	4.0	100.0
John Kasich	2.6	6.2	10.1	17.7	15.6	15.5	24.3	8.0	100.0
Marco Rubio	12.6	19.8	17.9	18.4	7.9	7.5	10.4	5.6	100.0
Donald Trump	29.9	18.4	14.8	13.1	4.6	3.9	12.2	3.0	100.0

Question 26: If Marco Rubio was the Republican nominee, Hillary Clinton was the Democratic nominee, and Donald Trump ran as an independent, who would you vote for:

	Percent (%)
Hillary Clinton, Democratic nominee	8.9
Marco Rubio, Republican nominee	50.1
Donald Trump, Independent candidate	41.0
Total	100.0

Question 27: If Donald Trump was the Republican nominee, Hillary Clinton was the Democratic nominee, and Mitt Romney ran as an independent, who would you vote for:

	Percent (%)
Hillary Clinton, Democratic nominee	9.2
Mitt Romney, Independent candidate	31.5
Donald Trump, Republican nominee	59.4
Total	100.0

Question 28: Ranked choice voting allows voters to rank candidates instead of vote for ONLY one. If one candidate is backed by a majority of voters, they win. If no candidate gets a majority, the last place finisher is dropped, and their supporters' votes are added to the totals of their next choice. This process repeats until the winner gets a majority of votes.

How much do you favor ranked choice voting in the following kinds of election?

	Primaries and caucuses Percent (%)	Local elections Percent (%)	State elections Percent (%)	Congressional elections Percent (%)	Presidential elections Percent (%)
Strongly favor	15.2	13.9	12.6	12.2	17.6
Favor	18.0	17.5	17.0	15.9	14.9
Slightly favor	18.6	17.9	18.8	16.6	11.0
Slightly oppose	5.7	8.7	7.8	7.3	6.0
Oppose	8.2	9.9	10.3	11.0	10.2
Strongly oppose	12.1	12.3	13.5	16.0	20.0
Not sure	22.2	19.8	20.0	21.1	20.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Question 29: The Republican Party has often changed the rules and schedule for choosing/selecting its presidential nominee. This year voting starts in February, not January. Some states use **winner-take-all rules**, where the candidate with the most votes wins all that state's delegates, while other states use **proportional allocation**, where each candidate wins delegates in proportion to their share of the vote. How much would you support the following changes?

	Strongly favor Percent (%)	Favor Percent (%)	Slightly favor Percent (%)	Slightly oppose Percent (%)	Oppose Percent (%)	Strongly oppose Percent (%)	Not sure Percent (%)	Total Percent (%)
Change calendar so that Iowa and New Hampshire don't always vote first	21.5	17.7	16.6	6.6	5.0	3.8	28.8	100.0
Have all states allocate delegates by winner-take-all rules	9.0	14.7	13.3	12.4	16.3	13.0	21.3	100.0
Have all states allocate delegates by proportional rules	14.1	19.3	18.3	8.5	9.2	5.6	25.0	100.0
Hold a national primary between top candidates	15.3	21.0	20.7	5.8	7.3	7.0	22.8	100.0
Let voters rank candidates so that your ballot can count for your 2nd choice if your 1st choice has too few votes to win delegates	17.5	19.9	19.7	7.8	7.1	7.6	20.6	100.0

Question 30: Here are proposals that people have made to change our elections. How much do you support the following proposed changes?

	Strongly favor Percent (%)	Favor Percent (%)	Slightly favor Percent (%)	Slightly oppose Percent (%)	Oppose Percent (%)	Strongly oppose Percent (%)	Not sure Percent (%)	Total Percent (%)
Require all congressional districts to be drawn by impartial commissions	27.0	23.6	15.4	4.4	4.3	3.9	21.3	100.0
Register all eligible citizens to vote and ensure no ineligible people are registered	49.7	18.2	10.7	4.1	3.2	5.2	8.9	100.0
Establish term limits for Congress	53.0	20.7	8.9	4.3	2.1	2.6	8.4	100.0
Make it easier for third parties and independents to get onto the ballot	28.4	26.4	18.4	6.1	4.1	3.5	13.2	100.0
Limit how much money donors can give to political campaigns	39.9	22.5	10.3	5.4	6.6	6.5	8.7	100.0
Allow unaffiliated voters to participate in "open primaries"	17.6	16.7	13.6	10.1	9.4	11.9	20.7	100.0
Require every voter to have photo identification	62.7	15.8	8.0	3.6	1.7	2.4	5.8	100.0
Elect president by a national popular vote	35.2	18.9	12.3	6.1	6.2	9.6	11.6	100.0

Question 31: By the year 2030, how much would you favor or oppose the following?

	Strongly favor Percent (%)	Favor Percent (%)	Slightly favor Percent (%)	Slightly oppose Percent (%)	Oppose Percent (%)	Strongly oppose Percent (%)	Not sure Percent (%)	Total Percent (%)
More competitive congressional elections even if my party might sometimes lose more seats	12.7	23.9	21.0	5.9	3.8	1.3	31.4	100.0
More Republicans winning in "blue states" and more Democrats winning in "red states"	6.1	16.0	17.1	8.9	5.4	4.6	41.8	100.0
More third parties and independents in Congress	17.9	23.8	22.9	6.0	4.2	4.0	21.3	100.0
More women in Congress	13.2	21.8	23.2	5.6	3.8	4.2	28.1	100.0
More people of color in Congress	9.8	19.4	23.6	5.4	4.1	6.5	31.3	100.0

Question 32: Imagine a ladder with steps numbered from 0 at the bottom to 10 at the top. The top of the ladder (10) represents the best possible life for you and the bottom of the ladder (0) represents the worst possible life for you.

	At this time Percent (%)	Five years ago Percent (%)	Five years from now Percent (%)
0 (worst possible life)	1.9	1.3	2.7
1	1.2	2.4	2.4
2	3.4	3.5	2.9
3	7.2	5.9	4.5
4	9.5	10.8	6.2
5	16.8	21.4	13.5
6	16.0	12.0	11.2
7	18.0	15.2	14.6
8	16.2	16.3	18.1
9	5.6	6.9	14.5
10 (best possible life)	4.1	4.2	9.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Question 33: Some people say they are content with the federal government, others say they are frustrated, and others say they are angry. Which of these best describes how you feel?

Feeling about the federal government	
	Percent (%)
Content	7.4
Frustrated	50.5
Angry	42.1
Total	100.0
No response	

Appendix 2: A closer look at the bases of support for reform

Question 28: Ranked Choice Voting

Ranked choice voting allows voters to rank candidates instead of vote for ONLY one. If one candidate is backed by a majority of voters, they win. If no candidate gets a majority, the last place finisher is dropped, and their supporters' votes are added to the totals of their next choice. This process repeats until the winner gets a majority of votes.

How much do you favor ranked choice voting in local elections?

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=474)	14.5%	16.9%	18.5%	49.9%	58.9%
Female (n=503)	13.3%	18.0%	17.2%	48.5%	64.1%
Total (n=977)	13.9%	17.4%	17.9%	49.2%	61.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=474)	7.1%	11.6%	16.1%	34.8%	15.3%
Female (n=503)	10.2%	8.4%	8.6%	27.2%	24.3%
Total (n=977)	8.7%	10.0%	12.3%	31.0%	19.8%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=101)	22.5%	12.5%	22.5%	57.5%	78.6%
30 - 60 years (n=492)	13.3%	19.3%	17.4%	49.9%	62.9%
Over 60 years (n=384)	10.8%	17.1%	16.8%	44.6%	52.5%
Total (n=977)	13.9%	17.4%	18.0%	49.3%	61.5%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=101)	6.3%	6.3%	3.1%	15.6%	26.9%
30 - 60 years (n=492)	8.3%	7.9%	13.3%	29.4%	20.7%
Over 60 years (n=384)	10.5%	14.7%	15.3%	40.4%	15.0%
Total (n=977)	8.7%	9.9%	12.3%	30.9%	19.8%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=842)	12.7%	18.1%	18.7%	49.4%	61.1%
All other races (n=135)	19.8%	14.4%	14.4%	48.5%	63.3%
Total (n=977)	13.9%	17.4%	18.0%	49.3%	61.5%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=842)	8.1%	10.9%	12.4%	31.5%	19.1%
All other races (n=135)	11.4%	5.4%	11.4%	28.1%	23.4%
Total (n=977)	8.7%	10.0%	12.2%	30.9%	19.8%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=564)	15.6%	20.6%	18.9%	55.0%	65.6%
Independent/Other (n=413)	11.4%	12.9%	16.7%	41.0%	54.8%
Total (n=977)	13.9%	17.4%	18.0%	49.3%	61.5%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=564)	7.6%	10.7%	10.6%	28.9%	16.1%
Independent/Other (n=413)	10.2%	9.0%	14.7%	33.8%	25.1%
Total (n=977)	8.7%	10.0%	12.2%	30.9%	19.8%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=261)	14.4%	17.1%	21.8%	53.4%	65.4%
Conservative (n=635)	12.5%	18.6%	15.0%	46.2%	56.0%
Other (n=81)	18.9%	13.1%	22.1%	54.1%	81.5%
Total (n=977)	13.9%	17.5%	18.0%	49.3%	61.5%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=261)	10.4%	6.7%	11.1%	28.2%	18.5%
Conservative (n=635)	8.9%	12.9%	14.5%	36.3%	17.5%
Other (n=81)	2.5%	4.9%	4.9%	12.3%	33.6%
Total (n=977)	8.6%	10.0%	12.3%	30.8%	19.8%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=42)	14.4%	16.9%	24.0%	55.3%	65.0%
Ben Carson (n=71)	7.7%	18.1%	17.8%	43.5%	52.4%
Chris Christie (n=28)	15.4%	15.9%	30.8%	62.0%	70.5%
Ted Cruz (n=214)	10.4%	20.6%	16.8%	47.8%	62.7%
Carly Fiorina (n=23)	11.8%	7.1%	16.1%	35.0%	43.2%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	14.8%	14.7%	16.5%	45.9%	69.3%
John Kasich (n=34)	14.5%	8.7%	13.3%	36.6%	50.5%
Rand Paul (n=55)	20.0%	11.4%	22.2%	53.6%	71.4%
Marco Rubio (n=127)	9.4%	25.3%	23.7%	58.4%	68.8%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	11.8%	33.6%	14.6%	60.0%	66.7%
Donald Trump (n=345)	17.4%	16.6%	15.5%	49.4%	59.3%
Total (n=964)	14.1%	17.6%	18.2%	49.9%	61.6%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=42)	16.4%	2.6%	10.7%	29.7%	15.0%
Ben Carson (n=71)	14.3%	21.1%	4.2%	39.6%	16.9%
Chris Christie (n=28)	7.3%	6.7%	11.9%	25.9%	12.0%
Ted Cruz (n=214)	7.9%	10.3%	10.3%	28.5%	23.7%
Carly Fiorina (n=23)	10.0%	5.3%	30.9%	46.1%	18.9%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	10.2%	8.3%	1.9%	20.4%	33.7%
John Kasich (n=34)	8.0%	9.3%	18.5%	35.8%	27.6%
Rand Paul (n=55)	3.2%	6.8%	11.5%	21.4%	25.0%
Marco Rubio (n=127)	5.1%	8.6%	12.8%	26.5%	15.1%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	10.1%	0.0%	19.9%	29.9%	10.1%
Donald Trump (n=345)	9.2%	10.8%	14.0%	34.0%	16.6%
Total (n=964)	8.7%	10.1%	12.4%	31.2%	18.9%

Question 29: Nomination rules

The Republican Party has often changed the rules and schedule for choosing/selecting its presidential nominee. This year voting starts in February, not January. Some states use winner-take-all rules, where the candidate with the most votes wins all that state's delegates, while other states use proportional allocation, where each candidate wins delegates in proportion to their share of the vote. How much would you support the following changes?

1) Change calendar so that Iowa and New Hampshire don't always vote first

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=478)	22.1%	17.4%	15.5%	54.9%	73.9%
Female (n=499)	20.9%	18.0%	17.7%	56.6%	83.3%
Total (n=977)	21.5%	17.7%	16.6%	55.8%	78.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=478)	7.0%	6.7%	5.8%	19.4%	25.7%
Female (n=499)	6.3%	3.3%	1.8%	11.4%	32.0%
Total (n=977)	6.6%	5.0%	3.8%	15.4%	28.8%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=99)	15.5%	8.1%	17.0%	40.5%	73.1%
30 - 60 years (n=490)	23.9%	19.4%	16.6%	59.9%	82.1%
Over 60 years (n=388)	21.0%	19.6%	16.3%	56.9%	74.9%
Total (n=977)	21.5%	17.7%	16.6%	55.8%	78.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=99)	10.7%	4.2%	0.0%	14.9%	44.5%
30 - 60 years (n=490)	5.4%	3.9%	3.8%	13.0%	27.1%
Over 60 years (n=388)	6.6%	7.0%	5.5%	19.1%	24.0%
Total (n=977)	6.6%	5.0%	3.8%	15.4%	28.8%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=842)	21.6%	19.3%	17.5%	58.3%	80.4%
All other races (n=135)	21.3%	9.9%	12.1%	43.2%	67.0%
Total (n=977)	21.5%	17.7%	16.6%	55.8%	78.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=842)	6.91%	4.12%	3.21%	14.2%	27.4%
All other races (n=135)	5.2%	9.4%	6.6%	21.3%	35.6%
Total (n=977)	6.6%	5.0%	3.8%	15.4%	28.8%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=564)	22.9%	18.4%	19.8%	61.1%	79.0%
Independent/Other (n=413)	19.5%	16.7%	11.9%	48.1%	77.1%
Total (n=977)	21.5%	17.7%	16.6%	55.8%	78.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=564)	6.6%	6.1%	3.5%	16.2%	22.7%
Independent/Other (n=413)	6.7%	3.5%	4.2%	14.3%	37.6%
Total (n=977)	6.6%	5.0%	3.8%	15.4%	28.8%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=261)	21.0%	14.3%	18.8%	54.1%	75.5%
Conservative (n=636)	21.5%	21.4%	15.8%	58.7%	79.3%
Other (n=80)	22.7%	8.7%	15.1%	46.5%	81.5%
Total (n=977)	21.5%	17.7%	16.6%	55.8%	78.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=261)	8.9%	3.2%	5.5%	17.6%	28.4%
Conservative (n=636)	5.9%	5.9%	3.6%	15.3%	26.0%
Other (n=80)	4.5%	5.6%	0.5%	10.5%	43.0%
Total (n=977)	6.6%	5.0%	3.8%	15.4%	28.8%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=42)	18.8%	20.4%	22.8%	62.0%	85.0%
Ben Carson (n=69)	16.5%	21.5%	18.3%	56.3%	81.6%
Chris Christie (n=28)	29.4%	10.5%	20.5%	60.4%	73.7%
Ted Cruz (n=214)	17.1%	17.3%	13.7%	48.1%	72.3%
Carly Fiorina (n=25)	9.0%	11.7%	19.0%	39.7%	52.3%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	22.2%	0.0%	45.4%	67.7%	94.4%
John Kasich (n=34)	31.0%	16.6%	13.3%	60.9%	90.0%
Rand Paul (n=55)	22.0%	6.6%	17.1%	45.7%	86.9%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	18.1%	21.0%	17.5%	56.5%	73.9%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	11.9%	36.5%	16.2%	64.5%	69.5%
Donald Trump (n=344)	26.0%	20.0%	14.8%	60.7%	80.4%
Total (n=965)	21.7%	17.8%	16.7%	56.2%	78.4%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=42)	4.2%	3.6%	3.2%	11.0%	27.0%
Ben Carson (n=69)	5.5%	2.2%	5.0%	12.7%	31.0%
Chris Christie (n=28)	16.7%	4.9%	0.0%	21.6%	18.0%
Ted Cruz (n=214)	5.5%	9.0%	3.9%	18.4%	33.5%
Carly Fiorina (n=25)	0.0%	4.9%	31.4%	36.3%	24.1%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	4.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.0%	28.3%
John Kasich (n=34)	5.1%	0.0%	1.6%	6.7%	32.3%
Rand Paul (n=55)	6.0%	0.0%	0.9%	6.9%	47.4%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	7.9%	8.5%	3.5%	20.0%	23.5%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	0.0%	28.4%	28.4%	7.2%
Donald Trump (n=344)	7.6%	4.7%	2.5%	14.8%	24.5%
Total (n=965)	6.7%	5.1%	3.8%	15.5%	28.3%

2) Have all states allocate delegates by proportional rules

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=476)	13.3%	19.1%	19.5%	51.9%	66.0%
Female (n=498)	14.9%	19.5%	17.1%	51.5%	72.3%
Total (n=974)	14.1%	19.3%	18.3%	51.7%	68.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=476)	8.4%	12.3%	6.2%	26.8%	21.3%
Female (n=498)	8.6%	6.1%	5.0%	19.7%	28.9%
Total (n=974)	8.5%	9.2%	5.6%	23.3%	25.1%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=99)	16.8%	16.7%	18.3%	51.8%	81.1%
30 - 60 years (n=488)	14.1%	18.3%	20.2%	52.6%	69.9%
Over 60 years (n=387)	12.8%	21.9%	15.6%	50.3%	63.2%
Total (n=974)	14.1%	19.3%	18.3%	51.7%	68.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=99)	6.5%	3.6%	2.0%	12.1%	36.1%
30 - 60 years (n=488)	7.0%	8.2%	7.4%	22.6%	24.8%
Over 60 years (n=387)	11.5%	13.2%	4.6%	29.3%	20.4%
Total (n=974)	8.5%	9.2%	5.6%	23.3%	25.1%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=839)	12.7%	20.1%	18.4%	51.2%	68.6%
All other races (n=135)	21.0%	15.4%	17.7%	54.0%	70.4%
Total (n=974)	14.1%	19.3%	18.3%	51.7%	68.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=839)	8.5%	10.0%	4.9%	23.4%	25.4%
All other races (n=135)	8.4%	5.3%	9.0%	22.7%	23.4%
Total (n=974)	8.5%	9.2%	5.6%	23.3%	25.1%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=562)	13.6%	19.9%	19.5%	53.0%	67.6%
Independent/Other (n=412)	14.7%	18.5%	16.6%	49.8%	71.1%
Total (n=974)	14.1%	19.3%	18.3%	51.7%	68.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=562)	8.6%	11.7%	5.1%	25.4%	21.7%
Independent/Other (n=412)	8.3%	5.7%	6.3%	20.3%	29.9%
Total (n=974)	8.5%	9.2%	5.6%	23.3%	25.1%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion	
Moderate (n=259)	16.5%	20.1%	22.7%	59.3%		75.6%
Conservative (n=635)	12.1%	20.3%	15.4%	47.8%		63.2%
Other (n=80)	17.6%	12.4%	21.1%	51.1%		80.4%
Total (n=974)	14.1%	19.3%	18.3%	51.7%		68.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure	
Moderate (n=259)	6.6%	6.2%	6.4%	19.2%		21.6%
Conservative (n=635)	9.7%	12.2%	5.8%	27.8%		24.5%
Other (n=80)	7.4%	2.7%	2.3%	12.5%		36.5%
Total (n=974)	8.5%	9.2%	5.6%	23.3%		25.1%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion	
Jeb Bush (n=42)	15.9%	20.1%	24.1%	60.0%		77.2%
Ben Carson (n=68)	17.1%	22.4%	13.6%	53.1%		71.5%
Chris Christie (n=28)	13.8%	17.5%	16.8%	48.1%		60.1%
Ted Cruz (n=213)	12.4%	13.5%	18.9%	44.8%		62.5%
Carly Fiorina (n=25)	7.9%	11.3%	24.1%	43.3%		52.0%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	4.6%	12.4%	24.0%	41.0%		76.8%
John Kasich (n=33)	14.9%	22.0%	18.0%	54.9%		69.4%
Rand Paul (n=55)	24.9%	18.2%	26.8%	69.9%		85.3%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	8.6%	28.3%	15.8%	52.7%		69.5%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	25.9%	15.7%	10.1%	51.7%		83.7%
Donald Trump (n=344)	14.8%	20.0%	17.1%	51.9%		68.0%
Total (n=962)	14.2%	19.5%	18.4%	52.0%		68.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure	
Jeb Bush (n=42)	10.4%	2.0%	5.3%	17.7%		22.3%
Ben Carson (n=68)	11.0%	8.4%	1.8%	21.2%		25.7%
Chris Christie (n=28)	7.3%	19.0%	5.7%	32.0%		20.0%
Ted Cruz (n=213)	8.3%	14.7%	3.8%	26.8%		28.4%
Carly Fiorina (n=25)	5.9%	2.1%	32.0%	40.0%		16.7%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	4.0%	0.0%	8.4%	12.4%		46.6%
John Kasich (n=33)	9.0%	6.6%	8.6%	24.2%		21.0%
Rand Paul (n=55)	3.6%	5.3%	3.2%	12.1%		18.0%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	8.3%	7.1%	7.7%	23.1%		24.2%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	0.0%	10.1%	10.1%		38.3%
Donald Trump (n=344)	9.8%	10.1%	4.6%	24.5%		23.6%
Total (n=962)	8.6%	9.3%	5.6%	23.5%		24.5%

3) Hold a national primary between top candidates

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=475)	13.6%	19.6%	19.0%	52.2%	65.6%
Female (n=498)	17.0%	22.5%	22.4%	61.9%	82.8%
Total (n=973)	15.3%	21.0%	20.7%	57.0%	73.8%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=475)	6.9%	9.9%	10.6%	27.4%	20.5%
Female (n=498)	4.8%	4.7%	3.4%	12.9%	25.2%
Total (n=973)	5.8%	7.3%	7.0%	20.2%	22.8%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=99)	18.7%	13.8%	21.2%	53.7%	77.1%
30 - 60 years (n=488)	14.8%	22.4%	20.9%	58.1%	76.2%
Over 60 years (n=386)	14.4%	22.4%	20.2%	57.0%	69.5%
Total (n=973)	15.3%	21.0%	20.7%	57.0%	73.8%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=99)	7.5%	3.0%	5.5%	16.0%	30.3%
30 - 60 years (n=488)	4.8%	7.4%	5.9%	18.2%	23.8%
Over 60 years (n=386)	6.5%	9.2%	9.3%	25.0%	17.9%
Total (n=973)	5.8%	7.3%	7.0%	20.2%	22.8%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=839)	15.2%	21.8%	21.0%	57.9%	74.9%
All other races (n=134)	15.9%	17.5%	19.0%	52.4%	68.5%
Total (n=973)	15.3%	21.0%	20.7%	57.0%	73.8%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=839)	5.2%	7.6%	6.6%	19.4%	22.7%
All other races (n=134)	9.1%	6.0%	9.0%	24.1%	23.5%
Total (n=973)	5.8%	7.3%	7.0%	20.2%	22.8%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=560)	17.3%	20.0%	22.6%	59.9%	74.1%
Independent/Other (n=413)	12.4%	22.5%	18.0%	52.8%	73.5%
Total (n=973)	15.3%	21.0%	20.7%	57.0%	73.8%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=560)	5.9%	9.2%	5.9%	21.0%	19.1%
Independent/Other (n=413)	5.7%	4.7%	8.7%	19.1%	28.1%
Total (n=973)	5.8%	7.3%	7.0%	20.2%	22.8%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=262)	12.9%	22.7%	26.0%	61.7%	76.9%
Conservative (n=633)	14.5%	22.7%	19.5%	56.7%	71.0%
Other (n=78)	24.8%	9.1%	12.8%	46.6%	82.0%
Total (n=973)	15.3%	21.0%	20.7%	57.0%	73.8%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=262)	4.0%	4.4%	10.1%	18.5%	19.8%
Conservative (n=633)	7.4%	9.5%	6.3%	23.2%	20.1%
Other (n=78)	3.2%	4.4%	2.6%	10.2%	43.2%
Total (n=973)	5.8%	7.3%	7.0%	20.2%	22.8%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=42)	13.2%	24.6%	19.3%	57.2%	74.8%
Ben Carson (n=68)	14.4%	20.0%	22.2%	56.6%	78.6%
Chris Christie (n=28)	9.5%	27.9%	15.2%	52.6%	71.8%
Ted Cruz (n=213)	11.8%	16.4%	16.9%	45.1%	62.3%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	6.6%	15.5%	19.7%	41.7%	50.8%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	14.5%	23.6%	11.2%	49.2%	79.9%
John Kasich (n=34)	15.6%	24.3%	18.6%	58.6%	71.1%
Rand Paul (n=55)	20.0%	20.7%	18.6%	59.3%	81.6%
Marco Rubio (n=128)	12.8%	20.5%	25.7%	59.0%	71.4%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	7.2%	10.1%	41.0%	58.2%	74.6%
Donald Trump (n=344)	18.9%	23.2%	22.3%	64.5%	79.0%
Total (n=961)	15.4%	21.2%	20.8%	57.4%	73.8%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=42)	9.3%	0.0%	10.0%	19.3%	23.6%
Ben Carson (n=68)	4.4%	7.8%	3.3%	15.4%	28.0%
Chris Christie (n=28)	7.5%	10.1%	3.0%	20.6%	26.7%
Ted Cruz (n=213)	9.5%	10.1%	7.7%	27.3%	27.6%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	3.7%	3.9%	32.9%	40.4%	17.9%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	4.0%	0.0%	8.4%	12.4%	38.4%
John Kasich (n=34)	9.8%	9.4%	4.7%	23.9%	17.6%
Rand Paul (n=55)	3.6%	5.0%	4.8%	13.3%	27.3%
Marco Rubio (n=128)	3.0%	14.5%	6.2%	23.6%	17.4%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	19.8%	0.0%	19.8%	22.0%
Donald Trump (n=344)	5.3%	5.2%	6.6%	17.2%	18.4%
Total (n=961)	5.9%	7.4%	7.0%	20.3%	22.2%

4) Let voters rank candidates so that your ballot can count for your 2nd choice if your 1st choice has too few votes to win delegates

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion	
Male (n=477)	17.9%	19.0%	19.2%	56.0%		67.0%
Female (n=499)	17.0%	20.9%	20.3%	58.2%		77.4%
Total (n=976)	17.5%	19.9%	19.7%	57.1%		71.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure	
Male (n=477)		8.7%	7.9%	11.1%	27.6%	16.3%
Female (n=499)		6.8%	6.2%	3.9%	17.0%	24.8%
Total (n=976)		7.8%	7.0%	7.6%	22.4%	20.5%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion	
Under 30 years (n=99)	31.2%	10.8%	20.4%	62.4%		81.0%
30 - 60 years (n=489)	17.0%	22.5%	21.4%	60.9%		75.5%
Over 60 years (n=388)	11.7%	20.2%	17.0%	48.8%		62.1%
Total (n=976)	17.4%	19.8%	19.7%	56.9%		71.7%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure	
Under 30 years (n=99)	9.6%	2.5%	2.5%	14.6%		22.9%
30 - 60 years (n=489)	6.2%	6.4%	7.1%	19.8%		19.3%
Over 60 years (n=388)	9.1%	10.2%	10.5%	29.8%		21.3%
Total (n=976)	7.8%	7.1%	7.6%	22.4%		20.6%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion	
White, non-Hispanic (n=841)	17.0%	21.0%	20.3%	58.2%		71.8%
All other races (n=135)	20.4%	14.4%	16.2%	50.9%		70.8%
Total (n=976)	17.5%	19.9%	19.6%	57.0%		71.7%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure	
White, non-Hispanic (n=841)	7.7%	7.2%	7.9%	22.9%		18.9%
All other races (n=135)	8.4%	6.6%	6.0%	21.0%		28.1%
Total (n=976)	7.8%	7.1%	7.5%	22.5%		20.5%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion	
Republican (n=560)	18.5%	20.4%	21.8%	60.6%		71.6%
Independent/Other (n=416)	16.1%	19.1%	16.6%	51.9%		72.1%
Total (n=976)	17.5%	19.9%	19.7%	57.0%		71.8%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure	
Republican (n=560)	8.4%	7.8%	7.8%	24.0%		15.3%
Independent/Other (n=416)	6.9%	6.0%	7.2%	20.1%		28.0%
Total (n=976)	7.8%	7.1%	7.6%	22.4%		20.6%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=262)	18.3%	20.9%	23.3%	62.5%	77.0%
Conservative (n=634)	16.6%	21.1%	17.9%	55.6%	68.4%
Other (n=80)	19.3%	10.9%	19.3%	49.6%	75.6%
Total (n=976)	17.5%	19.8%	19.7%	57.0%	71.8%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=262)	5.0%	6.0%	7.6%	18.6%	18.9%
Conservative (n=634)	8.9%	8.2%	8.6%	25.8%	18.6%
Other (n=80)	9.2%	5.0%	1.7%	16.0%	34.5%
Total (n=976)	7.8%	7.2%	7.5%	22.4%	20.6%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=41)	17.1%	15.3%	21.4%	53.8%	68.6%
Ben Carson (n=70)	30.9%	19.0%	16.5%	66.3%	83.1%
Chris Christie (n=28)	17.7%	20.6%	22.5%	60.7%	76.8%
Ted Cruz (n=213)	14.8%	18.5%	15.3%	48.6%	66.4%
Carly Fiorina (n=25)	5.8%	25.1%	17.7%	48.6%	55.1%
Mike Huckabee (n=16)	12.4%	16.7%	28.8%	57.9%	100.0%
John Kasich (n=34)	18.5%	24.4%	11.3%	54.2%	75.6%
Rand Paul (n=55)	22.6%	17.1%	26.5%	66.1%	81.2%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	12.8%	25.9%	23.2%	62.0%	73.4%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	6.0%	63.5%	10.1%	79.6%	90.2%
Donald Trump (n=345)	18.2%	18.7%	20.5%	57.4%	69.0%
Total (n=964)	17.6%	20.0%	19.9%	57.4%	71.8%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=41)	13.1%	3.2%	8.4%	24.7%	21.6%
Ben Carson (n=70)	2.6%	9.4%	1.4%	13.5%	20.2%
Chris Christie (n=28)	6.0%	8.0%	4.4%	18.4%	20.9%
Ted Cruz (n=213)	8.0%	7.7%	9.0%	24.6%	26.8%
Carly Fiorina (n=25)	7.8%	2.7%	29.1%	39.7%	11.8%
Mike Huckabee (n=16)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	42.1%
John Kasich (n=34)	0.0%	9.8%	7.6%	17.4%	28.3%
Rand Paul (n=55)	10.3%	0.7%	4.3%	15.3%	18.5%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	3.8%	8.3%	10.3%	22.4%	15.6%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	8.5%	0.0%	8.5%	11.8%
Donald Trump (n=345)	10.5%	8.2%	7.1%	25.8%	16.8%
Total (n=964)	7.9%	7.2%	7.6%	22.6%	20.0%

Question 30: Here are proposals that people have made to change our elections. How much do you support the following proposed changes?

1) Require all congressional districts to be drawn by impartial commissions

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=478)	28.6%	22.3%	15.5%	66.4%	76.9%
Female (n=499)	25.4%	24.9%	15.4%	65.7%	92.6%
Total (n=977)	27.0%	23.6%	15.4%	66.1%	83.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=478)	5.5%	7.0%	7.5%	20.0%	13.6%
Female (n=499)	3.4%	1.6%	0.3%	5.3%	29.1%
Total (n=977)	4.4%	4.3%	4.0%	12.7%	21.3%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=100)	25.0%	12.2%	11.4%	48.6%	75.1%
30 - 60 years (n=489)	26.4%	24.0%	16.5%	66.9%	84.6%
Over 60 years (n=388)	28.9%	28.4%	15.7%	73.0%	86.2%
Total (n=977)	27.0%	23.6%	15.4%	66.1%	83.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=100)	7.0%	3.7%	5.4%	16.1%	35.3%
30 - 60 years (n=489)	3.8%	3.7%	4.7%	12.2%	20.9%
Over 60 years (n=388)	4.1%	5.4%	2.2%	11.7%	15.3%
Total (n=977)	4.4%	4.3%	4.0%	12.7%	21.3%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n= 843)	26.7%	23.6%	16.6%	66.9%	84.6%
All other races (n=134)	28.5%	23.4%	9.9%	61.7%	80.4%
Total (n=977)	27.0%	23.6%	15.4%	66.1%	83.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n= 843)	4.3%	4.8%	3.1%	12.2%	20.9%
All other races (n=134)	5.0%	2.0%	8.1%	15.0%	23.2%
Total (n=977)	4.4%	4.3%	4.0%	12.7%	21.3%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=563)	26.3%	23.2%	15.7%	65.2%	82.0%
Independent/Other (n=414)	28.1%	24.2%	15.0%	67.3%	86.8%
Total (n=977)	27.0%	23.6%	15.4%	66.1%	83.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=563)	6.4%	5.4%	2.5%	14.3%	20.5%
Independent/Other (n=414)	1.6%	2.7%	6.0%	10.3%	22.4%
Total (n=977)	4.4%	4.3%	4.0%	12.7%	21.3%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=262)	28.8%	24.2%	17.4%	70.4%	85.8%
Conservative (n=635)	26.8%	25.2%	13.6%	65.6%	81.9%
Other (n=80)	23.7%	14.8%	18.9%	57.4%	89.5%
Total (n=977)	27.0%	23.6%	15.4%	66.1%	83.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=262)	3.0%	2.2%	6.6%	11.7%	17.9%
Conservative (n=635)	5.0%	6.1%	3.4%	14.5%	19.9%
Other (n=80)	5.6%	1.2%	0.0%	6.7%	35.9%
Total (n=977)	4.4%	4.3%	4.0%	12.7%	21.3%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=42)	28.2%	18.5%	23.1%	69.8%	89.5%
Ben Carson (n=68)	19.9%	24.7%	16.3%	60.9%	77.5%
Chris Christie (n=28)	20.7%	45.5%	18.3%	84.4%	100.0%
Ted Cruz (n=214)	24.0%	26.2%	12.5%	62.7%	80.1%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	18.8%	8.9%	14.8%	42.5%	55.5%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	12.6%	38.6%	0.0%	51.2%	96.5%
John Kasich (n=34)	34.1%	36.2%	9.4%	79.7%	96.3%
Rand Paul (n=55)	36.5%	26.8%	12.8%	76.0%	92.6%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	20.0%	26.8%	12.0%	58.7%	73.0%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	49.0%	0.0%	16.2%	65.1%	88.4%
Donald Trump (n=346)	31.3%	19.4%	18.6%	69.3%	86.7%
Total (n=964)	27.1%	23.8%	15.4%	66.4%	83.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=42)	6.6%	1.7%	0.0%	8.2%	22.0%
Ben Carson (n=68)	12.2%	3.8%	1.7%	17.7%	21.4%
Chris Christie (n=28)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	15.6%
Ted Cruz (n=214)	6.2%	6.8%	2.7%	15.6%	21.7%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	0.0%	3.5%	30.6%	34.1%	23.4%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	0.0%	1.9%	0.0%	1.9%	47.0%
John Kasich (n=34)	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%	3.0%	17.3%
Rand Paul (n=55)	3.0%	1.5%	1.6%	6.1%	17.9%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	8.4%	7.5%	5.7%	21.7%	19.6%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	8.5%	0.0%	8.5%	26.4%
Donald Trump (n=346)	2.4%	3.7%	4.6%	10.7%	20.1%
Total (n=964)	4.5%	4.3%	4.0%	12.8%	20.9%

2) Register all eligible citizens to vote and ensure no ineligible people are registered

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=474)	48.9%	15.4%	12.8%	77.2%	82.8%
Female (n=501)	50.5%	21.0%	8.6%	80.0%	90.0%
Total (n=975)	49.7%	18.2%	10.7%	78.6%	86.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=474)	3.8%	4.2%	8.0%	16.0%	6.8%
Female (n=501)	4.5%	2.2%	2.3%	8.9%	11.1%
Total (n=975)	4.1%	3.2%	5.2%	12.5%	8.9%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=100)	39.5%	15.3%	13.1%	67.9%	78.8%
30 - 60 years (n=490)	46.6%	18.2%	12.9%	77.7%	85.6%
Over 60 years (n=385)	59.0%	19.5%	6.5%	84.9%	90.6%
Total (n=975)	49.7%	18.2%	10.7%	78.6%	86.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=100)	8.9%	2.4%	7.0%	18.3%	13.8%
30 - 60 years (n=490)	3.8%	3.7%	5.7%	13.1%	9.2%
Over 60 years (n=385)	2.3%	3.0%	3.6%	8.9%	6.2%
Total (n=975)	4.1%	3.2%	5.2%	12.5%	8.9%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=841)	50.5%	19.7%	10.9%	81.1%	88.4%
All other races (n=134)	46.0%	10.9%	9.6%	66.5%	75.6%
Total (n=975)	49.7%	18.2%	10.7%	78.6%	86.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=841)	3.1%	3.0%	4.5%	10.6%	8.3%
All other races (n=134)	9.1%	4.3%	8.1%	21.5%	12.1%
Total (n=975)	4.1%	3.2%	5.2%	12.5%	8.9%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=561)	53.5%	18.4%	9.4%	81.4%	87.0%
Independent/Other (n=414)	44.3%	17.9%	12.5%	74.7%	85.2%
Total (n=975)	49.7%	18.2%	10.7%	78.6%	86.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=561)	4.0%	3.2%	5.0%	12.1%	6.5%
Independent/Other (n=414)	4.3%	3.2%	5.4%	13.0%	12.4%
Total (n=975)	4.1%	3.2%	5.2%	12.5%	8.9%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=261)	40.1%	24.4%	15.0%	79.4%	85.8%
Conservative (n=634)	56.1%	16.5%	7.6%	80.1%	86.1%
Other (n=80)	44.4%	10.5%	14.8%	69.7%	89.1%
Total (n=975)	49.7%	18.2%	10.7%	78.6%	86.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=261)	4.0%		3.5%	5.7%	7.4%
Conservative (n=634)	3.8%		3.7%	5.5%	6.9%
Other (n=80)	6.0%		0.3%	2.2%	21.8%
Total (n=975)	4.1%		3.2%	5.2%	8.9%

Voting intention

	Total favor				Total favor, of those with an opinion
	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor		
Jeb Bush (n=42)	41.9%	17.8%	18.4%	78.2%	84.5%
Ben Carson (n=69)	50.6%	20.3%	10.5%	81.4%	89.6%
Chris Christie (n=28)	44.4%	31.0%	8.9%	84.3%	89.3%
Ted Cruz (n=214)	45.6%	15.0%	13.3%	73.8%	85.2%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	42.4%	0.0%	10.5%	52.8%	59.3%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	45.6%	33.2%	8.0%	86.8%	97.9%
John Kasich (n=34)	49.4%	33.7%	3.1%	86.2%	89.2%
Rand Paul (n=55)	35.6%	12.8%	22.3%	70.7%	77.8%
Marco Rubio (n=127)	47.6%	20.8%	9.0%	77.5%	80.7%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	72.0%	0.0%	16.2%	88.1%	88.1%
Donald Trump (n=345)	57.6%	17.9%	8.1%	83.7%	90.9%
Total (n=963)	50.1%	18.3%	10.8%	79.2%	86.5%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=42)	9.6%	4.7%	0.0%	14.3%	7.5%
Ben Carson (n=69)	0.0%	5.0%	4.5%	9.5%	9.1%
Chris Christie (n=28)	5.8%	0.0%	4.4%	10.1%	5.6%
Ted Cruz (n=214)	0.7%	6.0%	6.1%	12.9%	13.3%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	0.0%	2.8%	33.5%	36.2%	11.0%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	0.0%	1.9%	0.0%	1.9%	11.3%
John Kasich (n=34)	10.5%	0.0%	0.0%	10.5%	3.3%
Rand Paul (n=55)	8.6%	2.6%	9.0%	20.2%	9.1%
Marco Rubio (n=127)	5.7%	6.1%	6.7%	18.5%	4.0%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	11.9%	0.0%	11.9%	0.0%
Donald Trump (n=345)	4.0%	1.1%	3.4%	8.4%	7.9%
Total (n=963)	4.0%	3.2%	5.2%	12.4%	8.4%

3) Establish term limits for Congress

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=475)	55.2%	16.3%	9.2%	80.7%	85.7%
Female (n=500)	50.8%	25.2%	8.6%	84.5%	95.0%
Total (n=975)	53.0%	20.7%	8.9%	82.6%	90.2%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=475)	6.1%	3.1%	4.3%	13.5%	5.8%
Female (n=500)	2.5%	1.2%	0.8%	4.4%	11.1%
Total (n=975)	4.3%	2.1%	2.6%	9.0%	8.4%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=100)	38.3%	16.3%	14.3%	68.9%	79.7%
30 - 60 years (n=490)	48.7%	23.9%	9.6%	82.2%	90.6%
Over 60 years (n=385)	66.1%	18.3%	5.3%	89.6%	94.2%
Total (n=975)	53.0%	20.7%	8.9%	82.6%	90.2%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=100)	9.0%	2.4%	6.2%	17.6%	13.6%
30 - 60 years (n=490)	3.9%	1.5%	3.2%	8.6%	9.2%
Over 60 years (n=385)	2.6%	2.9%	0.0%	5.5%	4.9%
Total (n=975)	4.3%	2.1%	2.6%	9.0%	8.4%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=841)	54.4%	20.8%	9.0%	84.2%	90.8%
All other races (n=134)	46.4%	20.4%	8.1%	75.0%	86.9%
Total (n=975)	53.0%	20.7%	8.9%	82.6%	90.2%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=841)	4.3%	2.2%	2.1%	8.5%	7.3%
All other races (n=134)	4.4%	2.0%	5.0%	11.3%	13.7%
Total (n=975)	4.3%	2.1%	2.6%	9.0%	8.4%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=562)		53.3%	22.1%	10.0%	85.4%
Independent/Other (n=413)		52.6%	18.7%	7.3%	78.6%
Total (n=975)		53.0%	20.7%	8.9%	82.6%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=562)	5.6%		2.2%	0.7%	8.6%
Independent/Other (n=413)	2.4%		2.0%	5.2%	9.6%
Total (n=975)	4.3%		2.1%	2.6%	9.0%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=259)	48.3%	22.8%	9.0%	80.1%	86.5%
Conservative (n=636)	58.5%	20.8%	8.5%	87.8%	92.2%
Other (n=80)	39.3%	15.1%	10.3%	64.7%	89.3%
Total (n=975)	53.0%	20.7%	8.9%	82.6%	90.2%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=259)	4.1%	1.9%	6.5%	12.5%	7.5%
Conservative (n=636)	4.4%	2.2%	0.8%	7.4%	4.8%
Other (n=80)	4.2%	2.6%	1.0%	7.8%	27.5%
Total (n=975)	4.3%	2.1%	2.6%	9.0%	8.4%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=42)	40.0%	25.6%	14.0%	79.6%	89.2%
Ben Carson (n=69)	48.1%	22.2%	4.2%	74.5%	81.5%
Chris Christie (n=28)	49.1%	18.7%	19.5%	87.2%	95.2%
Ted Cruz (n=213)	56.2%	20.3%	10.1%	86.5%	96.5%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	46.9%	3.8%	9.6%	60.3%	62.9%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	27.9%	22.7%	8.0%	58.6%	96.9%
John Kasich (n=33)	43.8%	37.3%	0.0%	81.1%	81.1%
Rand Paul (n=55)	55.8%	9.6%	18.1%	83.5%	86.1%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	54.8%	22.0%	8.8%	85.6%	88.9%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	63.5%	26.4%	0.0%	89.9%	100.0%
Donald Trump (n=345)	56.9%	21.5%	7.2%	85.6%	92.4%
Total (n=963)	53.4%	20.8%	9.0%	83.1%	90.2%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=42)	7.7%	0.0%	2.0%	9.7%	10.8%
Ben Carson (n=69)	11.8%	3.5%	1.6%	16.9%	8.7%
Chris Christie (n=28)	0.0%	4.4%	0.0%	4.4%	8.5%
Ted Cruz (n=213)	0.7%	2.3%	0.3%	3.2%	10.3%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	0.0%	7.7%	27.8%	35.6%	4.2%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	0.0%	1.9%	0.0%	1.9%	39.5%
John Kasich (n=33)	13.9%	5.1%	0.0%	18.9%	0.0%
Rand Paul (n=55)	5.4%	3.4%	4.7%	13.5%	3.0%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	8.5%	1.4%	0.8%	10.7%	3.8%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.1%
Donald Trump (n=345)	2.7%	1.2%	3.0%	7.0%	7.5%
Total (n=963)	4.3%	2.1%	2.6%	9.0%	7.9%

4) Make it easier for third parties and independents to get onto the ballot

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=479)	32.5%	27.8%	17.5%	77.8%	84.1%
Female (n=500)	24.2%	25.0%	19.2%	68.4%	84.5%
Total (n=979)	28.4%	26.4%	18.4%	73.1%	84.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=479)	5.3%	5.1%	4.3%	14.7%	7.5%
Female (n=500)	6.8%	3.0%	2.7%	12.5%	19.1%
Total (n=979)	6.1%	4.1%	3.5%	13.7%	13.2%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=99)	29.0%	31.0%	13.7%	73.8%	88.6%
30 - 60 years (n=491)	28.4%	25.4%	18.0%	71.9%	84.5%
Over 60 years (n=389)	27.9%	25.7%	21.0%	74.6%	82.2%
Total (n=979)	28.4%	26.4%	18.4%	73.1%	84.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=99)	3.1%	4.8%	1.5%	9.5%	16.8%
30 - 60 years (n=491)	5.7%	3.3%	4.2%	13.2%	15.0%
Over 60 years (n=389)	8.0%	4.7%	3.4%	16.2%	9.2%
Total (n=979)	6.1%	4.1%	3.5%	13.7%	13.2%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=845)	27.3%	28.1%	19.0%	74.4%	85.2%
All other races (n=134)	33.4%	18.3%	15.4%	67.1%	79.7%
Total (n=979)	28.4%	26.4%	18.4%	73.1%	84.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=845)	6.4%	3.7%	2.8%	12.9%	12.7%
All other races (n=134)	4.4%	5.7%	7.1%	17.1%	15.7%
Total (n=979)	6.1%	4.1%	3.5%	13.7%	13.2%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=564)	20.8%	26.8%	21.4%	69.1%	79.7%
Independent/Other (n=415)	39.1%	25.8%	14.0%	78.9%	90.7%
Total (n=979)	28.4%	26.4%	18.4%	73.1%	84.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=564)	8.6%	5.2%	3.8%	17.6%	13.4%
Independent/Other (n=415)	2.5%	2.4%	3.1%	8.1%	13.0%
Total (n=979)	6.1%	4.1%	3.5%	13.7%	13.2%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=261)	36.1%	27.9%	15.8%	79.8%	89.2%
Conservative (n=638)	23.1%	26.4%	21.5%	71.1%	80.7%
Other (n=80)	33.6%	22.5%	10.3%	66.4%	89.3%
Total (n=979)	28.4%	26.4%	18.4%	73.1%	84.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=261)	4.6%	2.0%	3.1%	9.6%	10.6%
Conservative (n=638)	7.3%	5.5%	4.1%	17.0%	12.0%
Other (n=80)	3.9%	2.4%	1.7%	8.0%	25.7%
Total (n=979)	6.1%	4.1%	3.5%	13.7%	13.2%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=41)	26.5%	23.4%	16.6%	66.5%	80.2%
Ben Carson (n=68)	23.6%	30.6%	15.5%	69.7%	83.1%
Chris Christie (n=28)	28.3%	26.1%	28.7%	83.2%	89.4%
Ted Cruz (n=215)	20.4%	25.2%	20.9%	66.5%	82.5%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	19.1%	14.7%	15.4%	49.2%	58.1%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	15.9%	44.0%	25.0%	84.9%	97.9%
John Kasich (n=34)	21.0%	35.5%	19.5%	75.9%	87.7%
Rand Paul (n=55)	55.1%	17.9%	12.8%	85.8%	93.7%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	19.3%	21.8%	21.1%	62.2%	68.0%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	65.2%	18.6%	0.0%	83.9%	93.3%
Donald Trump (n=348)	32.7%	29.3%	17.4%	79.4%	89.0%
Total (n=967)	28.5%	26.6%	18.4%	73.5%	84.2%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=41)	12.9%	1.8%	1.7%	16.4%	17.0%
Ben Carson (n=68)	4.5%	5.2%	4.5%	14.2%	16.1%
Chris Christie (n=28)	6.1%	3.9%	0.0%	9.9%	6.9%
Ted Cruz (n=215)	6.0%	5.8%	2.3%	14.1%	19.4%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	2.8%	4.8%	27.8%	35.4%	15.5%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	0.0%	1.9%	0.0%	1.9%	13.3%
John Kasich (n=34)	2.4%	4.1%	4.1%	10.6%	13.5%
Rand Paul (n=55)	2.8%	1.2%	1.7%	5.8%	8.5%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	15.4%	8.2%	5.7%	29.3%	8.5%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	6.1%	0.0%	0.0%	6.1%	10.1%
Donald Trump (n=348)	4.3%	2.8%	2.6%	9.8%	10.8%
Total (n=967)	6.1%	4.1%	3.5%	13.8%	12.7%

5) Limit how much money donors can give to political campaigns

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=478)	37.7%	20.2%	10.4%	68.3%	72.3%
Female (n=500)	42.3%	24.9%	10.2%	77.3%	87.7%
Total (n=978)	39.9%	22.5%	10.3%	72.8%	79.6%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=478)	6.1%	9.7%	10.4%	26.2%	5.5%
Female (n=500)	4.7%	3.5%	2.6%	10.8%	11.9%
Total (n=978)	5.4%	6.6%	6.5%	18.6%	8.7%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=98)	32.6%	12.2%	16.2%	61.1%	70.0%
30 - 60 years (n=491)	36.9%	23.2%	10.1%	70.2%	78.0%
Over 60 years (n=389)	47.5%	26.4%	7.9%	81.8%	85.8%
Total (n=978)	39.9%	22.5%	10.3%	72.8%	79.6%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=98)	9.4%	12.1%	4.6%	26.1%	12.8%
30 - 60 years (n=491)	4.6%	6.5%	8.6%	19.8%	10.1%
Over 60 years (n=389)	4.8%	4.2%	4.5%	13.5%	4.8%
Total (n=978)	5.4%	6.6%	6.5%	18.6%	8.7%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=844)	39.6%	23.1%	10.7%	73.4%	79.9%
All other races (n=134)	41.4%	19.8%	8.5%	69.7%	78.4%
Total (n=978)	39.9%	22.5%	10.3%	72.8%	79.6%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=844)	5.3%	7.4%	5.7%	18.5%	8.2%
All other races (n=134)	5.9%	2.7%	10.6%	19.2%	11.1%
Total (n=978)	5.4%	6.6%	6.5%	18.6%	8.7%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=563)	37.4%	23.9%	11.3%	72.6%	79.3%
Independent/Other (n=415)	43.6%	20.6%	8.8%	72.9%	80.2%
Total (n=978)	39.9%	22.5%	10.3%	72.8%	79.6%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=563)	6.5%	6.6%	5.9%	19.0%	8.4%
Independent/Other (n=415)	3.9%	6.7%	7.4%	18.0%	9.1%
Total (n=978)	5.4%	6.6%	6.5%	18.6%	8.7%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=259)	41.0%	24.3%	10.4%	75.8%	82.1%
Conservative (n=640)	37.7%	24.1%	9.6%	71.4%	77.5%
Other (n=79)	47.6%	10.6%	13.6%	71.8%	83.8%
Total (n=978)	39.9%	22.5%	10.3%	72.8%	79.6%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=259)	6.6%	2.3%	7.6%	16.5%	7.7%
Conservative (n=640)	4.8%	9.0%	6.8%	20.7%	7.9%
Other (n=79)	5.4%	6.0%	2.4%	13.8%	14.4%
Total (n=978)	5.4%	6.6%	6.5%	18.6%	8.7%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=42)	38.0%	39.5%	4.9%	82.4%	91.4%
Ben Carson (n=70)	42.7%	25.2%	10.4%	78.3%	88.8%
Chris Christie (n=27)	63.5%	6.3%	4.2%	74.0%	84.5%
Ted Cruz (n=213)	28.6%	22.0%	9.5%	60.1%	70.1%
Carly Fiorina (n=25)	20.9%	8.5%	20.5%	50.0%	52.1%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	17.7%	18.9%	0.0%	36.6%	43.0%
John Kasich (n=33)	50.6%	24.2%	12.3%	87.2%	90.2%
Rand Paul (n=55)	38.2%	13.3%	8.7%	60.2%	63.1%
Marco Rubio (n=128)	30.4%	27.7%	16.6%	74.6%	78.0%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	38.9%	32.4%	0.0%	71.3%	79.3%
Donald Trump (n=346)	48.8%	22.6%	10.1%	81.5%	87.2%
Total (n=964)	40.2%	22.6%	10.3%	73.1%	79.7%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=42)	4.0%	1.7%	2.0%	7.7%	9.9%
Ben Carson (n=70)	1.1%	2.4%	6.5%	9.9%	11.8%
Chris Christie (n=27)	13.6%	0.0%	0.0%	13.6%	12.4%
Ted Cruz (n=213)	5.9%	8.1%	11.7%	25.7%	14.2%
Carly Fiorina (n=25)	0.0%	14.7%	31.2%	46.0%	4.1%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	17.9%	23.5%	7.2%	48.6%	14.8%
John Kasich (n=33)	6.2%	3.3%	0.0%	9.5%	3.4%
Rand Paul (n=55)	15.1%	16.9%	3.2%	35.2%	4.6%
Marco Rubio (n=128)	2.6%	8.5%	9.9%	21.0%	4.4%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	8.5%	10.1%	18.6%	10.1%
Donald Trump (n=346)	4.5%	3.8%	3.7%	12.0%	6.5%
Total (n=964)	5.5%	6.6%	6.6%	18.7%	8.2%

6) Allow unaffiliated voters to participate in "open primaries"

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=478)	18.2%	18.3%	16.6%	53.1%	59.7%
Female (n=499)	17.1%	15.2%	10.5%	42.7%	61.4%
Total (n=977)	17.6%	16.7%	13.6%	47.9%	60.4%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=478)	10.9%	8.7%	16.1%	35.8%	11.2%
Female (n=499)	9.2%	10.1%	7.6%	26.9%	30.4%
Total (n=977)	10.1%	9.4%	11.9%	31.4%	20.7%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=99)	19.9%	9.3%	15.1%	44.2%	62.5%
30 - 60 years (n=490)	17.0%	20.1%	13.5%	50.5%	63.0%
Over 60 years (n=388)	17.6%	15.5%	13.0%	46.1%	56.1%
Total (n=977)	17.6%	16.7%	13.6%	47.9%	60.4%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=99)	14.1%	8.4%	4.1%	26.5%	29.2%
30 - 60 years (n=490)	8.7%	7.9%	13.1%	29.7%	19.9%
Over 60 years (n=388)	10.3%	11.9%	13.9%	36.1%	17.9%
Total (n=977)	10.1%	9.4%	11.9%	31.4%	20.7%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=843)	17.0%	16.7%	14.9%	48.6%	61.0%
All other races (n=134)	20.6%	17.0%	7.0%	44.6%	57.4%
Total (n=977)	17.6%	16.7%	13.6%	47.9%	60.4%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=843)	10.4%	9.5%	11.1%	31.0%	20.4%
All other races (n=134)	8.4%	8.7%	16.0%	33.1%	22.2%
Total (n=977)	10.1%	9.4%	11.9%	31.4%	20.7%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=565)	11.6%	15.3%	15.1%	42.0%	53.0%
Independent/Other (n=412)	26.4%	18.9%	11.3%	56.6%	71.1%
Total (n=977)	17.6%	16.7%	13.6%	47.9%	60.4%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=565)	12.5%	12.6%	12.1%	37.2%	20.9%
Independent/Other (n=412)	6.6%	4.8%	11.6%	23.0%	20.4%
Total (n=977)	10.1%	9.4%	11.9%	31.4%	20.7%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=259)	27.8%	16.9%	9.7%	54.5%	66.0%
Conservative (n=639)	12.4%	16.7%	15.9%	45.0%	55.9%
Other (n=79)	16.9%	16.6%	12.2%	45.7%	69.0%
Total (n=977)	17.6%	16.7%	13.6%	47.9%	60.4%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=259)	10.8%	6.6%	10.7%	28.1%	17.5%
Conservative (n=639)	10.7%	10.2%	14.5%	35.4%	19.6%
Other (n=79)	5.4%	12.7%	2.6%	20.6%	33.7%
Total (n=977)	10.1%	9.4%	11.9%	31.4%	20.7%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=42)	23.4%	12.9%	15.0%	51.3%	79.7%
Ben Carson (n=69)	20.0%	23.2%	16.0%	59.1%	69.0%
Chris Christie (n=27)	25.9%	19.3%	4.8%	50.0%	67.2%
Ted Cruz (n=215)	8.6%	17.8%	14.6%	41.0%	50.8%
Carly Fiorina (n=25)	8.6%	15.8%	13.1%	37.5%	43.7%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	7.9%	16.0%	21.6%	45.5%	81.7%
John Kasich (n=33)	19.5%	17.3%	7.9%	44.7%	65.0%
Rand Paul (n=55)	31.3%	17.0%	11.2%	59.5%	67.9%
Marco Rubio (n=128)	12.7%	19.1%	16.1%	47.9%	55.1%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	47.4%	26.4%	0.0%	73.8%	82.0%
Donald Trump (n=345)	19.6%	14.8%	13.5%	47.8%	60.5%
Total (n=964)	17.7%	16.9%	13.7%	48.3%	60.4%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=42)	5.2%	5.0%	2.9%	13.0%	35.7%
Ben Carson (n=69)	11.4%	7.6%	7.6%	26.6%	14.3%
Chris Christie (n=27)	17.5%	0.0%	7.0%	24.4%	25.6%
Ted Cruz (n=215)	10.8%	10.3%	18.7%	39.7%	19.3%
Carly Fiorina (n=25)	4.7%	7.4%	36.3%	48.3%	14.3%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	0.0%	1.9%	8.4%	10.2%	44.3%
John Kasich (n=33)	4.1%	16.8%	3.2%	24.1%	31.2%
Rand Paul (n=55)	13.6%	11.2%	3.3%	28.1%	12.5%
Marco Rubio (n=128)	16.5%	10.2%	12.4%	39.1%	13.0%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	6.1%	10.1%	16.2%	10.1%
Donald Trump (n=345)	8.8%	10.3%	12.1%	31.2%	21.0%
Total (n=964)	10.2%	9.5%	12.0%	31.7%	20.1%

7) Require every voter to have photo identification

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=479)	66.1%	14.3%	6.1%	86.6%	89.4%
Female (n=501)	59.3%	17.4%	9.9%	86.6%	94.6%
Total (n=980)	62.7%	15.8%	8.0%	86.6%	91.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=479)	5.7%	1.7%	2.9%	10.3%	3.2%
Female (n=501)	1.4%	1.7%	1.9%	5.0%	8.4%
Total (n=980)	3.6%	1.7%	2.4%	7.7%	5.8%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=99)	46.0%	16.9%	13.7%	76.6%	87.8%
30 - 60 years (n=492)	60.4%	17.7%	7.7%	85.8%	91.2%
Over 60 years (n=389)	73.8%	12.8%	5.8%	92.3%	94.4%
Total (n=980)	62.7%	15.8%	8.0%	86.6%	91.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=99)	8.4%	1.0%	1.2%	10.6%	12.8%
30 - 60 years (n=492)	3.3%	2.5%	2.5%	8.2%	6.0%
Over 60 years (n=389)	1.8%	1.0%	2.7%	5.5%	2.3%
Total (n=980)	3.6%	1.7%	2.4%	7.7%	5.8%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=846)	65.3%	15.7%	8.4%	89.4%	94.0%
All other races (n=134)	50.3%	16.7%	5.8%	72.8%	80.9%
Total (n=980)	62.7%	15.8%	8.0%	86.6%	91.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=846)	2.7%	1.7%	1.3%	5.7%	4.9%
All other races (n=134)	8.1%	1.7%	7.4%	17.2%	10.1%
Total (n=980)	3.6%	1.7%	2.4%	7.7%	5.8%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=565)	69.9%	14.6%	6.2%	90.7%	94.1%
Independent/Other (n=415)	52.5%	17.6%	10.6%	80.7%	88.4%
Total (n=980)	62.7%	15.8%	8.0%	86.6%	91.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=565)	4.2%	0.8%	0.7%	5.7%	3.7%
Independent/Other (n=415)	2.7%	3.1%	4.8%	10.6%	8.8%
Total (n=980)	3.6%	1.7%	2.4%	7.7%	5.8%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=259)	46.8%	18.6%	10.7%	76.1%	82.1%
Conservative (n=642)	74.5%	15.1%	5.1%	94.7%	97.7%
Other (n=79)	46.6%	12.4%	15.4%	74.3%	87.0%
Total (n=980)	62.7%	15.8%	8.0%	86.6%	91.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=259)	7.9%	3.6%	5.1%	16.5%	7.4%
Conservative (n=642)	1.5%	0.4%	0.4%	2.3%	3.1%
Other (n=79)	2.8%	3.7%	4.7%	11.1%	14.6%
Total (n=980)	3.6%	1.7%	2.4%	7.7%	5.8%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=42)	44.3%	13.9%	11.6%	69.9%	78.8%
Ben Carson (n=70)	51.3%	31.5%	9.3%	92.1%	96.6%
Chris Christie (n=27)	52.5%	22.2%	14.3%	89.0%	94.4%
Ted Cruz (n=215)	73.0%	11.2%	5.4%	89.6%	97.0%
Carly Fiorina (n=25)	50.8%	7.9%	9.3%	68.0%	70.9%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	44.8%	12.5%	29.7%	86.9%	98.0%
John Kasich (n=33)	35.9%	20.3%	6.3%	62.5%	62.5%
Rand Paul (n=55)	43.6%	10.3%	12.4%	66.3%	75.4%
Marco Rubio (n=128)	69.7%	17.9%	7.1%	94.8%	96.3%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Donald Trump (n=346)	69.6%	15.5%	6.6%	91.6%	95.4%
Total (n=966)	63.2%	15.7%	8.1%	87.0%	91.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=42)	16.4%	2.4%	0.0%	18.8%	11.3%
Ben Carson (n=70)	1.1%	0.0%	2.1%	3.2%	4.7%
Chris Christie (n=27)	0.0%	5.3%	0.0%	5.3%	5.7%
Ted Cruz (n=215)	2.3%	0.5%	0.0%	2.8%	7.6%
Carly Fiorina (n=25)	0.0%	0.8%	27.1%	27.9%	4.1%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	0.0%	1.8%	0.0%	1.8%	11.3%
John Kasich (n=33)	11.3%	6.5%	19.7%	37.5%	0.0%
Rand Paul (n=55)	11.9%	5.7%	4.0%	21.6%	12.1%
Marco Rubio (n=128)	0.7%	2.9%	0.0%	3.6%	1.7%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Donald Trump (n=346)	2.6%	0.8%	1.0%	4.4%	3.9%
Total (n=966)	3.6%	1.8%	2.3%	7.6%	5.4%

8) Elect president by a national popular vote

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=478)	30.5%	17.8%	13.7%	62.0%	67.0%
Female (n=500)	40.1%	20.2%	11.0%	71.3%	84.6%
Total (n=978)	35.2%	19.0%	12.4%	66.6%	75.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=478)	7.3%	8.9%	14.3%	30.5%	7.5%
Female (n=500)	5.0%	3.3%	4.8%	13.0%	15.7%
Total (n=978)	6.1%	6.1%	9.6%	21.9%	11.5%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=100)	25.9%	7.6%	19.0%	52.5%	65.4%
30 - 60 years (n=490)	33.1%	21.8%	12.5%	67.4%	77.1%
Over 60 years (n=388)	42.4%	20.3%	9.1%	71.8%	76.7%
Total (n=978)	35.1%	19.0%	12.4%	66.5%	75.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=100)	8.2%	5.7%	13.9%	27.8%	19.6%
30 - 60 years (n=490)	6.2%	5.2%	8.5%	20.0%	12.7%
Over 60 years (n=388)	5.0%	7.6%	9.1%	21.8%	6.5%
Total (n=978)	6.1%	6.1%	9.6%	21.9%	11.6%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=563)	34.0%	18.4%	12.0%	64.4%	73.0%
Independent/Other (n=415)	36.9%	19.8%	12.9%	69.6%	78.3%
Total (n=978)	35.2%	19.0%	12.3%	66.5%	75.2%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=563)	7.8%	6.4%	9.5%	23.8%	11.8%
Independent/Other (n=415)	3.7%	5.9%	9.7%	19.3%	11.1%
Total (n=978)	6.1%	6.2%	9.6%	21.9%	11.5%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=845)	37.2%	17.9%	11.8%	66.9%	74.8%
All other races (n=133)	25.5%	24.2%	15.2%	64.8%	78.1%
Total (n=978)	35.2%	19.0%	12.3%	66.5%	75.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=845)	5.5%	6.9%	10.2%	22.6%	10.6%
All other races (n=133)	8.5%	3.0%	6.7%	18.2%	17.0%
Total (n=978)	6.0%	6.2%	9.6%	21.8%	11.6%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=260)	36.1%	22.4%	17.7%	76.3%	83.2%
Conservative (n=639)	35.7%	16.7%	9.2%	61.6%	69.1%
Other (n=79)	30.5%	21.2%	13.6%	65.3%	85.6%
Total (n=978)	35.2%	19.0%	12.3%	66.5%	75.3%

	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=260)	4.0%	3.7%	7.7%	15.4%	8.4%
Conservative (n=639)	7.1%	8.3%	12.1%	27.5%	10.8%
Other (n=79)	6.8%	1.7%	2.5%	11.0%	23.7%
Total (n=978)	6.1%	6.1%	9.6%	21.8%	11.6%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=42)	44.4%	13.3%	20.0%	77.8%	89.7%
Ben Carson (n=70)	27.8%	20.8%	9.7%	58.3%	66.7%
Chris Christie (n=27)	40.0%	33.3%	10.0%	83.3%	92.6%
Ted Cruz (n=213)	22.5%	14.5%	9.2%	46.2%	55.6%
Carly Fiorina (n=25)	23.1%	30.8%	11.5%	65.4%	73.9%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	9.5%	23.8%	42.9%	76.2%	94.1%
John Kasich (n=33)	40.0%	25.7%	17.1%	82.9%	87.9%
Rand Paul (n=55)	36.6%	18.3%	15.5%	70.4%	74.6%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	31.4%	14.9%	14.9%	61.2%	66.7%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	57.1%	0.0%	0.0%	57.1%	80.0%
Donald Trump (n=346)	43.8%	20.1%	10.3%	74.2%	82.5%
Total (n=965)	35.3%	18.9%	12.4%	66.6%	75.0%

	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=42)	4.4%	0.0%	4.4%	8.9%	13.3%
Ben Carson (n=70)	2.8%	9.7%	16.7%	29.2%	12.5%
Chris Christie (n=27)	0.0%	3.3%	3.3%	6.7%	10.0%
Ted Cruz (n=213)	9.8%	8.7%	18.5%	37.0%	16.8%
Carly Fiorina (n=25)	7.7%	7.7%	7.7%	23.1%	11.5%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	0.0%	4.8%	0.0%	4.8%	19.0%
John Kasich (n=33)	2.9%	5.7%	2.9%	11.4%	5.7%
Rand Paul (n=55)	2.8%	9.9%	11.3%	23.9%	5.6%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	7.4%	9.9%	13.2%	30.6%	8.3%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	0.0%	14.3%	14.3%	28.6%
Donald Trump (n=346)	6.8%	3.5%	5.4%	15.8%	10.1%
Total (n=965)	6.2%	6.2%	9.8%	22.2%	11.2%

Question 31: By the year 2030, how much would you favor or oppose the following?

1) More competitive congressional elections even if my party might sometimes lose more seats

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=475)	16.8%	26.1%	20.2%	63.2%	85.0%
Female (n=496)	8.4%	21.6%	22.0%	52.0%	82.9%
Total (n=971)	12.7%	23.9%	21.1%	57.7%	84.1%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=475)	5.9%	3.8%	1.4%	11.1%	25.7%
Female (n=496)	5.9%	3.8%	1.0%	10.7%	37.3%
Total (n=971)	5.9%	3.8%	1.2%	10.9%	31.4%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=101)	8.9%	17.7%	22.8%	49.4%	84.8%
30 - 60 years (n=484)	13.1%	26.1%	21.7%	60.8%	83.8%
Over 60 years (n=386)	13.9%	23.7%	19.2%	56.8%	83.8%
Total (n=971)	12.7%	23.9%	21.0%	57.6%	83.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=101)	5.1%	2.5%	1.3%	8.9%	41.8%
30 - 60 years (n=484)	4.8%	5.5%	1.5%	11.8%	27.4%
Over 60 years (n=386)	7.7%	2.4%	0.9%	10.9%	32.2%
Total (n=971)	5.9%	3.9%	1.2%	11.0%	31.4%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=839)	12.2%	24.3%	20.3%	56.8%	84.0%
All other races (n=132)	15.0%	21.9%	24.4%	61.3%	83.8%
Total (n=971)	12.7%	23.9%	21.0%	57.6%	83.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=839)	6.3%	3.2%	1.4%	10.9%	32.3%
All other races (n=132)	3.8%	6.9%	1.3%	11.9%	26.9%
Total (n=971)	5.9%	3.8%	1.3%	11.0%	31.4%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=558)	12.3%	23.6%	22.9%	58.8%	83.0%
Independent/Other (n=413)	13.3%	24.3%	18.3%	55.8%	85.4%
Total (n=971)	12.7%	23.9%	21.0%	57.6%	83.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=558)	7.2%	3.5%	1.4%	12.1%	29.1%
Independent/Other (n=413)	4.0%	4.3%	1.3%	9.5%	34.8%
Total (n=971)	5.9%	3.8%	1.3%	11.0%	31.4%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=262)	16.7%	24.7%	22.3%	63.7%	85.7%
Conservative (n=630)	11.3%	23.6%	19.8%	54.7%	82.6%
Other (n=79)	8.5%	23.9%	23.1%	55.6%	85.5%
Total (n=971)	12.6%	23.9%	21.0%	57.6%	84.0%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=262)	4.3%	5.3%	1.0%	10.7%	25.7%
Conservative (n=630)	6.7%	3.1%	1.8%	11.5%	33.8%
Other (n=79)	6.0%	3.4%	0.0%	9.4%	35.0%
Total (n=971)	5.9%	3.8%	1.3%	11.0%	31.4%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=42)	17.1%	28.4%	19.8%	65.4%	91.7%
Ben Carson (n=69)	17.7%	28.9%	18.4%	64.9%	96.0%
Chris Christie (n=28)	9.5%	42.0%	11.2%	62.7%	82.6%
Ted Cruz (n=208)	6.4%	16.3%	24.4%	47.2%	76.9%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	8.2%	7.9%	26.4%	42.5%	55.5%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	3.4%	17.6%	28.2%	49.2%	100.0%
John Kasich (n=34)	12.8%	22.7%	32.7%	68.2%	100.0%
Rand Paul (n=54)	14.7%	23.5%	22.3%	60.6%	89.5%
Marco Rubio (n=128)	13.5%	21.4%	18.8%	53.7%	75.3%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	27.0%	8.5%	6.0%	41.5%	99.6%
Donald Trump (n=346)	14.3%	27.6%	20.3%	62.2%	85.4%
Total (n=958)	12.7%	24.1%	21.2%	58.0%	84.0%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=42)	5.9%	0.0%	0.0%	5.9%	28.7%
Ben Carson (n=69)	1.1%	0.0%	1.6%	2.7%	32.4%
Chris Christie (n=28)	2.6%	10.7%	0.0%	13.3%	24.0%
Ted Cruz (n=208)	6.7%	4.9%	2.5%	14.2%	38.6%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	3.5%	30.6%	0.0%	34.1%	23.3%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.8%
John Kasich (n=34)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	31.8%
Rand Paul (n=54)	4.5%	1.1%	1.6%	7.1%	32.3%
Marco Rubio (n=128)	14.7%	2.9%	0.0%	17.6%	28.7%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	58.4%
Donald Trump (n=346)	5.3%	3.7%	1.6%	10.6%	27.2%
Total (n=958)	5.9%	3.9%	1.3%	11.0%	30.9%

2) More Republicans winning in "blue states" and more Democrats winning in "red states"

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=478)	6.5%	16.9%	21.6%	45.0%	67.6%
Female (n=495)	5.9%	14.9%	12.4%	33.2%	67.2%
Total (n=973)	6.2%	15.9%	17.1%	39.2%	67.4%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=478)	8.9%	6.5%	6.3%	21.6%	33.5%
Female (n=495)	8.8%	4.4%	2.9%	16.2%	50.6%
Total (n=973)	8.8%	5.5%	4.6%	18.9%	41.9%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=101)	6.9%	21.4%	16.4%	44.7%	76.3%
30 - 60 years (n=485)	6.5%	16.6%	18.7%	41.8%	70.6%
Over 60 years (n=387)	5.4%	12.8%	15.2%	33.3%	59.3%
Total (n=973)	6.2%	16.1%	17.1%	39.2%	67.7%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=101)	7.5%	3.1%	3.1%	13.8%	41.5%
30 - 60 years (n=485)	8.4%	4.6%	4.4%	17.4%	40.8%
Over 60 years (n=387)	10.1%	7.4%	5.4%	22.9%	43.8%
Total (n=973)	8.9%	5.4%	4.5%	18.7%	41.9%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=840)	5.7%	15.9%	17.3%	38.8%	67.2%
All other races (n=133)	8.0%	16.7%	16.0%	40.7%	68.0%
Total (n=973)	6.1%	16.0%	17.1%	39.2%	67.3%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=840)	9.4%	5.7%	3.9%	19.0%	42.2%
All other races (n=133)	6.8%	4.3%	8.0%	19.1%	40.1%
Total (n=973)	8.9%	5.4%	4.6%	19.0%	41.8%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=560)	6.3%	17.3%	20.1%	43.6%	69.1%
Independent/Other (n=413)	5.8%	14.3%	12.8%	32.8%	64.5%
Total (n=973)	6.1%	16.0%	17.1%	39.2%	67.4%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=560)	9.1%	5.8%	4.7%	19.5%	36.8%
Independent/Other (n=413)	8.5%	5.0%	4.5%	18.0%	49.1%
Total (n=973)	8.8%	5.5%	4.6%	18.9%	41.9%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=261)	7.0%	16.4%	21.1%	44.5%	71.1%
Conservative (n=633)	6.3%	16.0%	15.3%	37.5%	65.3%
Other (n=79)	2.5%	15.3%	15.3%	33.1%	65.0%
Total (n=973)	6.1%	16.0%	17.0%	39.1%	67.2%

	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=261)	9.0%	4.0%	5.0%	18.1%	37.5%
Conservative (n=633)	8.3%	6.5%	5.2%	19.9%	42.5%
Other (n=79)	11.9%	4.2%	1.7%	17.8%	49.2%
Total (n=973)	8.9%	5.4%	4.7%	19.1%	41.8%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=42)	5.2%	16.6%	28.8%	50.7%	81.7%
Ben Carson (n=69)	4.9%	16.2%	30.0%	51.1%	81.3%
Chris Christie (n=27)	21.9%	17.5%	4.2%	43.6%	68.6%
Ted Cruz (n=211)	4.3%	10.9%	13.7%	29.0%	57.5%
Carly Fiorina (n=23)	0.9%	0.0%	16.9%	17.8%	27.7%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	0.0%	6.7%	8.0%	14.7%	38.6%
John Kasich (n=33)	6.5%	25.9%	7.1%	39.5%	74.2%
Rand Paul (n=54)	6.5%	7.6%	24.3%	38.5%	78.3%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	7.4%	15.3%	16.7%	39.4%	62.7%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	0.0%	14.6%	14.6%	100.0%
Donald Trump (n=347)	6.4%	21.5%	16.2%	44.1%	69.7%
Total (n=960)	6.1%	16.2%	17.2%	39.5%	67.5%

	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=42)	5.4%	3.1%	2.9%	11.3%	38.0%
Ben Carson (n=69)	4.3%	0.0%	7.5%	11.8%	37.1%
Chris Christie (n=27)	7.9%	9.5%	2.6%	20.0%	36.5%
Ted Cruz (n=211)	9.8%	6.9%	4.7%	21.4%	49.7%
Carly Fiorina (n=23)	7.1%	6.3%	33.2%	46.5%	35.7%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	21.6%	1.7%	0.0%	23.4%	61.9%
John Kasich (n=33)	13.8%	0.0%	0.0%	13.8%	46.7%
Rand Paul (n=54)	4.2%	3.7%	2.7%	10.7%	50.9%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	17.3%	4.1%	2.1%	23.4%	37.1%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	85.4%
Donald Trump (n=347)	7.1%	7.4%	4.6%	19.2%	36.7%
Total (n=960)	8.9%	5.5%	4.7%	19.1%	41.4%

3) More third parties and independents in Congress

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=477)	22.1%	24.5%	21.5%	68.0%	80.4%
Female (n=497)	13.6%	23.1%	24.3%	61.0%	84.1%
Total (n=974)	17.9%	23.8%	22.9%	64.6%	82.1%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=477)	6.5%	4.9%	5.3%	16.6%	15.4%
Female (n=497)	5.5%	3.4%	2.7%	11.5%	27.5%
Total (n=974)	6.0%	4.1%	4.0%	14.1%	21.3%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=100)	22.9%	18.5%	21.0%	62.4%	81.7%
30 - 60 years (n=488)	19.5%	24.3%	25.4%	69.2%	86.4%
Over 60 years (n=386)	13.4%	25.6%	20.2%	59.2%	76.2%
Total (n=974)	17.9%	23.8%	22.9%	64.6%	82.2%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=100)	8.3%	3.8%	1.9%	14.0%	23.6%
30 - 60 years (n=488)	3.4%	2.9%	4.6%	10.9%	19.9%
Over 60 years (n=386)	8.3%	6.0%	4.2%	18.5%	22.3%
Total (n=974)	5.9%	4.1%	4.0%	14.0%	21.3%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=561)	11.5%	20.2%	27.6%	59.3%	75.7%
Independent/Other (n=413)	27.1%	28.6%	16.1%	71.9%	90.8%
Total (n=974)	17.9%	23.7%	22.9%	64.5%	81.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=561)	8.4%	6.1%	4.5%	19.0%	21.6%
Independent/Other (n=413)	2.5%	1.5%	3.3%	7.3%	20.9%
Total (n=974)	6.0%	4.2%	4.0%	14.2%	21.3%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=842)	18.7%	23.3%	23.4%	65.4%	83.0%
All other races (n=132)	13.8%	26.3%	20.0%	60.0%	76.8%
Total (n=974)	17.9%	23.8%	22.8%	64.5%	82.0%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=842)	5.4%	4.7%	3.3%	13.4%	21.2%
All other races (n=132)	8.8%	1.9%	7.5%	18.1%	21.9%
Total (n=974)	6.0%	4.2%	4.0%	14.2%	21.3%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=262)	25.4%	26.4%	21.4%	73.2%	86.9%
Conservative (n=634)	14.0%	22.1%	23.5%	59.6%	77.8%
Other (n=78)	17.4%	25.2%	23.5%	66.1%	88.4%
Total (n=974)	17.9%	23.8%	22.9%	64.6%	82.0%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=262)	3.7%	3.3%	4.0%	11.0%	15.7%
Conservative (n=634)	6.8%	5.6%	4.7%	17.1%	23.3%
Other (n=78)	7.8%	0.0%	0.9%	8.7%	25.2%
Total (n=974)	6.0%	4.2%	4.0%	14.2%	21.2%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=42)	18.3%	16.6%	30.2%	65.1%	83.9%
Ben Carson (n=69)	22.6%	25.8%	19.6%	68.0%	85.1%
Chris Christie (n=28)	30.3%	20.9%	34.5%	85.7%	94.5%
Ted Cruz (n=213)	7.4%	23.7%	17.2%	48.3%	69.6%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	6.7%	6.8%	33.7%	47.1%	58.1%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	3.4%	33.5%	31.3%	68.2%	90.4%
John Kasich (n=33)	20.4%	31.6%	17.7%	69.7%	85.1%
Rand Paul (n=54)	50.7%	16.4%	20.9%	88.0%	96.7%
Marco Rubio (n=128)	13.1%	19.5%	32.2%	64.7%	75.7%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	19.9%	42.0%	6.0%	67.9%	100.0%
Donald Trump (n=345)	17.8%	27.4%	21.2%	66.3%	84.5%
Total (n=961)	18.0%	23.9%	22.9%	64.8%	81.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=42)	5.4%	2.6%	4.5%	12.4%	22.4%
Ben Carson (n=69)	4.0%	5.8%	2.1%	11.9%	20.1%
Chris Christie (n=28)	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.0%	9.3%
Ted Cruz (n=213)	6.3%	9.4%	5.5%	21.1%	30.6%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	2.8%	0.0%	31.2%	34.0%	18.9%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	7.2%	0.0%	0.0%	7.2%	24.6%
John Kasich (n=33)	3.3%	3.4%	5.5%	12.2%	18.1%
Rand Paul (n=54)	1.8%	1.1%	0.0%	3.0%	9.1%
Marco Rubio (n=128)	11.5%	4.3%	4.9%	20.8%	14.5%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	32.1%
Donald Trump (n=345)	6.0%	3.4%	2.8%	12.2%	21.5%
Total (n=961)	6.0%	4.3%	4.0%	14.3%	20.8%

4) More women in Congress

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=476)	11.3%	18.3%	24.4%	54.0%	74.7%
Female (n=496)	15.2%	25.4%	22.0%	62.6%	87.8%
Total (972)	13.2%	21.8%	23.2%	58.2%	81.0%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=476)	6.3%	5.8%	6.3%	18.3%	27.6%
Female (n=496)	5.1%	1.7%	1.9%	8.7%	28.8%
Total (972)	5.7%	3.8%	4.1%	13.6%	28.2%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=100)	19.2%	19.2%	13.5%	51.9%	77.9%
30 - 60 years (n=487)	11.7%	22.6%	25.2%	59.5%	82.6%
Over 60 years (n=385)	12.4%	21.9%	24.9%	59.2%	80.0%
Total (972)	13.2%	21.8%	23.2%	58.2%	80.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=100)	5.1%	3.8%	5.8%	14.7%	33.3%
30 - 60 years (n=487)	4.8%	3.8%	4.0%	12.6%	27.9%
Over 60 years (n=385)	7.1%	3.8%	3.8%	14.8%	26.0%
Total (972)	5.7%	3.8%	4.2%	13.7%	28.1%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=558)	12.1%	23.0%	24.7%	59.8%	79.9%
Independent/Other (n=414)	14.8%	20.0%	21.0%	55.8%	82.6%
Total (972)	13.2%	21.8%	23.2%	58.1%	80.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=558)	6.7%	4.7%	3.7%	15.1%	25.1%
Independent/Other (n=414)	4.3%	2.5%	5.0%	11.8%	32.5%
Total (972)	5.7%	3.8%	4.2%	13.7%	28.1%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=840)	12.6%	21.6%	23.6%	57.8%	81.0%
All other races (n=132)	16.3%	22.5%	21.3%	60.0%	80.7%
Total (972)	13.2%	21.8%	23.2%	58.2%	80.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=840)	5.7%	4.1%	3.8%	13.6%	28.6%
All other races (n=132)	5.6%	2.5%	6.3%	14.4%	25.6%
Total (972)	5.7%	3.8%	4.2%	13.7%	28.1%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=261)	20.5%	23.2%	19.8%	63.4%	82.2%
Conservative (n=632)	9.2%	20.5%	23.2%	52.9%	77.2%
Other (n=79)	14.0%	23.7%	32.5%	70.2%	95.2%
Total (972)	13.2%	21.7%	23.2%	58.2%	81.0%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=261)	4.7%	2.3%	6.7%	13.8%	22.8%
Conservative (n=632)	7.0%	5.2%	3.4%	15.6%	31.5%
Other (n=79)	1.8%	0.9%	0.9%	3.5%	26.3%
Total (972)	5.7%	3.8%	4.1%	13.6%	28.2%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=41)	20.1%	20.9%	27.5%	68.6%	84.0%
Ben Carson (n=69)	13.2%	30.7%	25.0%	68.8%	84.5%
Chris Christie (n=28)	17.8%	24.8%	32.5%	75.1%	85.2%
Ted Cruz (n=211)	3.0%	17.6%	20.4%	41.0%	76.3%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	11.9%	3.7%	19.2%	34.8%	53.2%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	8.0%	28.5%	36.4%	72.8%	88.9%
John Kasich (n=33)	28.2%	28.2%	11.6%	68.0%	96.8%
Rand Paul (n=54)	28.6%	19.9%	9.6%	58.2%	85.5%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	14.1%	25.1%	26.8%	65.9%	84.8%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	19.9%	0.0%	0.0%	19.9%	52.5%
Donald Trump (n=345)	12.8%	22.2%	25.8%	60.7%	78.9%
Total (n=959)	13.3%	21.9%	23.4%	58.6%	80.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=41)	7.2%	0.0%	5.9%	13.1%	18.4%
Ben Carson (n=69)	2.9%	6.8%	2.8%	12.6%	18.6%
Chris Christie (n=28)	13.0%	0.0%	0.0%	13.0%	12.0%
Ted Cruz (n=211)	4.8%	3.3%	4.6%	12.7%	46.3%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	0.0%	2.8%	27.8%	30.6%	34.6%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	7.2%	1.9%	0.0%	9.1%	18.1%
John Kasich (n=33)	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%	2.2%	29.8%
Rand Paul (n=54)	3.4%	2.7%	3.8%	9.9%	32.0%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	5.8%	3.2%	2.8%	11.8%	22.2%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	6.0%	11.8%	0.0%	17.8%	62.2%
Donald Trump (n=345)	6.9%	5.2%	4.2%	16.3%	23.0%
Total (n=959)	5.7%	3.9%	4.2%	13.8%	27.5%

5) More people of color in Congress

Gender

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Male (n=476)	8.9%	15.8%	23.7%	48.4%	69.9%
Female (n=497)	10.5%	23.1%	23.7%	57.4%	84.3%
Total (n=973)	9.7%	19.4%	23.7%	52.8%	76.9%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Male (n=476)	5.7%	5.3%	9.9%	20.9%	30.8%
Female (n=497)	5.0%	2.7%	2.9%	10.7%	31.9%
Total (n=973)	5.4%	4.0%	6.5%	15.9%	31.3%

Age

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Under 30 years (n=101)	13.9%	23.4%	13.9%	51.3%	78.6%
30 - 60 years (n=485)	9.9%	18.7%	24.2%	52.7%	76.8%
Over 60 years (n=387)	7.4%	18.3%	27.5%	53.3%	75.6%
Total (n=973)	9.7%	19.3%	23.7%	52.7%	76.6%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Under 30 years (n=101)	5.7%	2.5%	5.7%	13.9%	34.8%
30 - 60 years (n=485)	4.4%	3.8%	7.8%	16.0%	31.3%
Over 60 years (n=387)	6.8%	5.0%	5.3%	17.2%	29.6%
Total (n=973)	5.5%	4.0%	6.6%	16.0%	31.3%

Party Identification

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Republican (n=559)	8.6%	19.8%	24.3%	52.7%	74.3%
Independent/Other (n=414)	11.5%	18.8%	22.5%	52.8%	80.5%
Total (n=973)	9.8%	19.4%	23.6%	52.7%	76.8%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Republican (n=559)	6.7%	5.4%	6.1%	18.2%	29.1%
Independent/Other (n=414)	3.5%	2.3%	7.0%	12.8%	34.5%
Total (n=973)	5.4%	4.1%	6.5%	16.0%	31.3%

Race

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
White, non-Hispanic (n=840)	9.0%	18.4%	23.6%	51.0%	75.6%
All other races (n=133)	13.7%	24.2%	23.6%	61.5%	81.8%
Total (n=973)	9.8%	19.4%	23.6%	52.7%	76.8%
	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
White, non-Hispanic (n=840)	5.4%	4.6%	6.4%	16.4%	32.6%
All other races (n=133)	5.0%	1.9%	6.8%	13.7%	24.8%
Total (n=973)	5.4%	4.1%	6.5%	16.0%	31.3%

Ideology

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Moderate (n=260)	15.8%	22.9%	19.5%	58.2%	77.6%
Conservative (n=634)	7.0%	17.6%	24.2%	48.7%	73.7%
Other (n=79)	7.8%	19.0%	31.0%	57.8%	89.3%
Total (n=973)	9.8%	19.4%	23.6%	52.7%	76.8%

	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Moderate (n=260)	4.7%	2.4%	9.8%	16.8%	24.9%
Conservative (n=634)	6.3%	5.4%	5.7%	17.4%	33.9%
Other (n=79)	2.6%	2.6%	1.7%	6.9%	35.3%
Total (n=973)	5.4%	4.1%	6.5%	16.0%	31.3%

Voting intention

	Strongly favor	Favor	Slightly favor	Total favor	Total favor, of those with an opinion
Jeb Bush (n=42)	14.5%	20.0%	28.6%	63.0%	80.8%
Ben Carson (n=68)	10.6%	32.0%	29.2%	71.8%	91.0%
Chris Christie (n=28)	10.1%	32.5%	38.2%	80.7%	94.9%
Ted Cruz (n=212)	1.1%	15.6%	22.9%	39.6%	74.3%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	11.9%	2.1%	9.6%	23.5%	39.9%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	8.0%	16.5%	26.7%	51.2%	96.5%
John Kasich (n=32)	25.8%	18.9%	13.8%	58.5%	86.7%
Rand Paul (n=54)	24.2%	21.2%	14.3%	59.7%	87.1%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	12.2%	22.5%	25.4%	60.1%	79.9%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	19.9%	0.0%	6.0%	25.8%	68.3%
Donald Trump (n=346)	7.9%	18.3%	24.7%	50.9%	69.7%
Total (n=960)	9.8%	19.5%	23.8%	53.1%	76.7%

	Slightly oppose	Oppose	Strongly oppose	Total oppose	Not sure
Jeb Bush (n=42)	9.1%	2.0%	3.9%	15.0%	22.0%
Ben Carson (n=68)	2.8%	4.3%	0.0%	7.1%	21.1%
Chris Christie (n=28)	0.0%	0.0%	4.3%	4.3%	15.0%
Ted Cruz (n=212)	4.2%	3.1%	6.5%	13.7%	46.7%
Carly Fiorina (n=24)	7.6%	0.0%	27.8%	35.4%	41.0%
Mike Huckabee (n=17)	0.0%	1.9%	0.0%	1.9%	47.0%
John Kasich (n=32)	4.0%	2.5%	2.5%	9.0%	32.5%
Rand Paul (n=54)	1.5%	2.7%	4.7%	8.8%	31.5%
Marco Rubio (n=129)	5.9%	3.9%	5.4%	15.1%	24.8%
Rick Santorum (n=8)	0.0%	11.8%	0.0%	11.8%	62.2%
Donald Trump (n=346)	7.6%	6.0%	8.6%	22.1%	26.9%
Total (n=960)	5.4%	4.1%	6.6%	16.2%	30.8%