FIRST RESPONDERS
NUCLEAR WEAPONS
DETONATION CRISIS

Members of emergency services, other disaster responders, health care professionals, other personnel providing essential services, would face unique dangers and difficulties following any nuclear explosion, with widespread and persistent radioactivity severely complicating and hampering access and relief efforts.

ONE SINGLE DETONATION ON A CITY WOULD KILL THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE IMMEDIATELY. THE SURVIVORS WOULD BE SEVERELY WOUNDED WITH NO RELIEF IN REACH

4.7 KM IN EVERY DIRECTION, ALL LIVING THINGS WOULD DIE ALMOST IMMEDIATELY-VAPOURISED, CRUSHED, CHARRED, IRRADIATED.

7.5 KM IN EVERY DIRECTION, ESSENTIALLY EVERYONE WOULD BE KILLED OR SERIOUSLY INJURED.

22.6 KM IN EVERY DIRECTION, EVERYTHING FLAMMABLE WOULD IGNITE, AND THOUSANDS UPON THOUSANDS OF FIRES WOULD COALESCE INTO A GIANT FIRESTORM.

THE VAST MAJORITY OF INJURED PEOPLE WOULD DIE ALONE WITHOUT SO MUCH AS A HUMAN HAND OR VOICE TO COMFORT THEM AND WITHOUT ANY RELIEF FOR THEIR AGONISING PAIN.

IT WOULD BE EXTREMELY DIFFICULT FOR FIRST RESPONDERS TO REACH GROUND ZERO

FROM HIROSHIMA COMMITTEE OF EXPERTS

IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO PROTECT CIVILIANS FROM A NUCLEAR EXPLOSION ATTACK. TO PROTECT CIVILIANS THERE IS NO MEASURE OTHER THAN TO PREVENT A NUCLEAR WEAPONS ATTACK FROM OCCURRING WHETHER IS DELIBERATE OR ACCIDENTAL. TO PREVENT THE USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS. THERE IS NO WAY OTHER THAN ABOLISH NUCLEAR WEAPONS THEMSELVES.

IN HIROSHIMA

hundreds of first responders lost their lives in the blast or providing medical support to the wounded.

IN WASHINGTON

CASUALTIES & HEALTH CARE CAPACITY ESTIMATES FOR A 10 KT BURST

Total injured: 1.6 million
Person suffering trauma: 343,000
Person suffering radiation sickness: 201,000

National capital region
Available hospital beds: 2177
Available ICU beds: 118

Nationwide
Unoccupied burn beds: 580 of 1760
Unoccupied ICU beds: 9400 of 118,000

THERE WOULD BE NO POSSIBILITY TO ESCAPE THE BLAST

There are 17,000 nuclear weapons in the world today.