# **Toronto Brigantine Inc. Grade Standards**

# Notes on the Grade Standards

Toronto Brigantine Inc (TBI) has a long history of sail training. The organization began operating in 1964, and since then an estimated 10,000 crew members have benefited from their experience with our program. It is important to note that not only does TBI teach participants how to sail, but also encourages the development of leadership, discipline, and self-assurance. Although not all participants continue with careers in the marine industry, the skills they learn at TBI continue to serve them well wherever life leads.

The grade standards are modified from time-to-time in order to best meet the current social climate and regulatory requirements. Over the past 45 years the TBI grade standards have been influenced by other organizations (such as the Canadian Navy and the Canadian Yachting Association), as well as influencing the development of other organizations (such as the Canadian Sail Training Association).

The most recent revisions to the grade standards are designed to respond to the changes in TBIs regulatory environment, especially with regard to safe manning, while also increasing their relevance to the operational practice of our training regime.

The grade standards identify minimum requirements at each level of training. They should not be interpreted as restricting the breadth or depth of training.

The grade standards should:

- 1. Provide a framework for TBIs training curriculum.
- 2. Help participants track and set goals for their training.
- 3. Train participants to meet the STV crewing requirements as set out by TCMS;
- 4. Provide the majority of the training required to obtain an introductory deck license;
- 5. Be realistically obtainable for the participants who are attending high school;
- 6. Offer the participants something tangible they can take away, such as TCMS certification;
- 7. Demonstrate TBIs continued commitment to 1st class training.

# **Toronto Brigantine Inc Grade Standards Overview**

Grade 1 (Lead Hand):

- 1. Targeted at Trainees sailing their first course.
- 2. They should be able to complete Grade 1 by the end of their first course.

Grade 2 (Petty Officer):

- 1. Targeted at 1st year Winter Program participants.
- 2. They should be able to complete Grade 2 during the Winter Program and following spring.
- 3. Provides an introduction to seamanship and a working knowledge of sail handling and ship's routine.

Grade 3 (Junior Officer):

- 1. Targeted at 2nd year Winter Program participants.
- 2. They should be able to complete Grade 3 during the Winter Program and following spring.
- 3. Meets TCMS requirements for non-certificated crew rating..
- 4. Provides an introduction to the skills required to lead a navigational watch.

Grade 4 (Senior Officer):

- 1. Targeted at 3rd year Winter Program participants.
- 2. They should be able to complete Grade 4 during the Winter Program and following spring.
- 3. Has demonstrated the ability to lead a navigational watch.
- 4. Meets the TCMS requirements for a *Chief Mate, Ltd* < 60 *GT* license (limited by age).

Grade 5 (Executive Officer):

- 1. Targeted at 4th year WP participants.
- 2. Ideally they should be able to complete Grade 4 during the Winter Program and following spring.
- 3. Meets the TCMS requirements for a *Chief Mate, Ltd* > 60 *GT* license (limited by age).

# Grade I - Lead Hand

- 1. Complete at least one full course aboard a Sail Training Vessel; roughly equivalent to a course with TBI.
- 2. Be able to identify and describe the terms listed in appendix I-A;
- 3. Be able to identify and describe the parts of a vessel and her sails, rigging, and spars as listed in appendix I-B;
- 4. Be able to explain the theory of maneuvering under sail, including the terms listed in appendix I-C;
- 5. Be able to steer by compass, wind, landmark, and direct order, plus demonstrate thorough knowledge and practical response to the terms listed in appendix I-D;
- 6. Be able to tie the knots listed in appendix I-E within a 30sec time limit and describe how and when they are used;
- 7. Be able to describe and demonstrate proficiency in the use of the Safety equipment listed in appendix I-F;
- 8. For the vessel on which you are sailing, demonstrate a knowledge of the vessel's details listed in appendix I-G;
- 9. Demonstrate thorough knowledge and practical response to the commands listed in appendix I-H;
- 10. Be able to describe their action to be taken in the event of a man overboard situation;
- 11. Be able to describe their action to be taken in the event of a fire on board;
- 12. Be able to describe their action to be taken in the event of an abandon ship situation;
- 13. Be able to describe and demonstrate proficiency in coiling and belaying lines;
- 14. Be able to work and communicate with other members of a watch and perform duties under supervision.

#### Page 4 of 12

#### **I-A Simple Sea Terms**

Aft Port Starboard Forward Ahead Abaft Astern Abeam Amidships Belay Leeward Windward Make fast Underway Reef Set Douse

#### **I-B** Parts of the Ship

After-peak Fore-peak Bow Stern Fairlead Scupper Freeing port Hull Deck Bulkhead Deckhead Keel Rudder Lifeline Hatch Skylight Cleat Pin-rail Fife-rail Spider-band Block Stays Shrouds Bowsprit Boom Mast Yard Gaff Тор Jib Mains'l Stays'l Tops'l Course Reef points

## I-C Points of Sailing & Maneuvers Luff Tack

Gybe Wear

#### **I-D Steering**

Steer xxx° Compass heading Lubber's line Hard a' Port (or Starboard) Head up Bear off Full n' By Importance of repeating orders

### **I-E Knots**

Clove-hitch Figure of Eight Reef

## I-F Safety

Equipment Boat Hook Jacob's ladder Buddy System EPIRB Fire extinguisher Fire hose Harnesses Night Harness Heaving line Life jackets Life rafts Kisby Ring MOB pole

#### **I-G Vessel Details**

Length Overall (LOA) Sparred Length Beam (Water) Draft Air Draft Type of Rig Complement Engine Type Year Built

## I-H Commands

"Stand-by" "Snub" "Make fast" "Cast-off" "Ease" "Haul" "Let Fly" "Ready about" "About ship helm's a'lee" "Tack (eg.) the jib" "Aft on your sheets" "Ease your sheets" "Stand by to jibe" "helm's a'weather" "Jibe ho" "Jibe the (eg.) jib" "Stand by sheets and braces" "Brace to (eg.) Port"

## Grade II - Petty Officer

- 1. Complete all Grade I requirements;
- 2. Be able to teach all pertinent Grade I requirements;
- 3. Successfully complete a basic First Aid course;
- 4. Successfully complete the Food Handler Certification Course;
- 5. In addition to the Grade 1 seatime requirements, at least 3 days aboard a TBI vessel.
- 6. Complete at least 180 hours (total) of winter program training and/or maintenance;
- 7. Be able to locate and stow gear aboard ship;
- 8. Be able to describe the actions needed to complete the tasks in Appendix II-A
- 9. Be able to describe the ship's radio terms as listed in appendix II-B;
- 10. Be able to tie the knots listed in appendix II-C and describe how and when they are used;
- 11. Be able to demonstrate the practical ability to row the dories;
- 12. Be able to describe the principals of anchoring and the duties of anchor watch as listed in appendix II-D;
- Be able to identify and describe the parts of a vessel and her sails and rigging as listed in appendix II-E;
- 14. Be able to identify and describe the rigs listed in appendix II-F;
- 15. Demonstrate a knowledge of safety subjects including the areas listed in appendix II-G;
- 16. Be able to locate all belaying positions for running rigging.
- 17. Demonstrate leadership, maturity and commitment appropriate to the rank.

## **Courses:**

- 1. First Aid
- 2. Food Handler Certification

#### **II-A Watch Handling**

Bending on Head sails Setting Standard Press Handling Standard Press Reefing Standard Press Dousing Standard Press Stations for arriving Stations for departing Stations for maneuvering Following ship's routine Clean up duties Launch and recover dories

#### **II-B Radio Terms**

Channel 16 All stations Mayday Pan-pan Securité Vessel Name

#### **II-C Knots**

Anchor (fisherman's) bend Eye splice Whipping Mousing Seizing Bowline Rolling-hitch Round turn & two half-hitches Sheet bend

#### **II-D** Anchoring

Danforth and AP/Fisherman anchors Principle of anchoring Effects of wind and current Precautions to prevent dragging

## II-E Terms and Parts of the Ship

Parts Turnbuckle Bottlescrew Spreader Deck beam Break Cap-rail Chain-plates Coamings Crosstrees Trestle trees Frame Hause-pipe Hounds Knee Mast chocks

Mast Heel Mast Truck Mast step Partners Pintel & Gudgeon Sampson post Sea-cock Stanchion Stem Transom Washboard Bosun's chair Bolt rope Cringle Grommet Hank Roach Tumbler Lacing Mitre Parrel-bead Sail cloth Sail panel Sail tabling Seam (of a sail) Head (of a sail) Clew (of a sail) Foot (of a sail) Bunt (of a sail) Leech (of a sail) Luff (of a sail) Peak (of a sail) Tack (of a sail) Throat (of a sail)

#### Terms

Bend on Bight (of a line) Broach Leeway headway Sternway Aground Fore and Aft Cardinal points Helm a' lee Helm a' weather Pinch sailing by the lee Close hauled Close reach Beam Reach Broad reach Run In irons In stays

## 12/14/2012

**II-F Rigs** Barque (Bark) Barquentine (barkentine) Brig Brigantine Cutter Full rigged ship Ketch Yawl Marconi (Bermuda) rig Gaff rig Schooner Sloop Cat Junk Lateen

#### **II-G Safety**

Shop safety Ship safety Tool safety WHIMS MSDS Muster list

#### **II-H Ship Details**

Freeboard Length Waterline (LWL) Gross Tonnage

## Grade III - Junior Officer

- 1. Complete all Grade II requirements;
- 2. Be able to teach all pertinent Grade II requirements;
- 3. Successfully complete the Marine Emergency Duties (MED) A1 & A2 courses;
- 4. Successfully complete the Restricted Operator Certificate Maritime (ROC-M) radio course;
- 5. Be able to take a MAFOR
- 6. Complete at least 20 days sailing (total, including 8 nights at sea) aboard a Sail Training Vessel after obtaining Grade II.
- 7. Complete at least 200 hours during the last winter program.
- 8. Be able to describe the actions of all personnel on board to be taken in the event of a man overboard;
- 9. Be able to describe the actions of all personnel on board to be taken in the event of a fire on board;
- 10. Be able to describe the actions of all personnel on board to be taken in the event of an abandon ship situation;
- 11. Be able to name, rig, and describe the purchases and terms listed in appendix III-A;
- 12. Be able to name and describe the sail cloth and cordage listed in appendix III-B;
- 13. Demonstrate a proficiency in marlinspike seamanship including the areas listed in appendix III-C;
- 14. Be able to demonstrate a knowledge of the rules of the road as listed in appendix III-D;
- 15. Demonstrate a proficiency in chart-work including the areas listed in appendix III-E;
- 16. Be able to describe and demonstrate precautions and actions to be taken in the event of heavy weather, including the terms listed in appendix III-F;
- 17. Be able to describe how a sail develops power, and interpret all terms and effects from items listed in appendix III-G;
- 18. Be able to describe and correctly interpret the significance of the anchoring, mooring, and docking terms listed in appendix III-H;
- 19. Be able to take and report soundings with a lead-line;
- 20. Have lead a group in the tasks listed in appendix III-I
- 21. Describe the operations listed in appendix III-J
- 22. Be able to describe and demonstrate the main aspects of rigging, engine, plumbing, and electrical equipment, including common problems, safety, and maintenance as listed in appendix III-K.
- 23. Have a knowledge of the navigational terms in appendix III-L
- 24. Demonstrate leadership, maturity and commitment appropriate to the rank.

## **Courses:**

- 1. Marine Emergency Duties A1 & A2
- 2. Restricted (Radio) Operator Certificate Maritime (ROC-M)
- 3. Marine Basic First Aid

#### **III-A Blocks & Tackle**

Single block Double block Triple block Fiddle block Snatch block Becket Cheek Eye Sheave Strop Swallow Single whip Double whip Luff purchase Double purchase Runner and tackle

#### III-B Sail Cloth & Cordage

Natural fiber cordage Synthetic cordage Hawser laid cordage Braided cordage Cable-laid cordage Wire-rope Natural fiber sail cloth Synthetic sail cloth

#### III-C Marlinspike Seamanship

Herringbone stitch Long splice Round stitch Worming Parceling Serving Bowline on a bight Back splice Short splice butterfly knot Tugboat hitch

### **III-D Rules of the Road**

Canadian buoyage system How to determine risk of collision Hot to identify stand on and give way vessels Responsibilities of stand on and give vessels Be able to identify vessels by lights and sound signals

#### **III-E Chart-work**

Understanding of charts Basic compass knowledge TVMDC Measuring distance Time/speed/distance calculations Taking and potting fixes Plotting safe courses Maintaining a log Knowledge of Publications

#### **III-F Heavy Weather**

Broaching Lying a'hull Pooping Heaving-to Reefing Trailing warps Crew exhaustion Preparation of crew Lifelines Preventers Safety Harnesses Storm sails Weather forecasts

#### III-G Sail Power & Terms

Centre of effort Centre of lateral resistance Sail balance Sail trim How sails work

#### III-H Anchoring, Mooring & Docking

Anchoring under power Anchoring under sail Lines Bollards Fendering Chafe Bottom type Dragging anchor Length of dock Propeller walk Current Depth Shelter "Springing" Steerage way Swinging room Wind Catting and stowing anchor

## 12/14/2012

III-I Bending on a sail Setting all sails Handling all sails Reefing a sail Dousing all sails Setting stations for arriving Setting stations for departing Setting stations for maneuvering Following ship's routine Clean up duties

#### III-J

Tack Gybe Wear ship Heave-to

#### **III-K Ship's Systems**

Electrical: voltage Electrical: current Electrical: frequency Electrical: batteries Electrical: battery charging Electrical: distribution system Electrical: generator Electrical: shore power Engine: air Engine: cooling Engine: exhaust Engine: fuel Engine: lubrication Engine: starting Engine: stopping Engine: ventilation Engine: winterizing Engine: Horsepower Plumbing: pumps Plumbing: through-hulls Plumbing: valves Plumbing: vents Plumbing: winterizing Steering gear

#### III-L

Latitude Longitude Variation Deviation True north Magnetic north Pelorus Sextant Parallel rulers Dividers GPS Chart 1

## Grade IV - Senior Officer (Watch Officer)

- 1. Complete all Grade III requirements;
- 2. Be able to teach all pertinent Grade III requirements;
- 3. Complete at least 30 days sailing (total, including 10 nights at sea) aboard a Sail Training Vessel since obtaining grade III;
- 4. Complete at least 200 hours of winter program training and/or maintenance in the preceding winter;
- 5. Be able to lead a watch aboard ship in the tasks listed in appendix IV-A;
- 6. Successfully complete the TCMS Simulated Electronic Navigation Limited (SEN1L) course;
- 7. Be able to, under power, complete the maneuvers listed in appendix IV-B;
- 8. Be able to, under sail, complete the maneuvers listed in appendix IV-B;
- 9. Demonstrate the ability to communicate effectively with subordinate and superior officers, and correctly uphold their responsibilities in the chain of command;
- 10. Demonstrate the ability to take charge of a deck watch at sea, during both day & night, in all weather, and act in a safe and seaman-like manner in this capacity.

### **Courses:**

1. Simulated Electronic Navigation (SEN1L)

## **IV-A Watch Handling**

Bending on sail Setting all sail Handling all sail Reefing all sail Dousing all sail Stations for arriving Stations for departing Stations for maneuvering Following ship's routine Clean up duties

### **IV-B** Maneuvers

Approach a dock Approach an anchorage Secure alongside a dock Anchor Leave a dock Weigh anchor

## Grade V - Executive Officer

- 1. Complete all Grade IV requirements;
- 2. Be able to teach all pertinent Grade IV requirements;
- 3. Complete at least 200 hours (total) of winter program training and/or maintenance in the preceding winter;
- 4. Demonstrate a knowledge of section A-VIII of the STCW Code;
- 5. Demonstrate a knowledge of the emergency plan terms and expressions listed in appendix V-A;
- 6. Be able to describe the meteorological terms and expressions listed in appendix V-B, and correctly interpret their effects for the Great Lakes area;
- 7. Demonstrate an understanding of the fundamentals of watertight integrity including the terms and expressions listed in appendix V-C;
- 8. Demonstrate a working knowledge of stability and damaged stability data supplied to small vessels integrity including the terms and expressions listed in appendix V-D;
- 9. Demonstrate a knowledge of the pollution prevention requirements including the terms and expressions listed in appendix V-E;
- 10. Demonstrate a knowledge of the responsibilities and duties of a chief mate when joining a vessel;
- 11. Demonstrate a knowledge of parts 2 and 3 of the Marine Personnel Regulations;
- 12. Demonstrate a knowledge of the regulations concerning life-saving and fire-fighting appliances;
- 13. Obtain the applicable Transport Canada mates certificate.
- 14. Demonstrate leadership, maturity and commitment appropriate to the rank.

#### **V-A Evacuation Plans**

Muster list and emergency instructions The concept of dividing the crew into teams Knowledge of the composition of emergency teams Communication links between emergency teams The importance of drills and training Knowledge of specific duties to assign to crew members Pre-departure safety orientation The need to communicate effectively Personnel management during an emergency Procedures for vessel's evacuation Rescuing persons and assisting vessels in distress

#### **V-B Meteorology**

Cloud formations & patterns Barometric pressure Precipitation Temperature Thunderstorms Visibility Weather forecasts Weather systems Wind direction Wind strength Beaufort scale

#### V-C Watertight Integrity & Heavy Weather

Securing watertight hatches, doors and scuttles Lowering and securing weights onboard Ensuring that freeing arrangements are functional Monitoring water detection in compartments Actions to be taken in case of water ingress Actions to be taken in case of vessel becoming disabled Heavy weather boat handling How to prevent ice accretion Actions to be taken if ice starts to accumulate

#### **V-D** Stability

Effect of trainees gathering on one side of the vessel Understanding of ship's plans and specifications Stiff and tender ships Effects of reduction in freeboard on stability Effects of reduction in freeboard on seaworthiness

#### **V-E Pollution**

Precautions to be taken during fueling Statutory requirements to report pollution incidents Precautions to be taken to prevent pollution Action to be taken in response to pollution incidents Types of pollution