A TALE OF TWO NASHVILLES
The People’s Platform for Progress

February 22, 2015 - 3 P.M.
15th Ave. Baptist Church
## A TALE OF TWO NASHVILLES

**PROGRAM AGENDA**

*Musical Selection: The Village Church*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Event Description</th>
<th>Presenter(s)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3:00</td>
<td>Recognition of NOAH Leadership and Task Force Chairs</td>
<td>Ashford Hughes</td>
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<tr>
<td>3:02</td>
<td>Welcome</td>
<td>Rev. Ed Thompson</td>
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<td>3:04</td>
<td>Welcoming Prayers</td>
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<td>3:12</td>
<td>Roll Call</td>
<td>Rev. Gail Seavey and Greg Easterly</td>
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<td>3:17</td>
<td>The Occasion</td>
<td>Dr. Judy Cummings</td>
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<td>3:21</td>
<td>Guidelines for the Meeting</td>
<td>Greg Easterly</td>
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<td>3:23</td>
<td>Presentation of NOAH's Platform</td>
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<tr>
<td>4:08</td>
<td>Requests of Candidates</td>
<td>Ashford Hughes</td>
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<tr>
<td>4:26</td>
<td>Summary of Our Progress</td>
<td>Ashford Hughes</td>
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<tr>
<td>4:29</td>
<td>Contribution and Membership Request</td>
<td>Rev. W. Antoni Sinkfield</td>
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<tr>
<td>4:35</td>
<td>Challenge to Attendees</td>
<td>Maura Lee Albert</td>
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<tr>
<td>4:38</td>
<td>Closing</td>
<td>Dr. Judy Cummings</td>
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<td>4:45</td>
<td>Adjourn</td>
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*Musical Selection: Nashville In Harmony*

*Musical Selection: 15th Avenue Baptist Church Choir*
Who is NOAH?

Nashville Organized for Action and Hope (NOAH) is a faith led, multi-racial and interdenominational coalition of congregations, community organizations and labor unions working to give voice to traditionally marginalized people.

NOAH began in 2012. Since its inception, our members and delegates have met & collectively decided the key focus issues of the organization: Affordable Housing, Criminal Justice and Economic Equity.

NOAH seeks to educate, engage and empower people in the political and economic decisions affecting their lives, acting as a unified voice for the faith and justice communities to act on their values in the public arena.

Yes, NOAH has QR (Quick Response) Codes for your smart phone!

Use this code to REGISTER for TODAY’S event

Use this code to DONATE to NOAH

How to use QR codes:

- Head to your smartphone app store and download a FREE QR Code Scanner
- Using your new QR code scanner app, hover over the bar code image until your phone recognizes the code

NOAH’s Hashtags

- Tale of Two Nashville Event..................................................#NOAH2Nashvilles
- NOAH (General) .................................................................#NOAHNashville
- NOAH (Affordable Housing)..............................#NOAHHousing
- NOAH (Criminal Justice) ..................................................#NOAHJustice
- NOAH (Economic Justice) ..............................................#NOAHJobs

Spanish translation services provided by:
Workers’ Dignity and Tennessee Immigrant and Refugee Rights Coalition.

Freedom Arts - Arte de Libertad has facilitated art workshops with youth across the city to address the Cradle to Prison Pipeline. High School students created the art exhibit near the church entrance using school desks and prison jumpsuits to draw attention to this crisis.
WHO WE ARE

NOAH Dues-Paying Members
1. Amos House Community
2. Belmont United Methodist Church
3. Cayce United
4. Central Labor Council
5. Communications Workers of America - Local 3808
6. Community Nashville
7. Community Relations Committee (CRC) of the Jewish Federation
8. Downtown Presbyterian Church
9. Eastwood Christian Church (DOC)
10. Edgehill United Methodist Church
11. Fifteenth Avenue Baptist Church
12. First Unitarian Universalist Church of Nashville
14. Greater Nashville Unitarian Universalist
15. Hobson United Methodist Church
16. Interdenominational Ministers Fellowship
17. Islamic Center of Nashville
18. Laborers International Union of North America - Local 386
19. Lee Chapel AME Church
20. Middle TN Jobs with Justice
21. Naaman’s Retreat Ministries
22. Nashville Community of Passionist Partners
23. Nashville District AME Church
24. Nashville Food Project
25. New Covenant Christian Church (DOC)
26. Organized Neighbors of Edgehill
27. SEIU Local 205
28. Spruce Street Baptist Church
29. St. Edward Catholic Church
30. St. John AME Church
31. St. Paul AME Church
32. The Temple (Congregation Ohabai Sholom)
33. Tennessee AFL-CIO Labor Council
34. Tennessee Alliance for Progress (TAP)
35. United Auto Workers (UAW) – Local 737
36. United Campus Workers (UCW-CWA) - Local 3865
37. The Village Church

NOAH Executive Committee of the Board (elected May 2014)

Executive Officers:
• Chairperson: Rev. Edward L. Thompson (Interdenominational Ministers Fellowship)
• Vice-Chairperson: Benny Overton (United Auto Workers)
• Treasurer: Nell Levin (TN Alliance for Progress)
• Secretary: Rev. Gail Seavey (First Unitarian Universalist Church of Nashville)

Executive Committee Chairs:
• Personnel: Bill Howell (Edgehill United Methodist Church)
• Recruitment (Membership): Dr. Judy Cummings (New Covenant Christian Church, DOC)
• Training: Pat Halper (The Temple - Congregation Ohabai Sholom)
• Finance: Rev. W. Antoni Sinkfield (Greater Bethel AME Church)
• PR/Communication: Daynise Joseph (Organized Neighbors of Edgehill)

Emeritus Member:
• Rev. Raymond Bowman (Spruce Street Baptist Church)
NOAH’S PLATFORM

1. Housing
   • Preserve and produce affordable housing through recurring funding for the Barnes Housing Trust Fund, inclusionary housing policies, and creative uses of federal, state and local funds.
   • Prevent displacement through home repair assistance, property tax relief for longtime residents, homeowner education, and other efforts.
   • Create a structure of accountability for affordable housing needs, such as an adequately staffed Mayor's Office of Affordable Housing.

2. Criminal Justice
   • Reduce the Metro Jail population and General Sessions docket by 50% through alternatives to arrest using evidence-based, problem-solving mechanisms and restorative-justice options.
   • Eliminate racial disparities in police stops, schools suspensions and Juvenile Court referrals.

3. Economic Equity and Jobs
   • Promote transparency in public projects and incentives given to companies, including audits of all incentives that show the amount received and jobs created.
   • Institute local-hiring and training requirements that fill jobs with formerly underemployed and unemployed Davidson County residents through high-quality training programs, apprenticeships and existing educational programs.
   • Attach tangible and measurable community benefits to projects in high-poverty areas that will aid low- and middle-income residents through equitable neighborhood economic development. (ex., Community Benefit Agreements, community wealth-building initiatives)

GUIDELINES FOR THE MEETING

This is a public meeting of NOAH between public officials and coalition members, the latter of whom have spent hundreds of hours discussing and forming positions on our issues. All candidates were briefed on NOAH’s platform and provided position papers in advance of today’s meeting.

Candidates will be allowed to speak for two minutes if they agree to endorse NOAH’s platform and work with us to achieve solutions to our concerns. No questions or remarks will be taken from the floor, and all speakers will be shown respect. Candidates have agreed not to distribute campaign materials until the meeting ends at 4:30 p.m. Thank you for respecting these rules.

REQUESTS OF THE CANDIDATES

1. Will you commit to working directly with NOAH on the goals in our platform through quarterly meetings that begin within 60 days after your election?

2. Within your first two years as mayor, will you support legislation or use the power of your office to address the three issue areas in the NOAH platform presented today?
MAYORAL CANDIDATES 2015

Megan Barry
meganbarry.com
Bill Freeman
freeman2015.com
Charles Robert Bone
boneformayor.com
Howard Gentry, Jr.
@howardgentry
Kenneth Eaton
kennetheaton.com
Jeremy Kane
kaneformayor.com
Linda Rebrovick
lindafornashville.com

David Fox
foxfornashville.com

Bill Freeman
freeman2015.com
Howard Gentry, Jr.
Twitter
@howardgentry
Jeremy Kane
kaneformayor.com
Linda Rebrovick
lindafornashville.com
AFFORDABLE HOUSING AND GENTRIFICATION

What’s the Problem?

- 52 percent of renters in Davidson County are cost-burdened, meaning more than 30 percent of their income goes toward housing. One-third of Nashville homeowners are cost-burdened.
- 92,000 households in Nashville were cost-burdened in 2012.
- Public housing has a 3,000-person, closed waiting list, and Section 8 housing has a 10,000-person, closed waiting list.
- Housing is increasingly unaffordable in some Nashville neighborhoods. Between 2000 and 2012, for example, the 12South area saw a 269 percent increase in average housing costs.

Why Should We Care?

- Nashville is a city that prides itself on hospitality and welcoming millions of tourists a year, yet many of our public servants – police officers, teachers and firefighters – can’t afford to live here and must commute to work from other counties.
- Taxpaying citizens are being driven out of their neighborhoods as their communities’ character and vibrancy are destroyed.
- All voices should be heard in planning Nashville’s future housing solutions.
- Nashville might be the “It City” of the moment, but only when we make it our city will we really have something to brag about.

What Should Be Done?

- Identify a source of recurring funding for the Barnes Housing Trust Fund to generate at least $20 million per year.
- Adopt an inclusionary housing ordinance that requires developers to include a certain percentage of affordable housing in every development or pay fees to the Barnes Fund.
- Repurpose tax-increment and other public funding for affordable housing development.
- Prevent displacement through home repair assistance, property tax relief for longtime residents, homeowner education and other efforts.
- Create a well-staffed Mayor’s Office of Affordable Housing with voting representatives of NOAH and other community groups on its governing board, to insure accountability for affordable housing needs.
What's the Problem?

- The Davidson County Sheriff’s Office houses approximately 1,800 inmates in the Metro Jail at any one time. These inmates overwhelmingly are male, and a majority are African-American.
- 25 percent of inmates are mentally ill; 90 percent need drug and alcohol treatment.
- These incarcerations – 46,000 in all – cost our community about $64 million annually.
- 65 percent of misdemeanor citation cases in 2013 were related to driver’s license issues.
- In 2013, 39 percent of vehicle stops by Metro Police involved African-Americans, though only 28 percent of Nashville residents are African-American.
- More than half of all adult drug arrests in Nashville involve African-Americans (28 percent of residents), despite national studies showing blacks and whites use drugs at similar rates.
- In 2013, 44 percent of MNPS students were African-American, but 72 percent of out-of-school suspensions and 77 percent of expulsions were of African-American students.
- These suspensions and expulsions, including 458 out-of-school suspensions of kindergarteners, overwhelmingly are for nonviolent violations of school rules.

Why Should We Care?

- Massive numbers of drivers license offenses burden the public defender’s office, the district attorney’s office and General Sessions staff and create a spiral of poverty due to excessive fines.
- Ex-offenders leaving jail face restrictions on obtaining an ID and finding employment, creating additional hurdles that ultimately land them back in custody.
- School suspension patterns replicate themselves as children grow older. A black male born in 2001 now has a one-in-three chance of going to prison at some point in his life, while a Latino male faces a one-in-six risk of the same fate.

What Should Be Done?

Economic Justice

- Develop alternatives to incarceration that incorporate services and training in mental health, addiction, domestic violence, children and youth, and homelessness.
- Use civil enforcement, like tickets, instead of a criminal citation or arrest, when appropriate.
- Strengthen re-entry services to aid persons in getting jobs and housing.

Social Justice

- Address racial disparities and improve transparency regarding police stops and drug arrests.
- Create a citizen review board to monitor public concerns with the criminal justice system.
- Adopt officer training for de-escalation, cultural awareness and extreme situational awareness.

Juvenile Justice

- Address racial disparities in school suspensions and referrals to Juvenile Court.
- Establish a problem-solving center for youth issues to provide immediate intervention, assessment and services to keep kids out of the juvenile justice system.
- Establish standardized, appropriate guidelines for school suspensions, and train school resource officers and principals about their roles in making referrals to Juvenile Court.
- Create an automatic trigger for assessment of needs of students who are at-risk of suspension.
ECONOMIC EQUITY AND JOBS

What’s the Problem?

• According to the 2013 Community Needs Evaluation (Metro Social Services), Nashville’s economic development has grown by 58 percent since 2002. During the same period, poverty has risen by 42 percent, including major poverty growth in 16 of 35 Council districts near our urban core.
• 20 percent of Nashville residents currently live at or below the poverty level.
• Metro offers millions in tax incentives to companies to expand or relocate in Nashville; but often the details of such deals, including jobs created and training provided for local residents, are not clear.
• By the year 2019, Nashville has a projected growth in new job creation of 115,000 jobs. Yet the Nashville Chamber of Commerce reports there are not enough skilled workers to fill these jobs.

Why Should We Care?

• Growth and prosperity are not being shared in an equitable fashion and have been causing the formation of two Nashvilles within one city. The rise in poverty has consolidated deeper within pockets of our geographical boundaries.
• Low workforce participation in distressed neighborhoods often removes residents from informal networks that lead to career jobs with living wage pay. Nashville’s economic growth has not alleviated these problems.
• As public investors in the city of Nashville, residents have a vested interest in knowing the return on investments for publicly funded projects.

What Should Be Done?

• Publish yearly audits of all tax and financial incentives for public development that show money received, jobs created, pay and benefits of said jobs, and the distribution of jobs.
• Institute practices that require publicly assisted construction projects to use Davidson County residents for a majority of the work hours, provide high-quality training programs, and support employers who pay a living wage and treat workers fairly.
• Prioritize neighborhood accessible job training programs for current residents to fill immediate job needs in the city, with training that corresponds with local living wage jobs in demand (i.e. healthcare, information technology, financial services, hospitality, etc.).
• Attach specific, tangible and measurable community benefits packages to development projects in high poverty areas that will aid low and middle income residents through equitable neighborhood economic development (ex. Implementing a community benefit agreements within the bidding process).
• Expand the Mayor’s Office of Economic and Community Development to include a task force to lead a community-wealth building initiative for low- and middle-income residents by reviewing equitable development models and building on employee-owned, co-operative businesses.